

Hawaii MPJE Practice Test (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

Copyright © 2026 by Examzify - A Kaluba Technologies Inc. product.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

No part of this book may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means, graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, web distribution, taping, or by any information storage retrieval system, without the written permission of the author.

Notice: Examzify makes every reasonable effort to obtain accurate, complete, and timely information about this product from reliable sources.

SAMPLE

Table of Contents

Copyright	1
Table of Contents	2
Introduction	3
How to Use This Guide	4
Questions	5
Answers	8
Explanations	10
Next Steps	16

SAMPLE

Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

SAMPLE

- 1. When must a license renewal be postmarked?**
 - A. No later than Dec 31 of the odd numbered year**
 - B. By January 15 of even numbered years**
 - C. Within 60 days of expiration**
 - D. Before the end of March in any year**
- 2. How long is the Emergency Contraception Collaborative Agreement valid for?**
 - A. 1 year**
 - B. 2 years**
 - C. 6 months**
 - D. indefinite**
- 3. How long does a pharmacist have to deliver the emergency contraception agreement to the Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs after execution?**
 - A. 3 days**
 - B. 7 days**
 - C. 10 days**
 - D. 14 days**
- 4. What is the significance of the term 'Pseudofed' in a pharmacy context?**
 - A. Restricted medication**
 - B. OTC medication for cold**
 - C. A controlled substance**
 - D. Prescription-only medication**
- 5. What must be reported to the Board within 10 days?**
 - A. Change of address**
 - B. Change in ownership**
 - C. Change in application information**
 - D. Change of supervising pharmacist**

6. How many Board members reside in Honolulu?

- A. 2**
- B. 3**
- C. 4**
- D. 5**

7. How soon must a pharmacy receive a written prescription after an oral emergency C2 fill?

- A. 24 hours**
- B. 3 days**
- C. 5 days**
- D. 7 days**

8. Under Hawaii law, how is an intern pharmacist supervised?

- A. By a registered pharmacist**
- B. By a pharmacy technician**
- C. By a pharmacy intern**
- D. By a pharmacist in training**

9. What is the primary purpose of continuing education for pharmacists?

- A. To maintain licensure**
- B. To enhance patient care and safety**
- C. To stay updated on industry trends**
- D. All of the above**

10. For how long is long term detoxification treatment?

- A. less than 30 days**
- B. more than 30 days but less than 90 days**
- C. more than 30 days but less than 180 days**
- D. more than 60 days**

Answers

SAMPLE

- 1. A**
- 2. B**
- 3. B**
- 4. B**
- 5. C**
- 6. C**
- 7. D**
- 8. A**
- 9. D**
- 10. C**

SAMPLE

Explanations

SAMPLE

1. When must a license renewal be postmarked?

- A. No later than Dec 31 of the odd numbered year**
- B. By January 15 of even numbered years**
- C. Within 60 days of expiration**
- D. Before the end of March in any year**

The requirement for license renewal being postmarked no later than December 31 of the odd-numbered year is tied to the licensing cycle established by the regulatory body overseeing pharmacy practices in Hawaii. This date serves as a clear cutoff for maintaining a valid pharmacy license and ensuring compliance with state regulations. By designating December 31 of odd-numbered years as the deadline, the regulatory body helps to streamline the renewal process and allows for a systematic schedule for license renewals across various healthcare professions. This creates predictability and organization for both the practitioners and the oversight agencies, facilitating efficient record-keeping and enforcement of licensing laws. Other options such as providing a deadline of January 15, a span of 60 days from expiration, or a date before the end of March do not align with the established guidelines for licensure in Hawaii. These other timeframes do not ensure that all renewals occur in a uniform cycle which is a crucial aspect for licensing management.

2. How long is the Emergency Contraception Collaborative Agreement valid for?

- A. 1 year**
- B. 2 years**
- C. 6 months**
- D. indefinite**

The Emergency Contraception Collaborative Agreement is valid for a duration of two years. This is important as it establishes a clear timeline for the validity of the agreement under which pharmacists can provide emergency contraception services. Such agreements are designed to ensure that pharmacists are operating within a legal framework that allows them to deliver essential healthcare services, particularly in providing timely access to emergency contraception. The two-year duration allows for periodic reassessment of the agreement to ensure compliance with any updated guidelines or regulations and to ensure that pharmacists maintain the necessary training and competencies associated with delivering such care.

