

# Future Soldier Training Practice Test (Sample)

## Study Guide



**Everything you need from our exam experts!**

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# Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

**Remember:** successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

# How to Use This Guide

**This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:**

## **1. Start with a Diagnostic Review**

**Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.**

## **2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions**

**Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.**

## **3. Learn from the Explanations**

**After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.**

## **4. Track Your Progress**

**Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.**

## **5. Simulate the Real Exam**

**Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.**

## **6. Repeat and Review**

**Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.**

**There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!**

## Questions

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- 1. What are the two main fracture categories?**
  - A. Open and Closed**
  - B. Closed and Open**
  - C. Simple and Complex**
  - D. Hairline and Comminuted**
  
- 2. Which category describes weapons such as M16A1 and AK-47 in the SALUTE Report: Equipment?**
  - A. Types of Weapons**
  - B. Types of Vehicles**
  - C. Types of Gear**
  - D. Types of Aircraft**
  
- 3. How can you identify a hill on a map?**
  - A. Contour lines forming closed circles**
  - B. Contour lines forming closed circles and a central hilltop dot**
  - C. A single blue line**
  - D. A dashed boundary**
  
- 4. Which statement reflects a listed Army Core Value in context of doing what is right?**
  - A. Integrity- do what is right**
  - B. Respect - treat others with dignity and respect**
  - C. Duty - fulfill your obligations**
  - D. Personal courage - face fear danger or adversity**
  
- 5. Which letter is associated with the phonetic name Oscar?**
  - A. Tango**
  - B. Echo**
  - C. India**
  - D. Oscar**
  
- 6. What does WORD AFTER instruct you to do?**
  - A. Refer to the word that preceded this instruction.**
  - B. Refer to the word of the message that follows.**
  - C. Repeat the entire message.**
  - D. Identify the caller's unit.**

- 7. What is the spoken form for 1000, according to the examples?**
- A. One thousand**
  - B. Ten hundred**
  - C. Ten o'clock**
  - D. One zero zero zero**
- 8. Which statement describes the Core Value of personal courage as listed?**
- A. Face fear, danger, or adversity**
  - B. Always stay in your comfort zone**
  - C. Avoid risk at all times**
  - D. Never disagree with a superior**
- 9. Which category would you use to classify HUMVEEs and tanks?**
- A. Types of Weapons**
  - B. Types of Gear**
  - C. Types of Vehicles**
  - D. Types of Aircraft**
- 10. In the levels of alertness, what does A indicate?**
- A. Alert casualty has open eyes and will talk to you reasonably.**
  - B. Awake but not talking**
  - C. Anxious and restless**
  - D. Unresponsive and unconscious**

## Answers

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1. A
2. A
3. D
4. A
5. D
6. B
7. B
8. A
9. C
10. A

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## **Explanations**

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## 1. What are the two main fracture categories?

- A. Open and Closed**
- B. Closed and Open**
- C. Simple and Complex**
- D. Hairline and Comminuted**

Fractures are categorized by whether the skin over the injury is broken. An open fracture means the bone breaks the skin, creating a wound and exposing the fracture to contaminants, which raises infection risk and often requires urgent cleaning, antibiotics, and careful management. A closed fracture keeps the skin intact, so there's no external wound, though the bone is still broken and may need immobilization and imaging to check alignment. This skin-based distinction is the primary way clinicians classify fractures and guides initial treatment decisions. The other terms describe how the bone breaks or the complexity of the injury (patterns like hairline or comminuted, or terms like simple and complex), but they do not define the main split in skin integrity.

## 2. Which category describes weapons such as M16A1 and AK-47 in the SALUTE Report: Equipment?

- A. Types of Weapons**
- B. Types of Vehicles**
- C. Types of Gear**
- D. Types of Aircraft**

In a SALUTE report, Equipment is grouped into subtypes that describe what kind of item is being reported: weapons, gear, vehicles, or aircraft. The M16A1 and AK-47 are firearms designed for combat, so they fall under the weapon category. They're not vehicles, not general gear, and not aircraft, which makes "Types of Weapons" the best fit. If you were reporting gear like helmets or rations, or vehicles like jeeps, or aircraft like helicopters, those would be categorized differently, but firearms belong with other weapons.

## 3. How can you identify a hill on a map?

- A. Contour lines forming closed circles**
- B. Contour lines forming closed circles and a central hilltop dot**
- C. A single blue line**
- D. A dashed boundary**

Contour lines show elevation, and when they form closed rings, they indicate elevated terrain like a hill. As you move toward the center of those closed loops, the elevation typically increases, signaling a peak. Some maps also mark the exact hilltop with a dot and height, which helps pinpoint the summit. A single blue line, on the other hand, represents a water feature such as a river or stream, not a hill. A dashed boundary marks a political or administrative border, which also does not reveal terrain features. So the telltale sign of a hill is contour lines that close in on themselves to form concentric loops with rising elevation toward the center (often with a hilltop dot for the peak).