3. How long does a pharmacist have to deliver the emergency contraception agreement to the Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs after execution?

- A. 3 days**
- B. 7 days**
- C. 10 days**
- D. 14 days**

The correct timeframe for delivering the emergency contraception agreement to the Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs is indeed 7 days. This requirement is part of the regulatory framework that ensures compliance and accountability within pharmacy practices regarding the provision of emergency contraception. By mandating a 7-day delivery timeline, the regulation facilitates prompt communication with regulatory authorities, thereby maintaining an updated record of agreements and promoting public health standards. This time constraint allows for timely processing and oversight, which is crucial in ensuring the safe and responsible dispensing of emergency contraception. Following this regulation is paramount for pharmacists to remain compliant and uphold their professional responsibilities in managing public health matters.

4. What is the significance of the term 'Pseudafed' in a pharmacy context?

- A. Restricted medication**
- B. OTC medication for cold**
- C. A controlled substance**
- D. Prescription-only medication**

The term 'Pseudafed' refers to a brand name for the over-the-counter (OTC) medication pseudoephedrine, which is commonly used as a decongestant to relieve nasal or sinus congestion. This medication is frequently found in cough and cold formulations and is widely available to consumers without a prescription, making it significant in the pharmacy context as an accessible treatment for colds and allergies. While pseudoephedrine does have certain restrictions due to its potential use in the illicit production of methamphetamine, it is classified as an OTC medication, which means consumers can purchase it without a doctor's prescription, albeit within specific limits on the quantity. This distinguishes it from controlled substances or prescription-only medications that require a prescription for dispensing and typically have stricter regulations. Therefore, identifying Pseudafed as an OTC medication for cold makes it clear that it plays an important role in treating common cold symptoms and contributes to understanding the pharmaceutical landscape surrounding such medications.

5. What must be reported to the Board within 10 days?

- A. Change of address
- B. Change in ownership
- C. Change in application information**
- D. Change of supervising pharmacist

The requirement to report changes in application information to the Board within 10 days is critical to maintaining up-to-date and accurate records. Application information includes essential details that ensure compliance with state laws and regulations governing pharmacy practice. Such information can encompass changes in business structure, significant personnel changes, or alterations in practice that affect the pharmacy's operation or compliance status. Timely reporting allows the Board to effectively monitor and regulate pharmacy practices, ensuring that all pharmacies operate within the legal framework and maintain a high standard of care. This helps protect public health by ensuring that pharmacists are qualified and that the pharmacies comply with applicable laws. In contrast, while changes in address, ownership, or supervising pharmacist may be important, they do not necessarily fall under the same reporting window of 10 days as dictated by the specific requirements for application information. Each state has its own regulations specifying what must be reported and the timeframe for doing so, and understanding these nuances is crucial for compliance.

6. How many Board members reside in Honolulu?

- A. 2
- B. 3
- C. 4**
- D. 5

The Board of Pharmacy in Hawaii consists of members who play a critical role in the governance and operation of pharmacy-related regulations and practices within the state. Among its members, the requirement is that a specific number of them must reside in Honolulu, the capital city. In this case, the correct answer signifies that there are four Board members who reside in Honolulu, reflecting the concentration of regulatory responsibilities and the importance of having representation from the capital where many state functions are centralized. This structure helps ensure that the Board remains connected to the regulatory environment and issues pertinent to the state's largest urban area. The presence of multiple Board members in Honolulu may also contribute to more effective communication and decision-making regarding pharmacy practices throughout the state. Understanding the composition and residency of the Board members supports the effective governance of pharmacy in Hawaii and emphasizes the significance of local representation in regulatory bodies.

7. How soon must a pharmacy receive a written prescription after an oral emergency C2 fill?

- A. 24 hours**
- B. 3 days**
- C. 5 days**
- D. 7 days**

In the context of emergency situations regarding controlled substances, federal regulations allow for a pharmacy to dispense a Schedule II medication based on an oral prescription if certain criteria are met. When a pharmacist receives an oral prescription for a Schedule II drug during an emergency, they are required to obtain a written prescription to validate the oral order. The written prescription must be received by the pharmacy within a specific timeframe to comply with legal mandates. For emergency fills of Schedule II prescriptions, the pharmacy must receive the written prescription no later than seven days after the oral order. This requirement ensures that there is proper documentation and accountability for controlled substances, which are more strictly regulated due to their potential for abuse and dependency. If the pharmacy does not receive the written prescription within this seven-day window, they must report the incident to the DEA and may have to take additional actions regarding the oral prescription. Understanding these timelines is crucial for pharmacy professionals to ensure compliance with both federal and state regulations regarding controlled substances.

8. Under Hawaii law, how is an intern pharmacist supervised?

- A. By a registered pharmacist**
- B. By a pharmacy technician**
- C. By a pharmacy intern**
- D. By a pharmacist in training**

In Hawaii, an intern pharmacist is required to be supervised by a registered pharmacist. This supervision is essential to ensure that the intern is adhering to the standards of practice, receiving proper guidance, and is compliant with state regulations. The registered pharmacist is responsible for overseeing the intern's activities, providing mentorship, and ensuring that all tasks performed by the intern are within the legal scope of pharmacy practice. This relationship is foundational for the intern's professional development and helps prepare them for their future role as licensed pharmacists. Different roles like pharmacy technicians, pharmacy interns, or pharmacists in training do not fulfill the supervision requirement as mandated by the law, ensuring that only a registered pharmacist carries the responsibility of oversight and accountability for the actions of the intern.

9. What is the primary purpose of continuing education for pharmacists?

- A. To maintain licensure**
- B. To enhance patient care and safety**
- C. To stay updated on industry trends**
- D. All of the above**

The primary purpose of continuing education for pharmacists encompasses several important aspects, each contributing to professional development and effective practice. Continuing education is crucial for maintaining licensure, as regulatory bodies often require pharmacists to complete a specific number of education hours to renew their licenses. This ensures that pharmacists stay current with evolving legal requirements and standards of practice. Additionally, enhancing patient care and safety is a vital component of continuing education. Through ongoing training, pharmacists gain knowledge about new medications, treatment protocols, and best practices, which aid in improving outcomes for patients. This focus on patient care ensures that pharmacists can provide up-to-date and evidence-based information, which is crucial for informed decision-making. Furthermore, staying updated on industry trends is essential for pharmacists to remain competitive and effective in their roles. The pharmaceutical field is constantly evolving, with new therapies, technologies, and regulations. Continuing education allows pharmacists to be aware of these changes and understand how they impact their practice, ultimately leading to better service for patients and healthcare teams. Therefore, the correct answer encompasses the multiple dimensions of the role of continuing education in the pharmacy profession, making it evident that all these factors are intertwined in the primary purpose of continuing education for pharmacists.

10. For how long is long term detoxification treatment?

- A. less than 30 days**
- B. more than 30 days but less than 90 days**
- C. more than 30 days but less than 180 days**
- D. more than 60 days**

Long-term detoxification treatment typically refers to a structured program designed to support individuals in managing withdrawal symptoms and achieving stabilization from substance use over an extended period. The specific timeframe for what constitutes "long-term" detoxification is generally acknowledged to be more than 30 days, reflecting the need for a sustained period to adequately support recovery and adjust to the absence of the substance. Selecting the option indicating that long-term detoxification treatment lasts more than 30 days but less than 180 days aligns with the standards that govern detoxification protocols, particularly concerning the necessity of time for comprehensive care in cases of substance use disorders. This duration allows healthcare providers to carefully monitor the patient's progress, provide necessary medical interventions, and implement therapeutic measures effectively. The options indicating less than 30 days or focusing on durations such as 60 days are not applicable within the context of long-term detoxification, as they either underestimate the necessary time for effective treatment or stray from established treatment frameworks in addiction medicine.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://hawaiimpje.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

SAMPLE