**4. Which statement reflects a listed Army Core Value in context of doing what is right?**

- A. Integrity- do what is right**
- B. Respect - treat others with dignity and respect**
- C. Duty - fulfill your obligations**
- D. Personal courage - face fear danger or adversity**

Integrity is the value that centers on doing what is right, legally and morally, even when no one is watching or when it's inconvenient. It means being honest, trustworthy, and upholding ethical standards in every action, taking responsibility for your choices and staying true to your words. In practice, integrity guides decisions like telling the truth, admitting mistakes, keeping promises, and avoiding shortcuts that would compromise safety or ethics. The other values—respect, duty, and personal courage—are essential as well, but they describe different aspects of conduct (treating others with dignity; fulfilling obligations; facing fear or adversity) rather than the explicit commitment to doing what is right in all circumstances.

**5. Which letter is associated with the phonetic name Oscar?**

- A. Tango**
- B. Echo**
- C. India**
- D. Oscar**

In radio communications, the NATO phonetic alphabet assigns a unique code word to each letter to avoid confusion when spelling things aloud. Oscar is the code word for the letter O. So the correct match is Oscar corresponding to O. The other code words shown—Tango, Echo, and India—represent T, E, and I, which are different from O.

**6. What does WORD AFTER instruct you to do?**

- A. Refer to the word that preceded this instruction.**
- B. Refer to the word of the message that follows.**
- C. Repeat the entire message.**
- D. Identify the caller's unit.**

When you see a directive like WORD AFTER, you follow to the word that comes immediately after that instruction in the same sentence. It means the target is the next word, not something earlier or the whole message. In this sentence, the word that immediately follows the phrase WORD AFTER is the word you should refer to, so the instruction points to the word that follows. That matches the choice describing to refer to the word of the message that follows.

7. What is the spoken form for 1000, according to the examples?

- A. One thousand
- B. Ten hundred**
- C. Ten o'clock
- D. One zero zero zero

When numbers are read aloud, we group digits in threes and name each group with a scale like thousand, million, etc. For 1000, there's one unit in the thousands place and nothing else, so the natural spoken form is "one thousand." Saying "ten hundred" is technically equal in value, but it isn't the usual way we say numbers in everyday English. The option that sounds like a time, "ten o'clock," refers to a clock time, not a number. Reading the digits individually as "one zero zero zero" is a digit-by-digit reading used in specific contexts, not the standard name of the number. Therefore, the correct spoken form is "one thousand."

8. Which statement describes the Core Value of personal courage as listed?

- A. Face fear, danger, or adversity**
- B. Always stay in your comfort zone
- C. Avoid risk at all times
- D. Never disagree with a superior

Personal courage means confronting fear, danger, or adversity and choosing to act rightly despite that fear. The statement "Facing fear, danger, or adversity" captures that willingness to take action when risks are present, which is the essence of personal courage. The other options describe avoiding risk, staying in your comfort zone, or simply deferring to authority without question—behaviors that do not embody courage because they avoid or surrender to risk rather than facing it.

9. Which category would you use to classify HUMVEEs and tanks?

- A. Types of Weapons
- B. Types of Gear
- C. Types of Vehicles**
- D. Types of Aircraft

Focus on how these items move and operate. HUMVEEs and tanks are ground-based, self-propelled machines used for moving and fighting on land. That makes them vehicles—the category that groups things by their mobility platform. They aren't weapons themselves in terms of armament, nor are they personal gear, and they aren't aircraft since they don't fly. So the best category for both is Types of Vehicles.

**10. In the levels of alertness, what does A indicate?**

**A. Alert casualty has open eyes and will talk to you reasonably.**

**B. Awake but not talking**

**C. Anxious and restless**

**D. Unresponsive and unconscious**

Being alert means the casualty is awake, aware, and responsive. When someone is alert, their eyes are open and they can carry on a conversation with you reasonably well. That indicates they can understand questions, follow directions, and communicate their needs, showing their airway and basic mental function are intact enough for interaction and assessment. The other states describe lower levels of responsiveness: awake but not talking signals conscious but not engaging verbally, which means they're not fully alert; anxious and restless points to agitation rather than a calm, responsive state; unresponsive and unconscious means no response at all, which is far from alert and requires immediate life support. So, the description of an alert casualty—eyes open and able to talk reasonably—best matches what being alert looks like.

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## Next Steps

**Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.**

**As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.**

**If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at [hello@examzify.com](mailto:hello@examzify.com).**

**Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:**

**<https://futuresoldiertraining.examzify.com>**

**We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!**

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