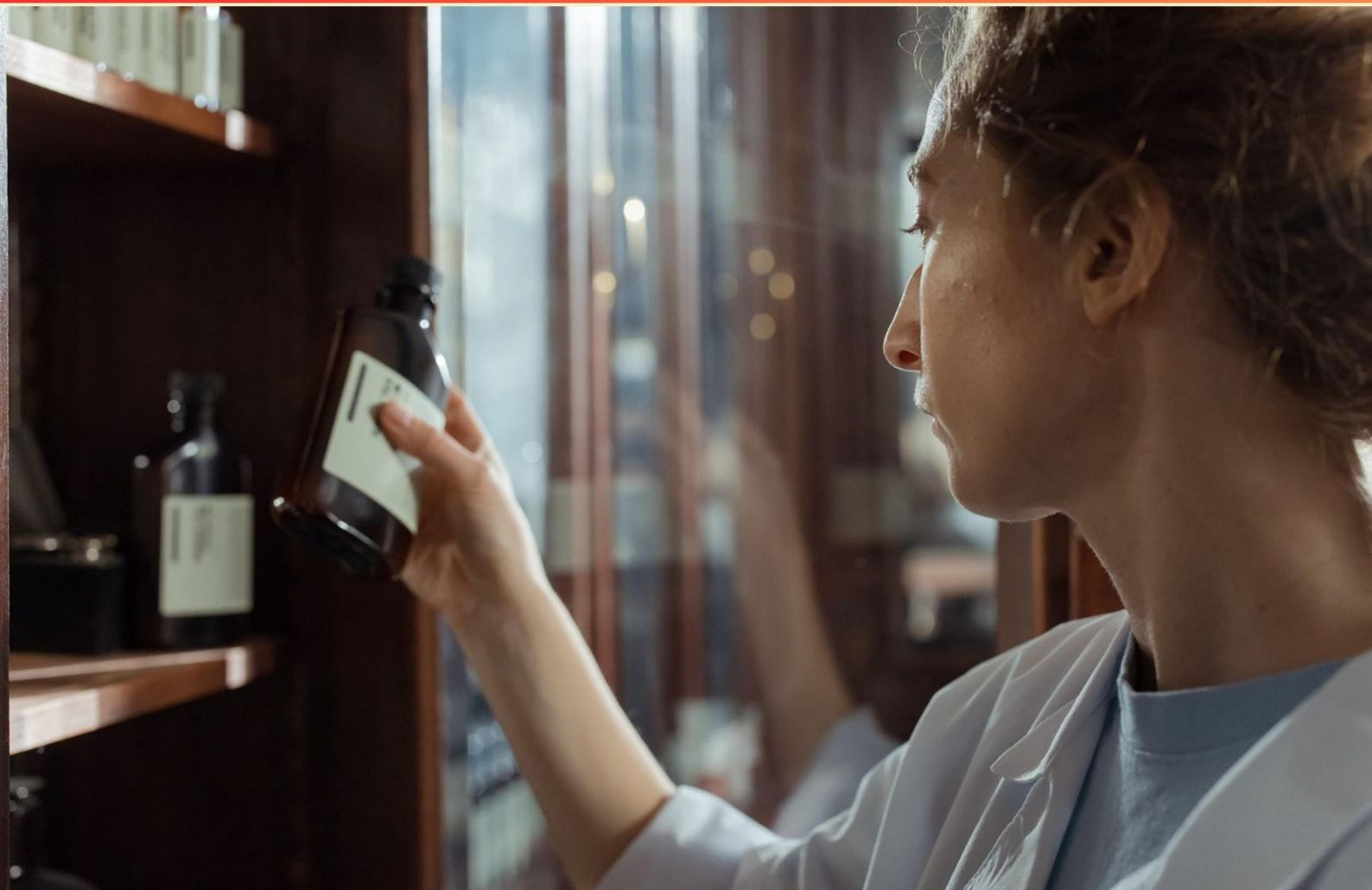


FLORIDA LICENSED DISPENSER PRACTICE EXAM (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS

VISIT US ONLINE FOR
THE FULL VERSION STUDY GUIDE

<https://floridalicenseddispenser.examzify.com>



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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

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- 1. How many feet around the dispensing unit must be kept free of combustible materials?**
 - A. 5 feet
 - B. 10 feet
 - C. 15 feet
 - D. 20 feet
- 2. Is the float gauge a suitable method for filling propane containers?**
 - A. Yes, it is highly recommended
 - B. No, it should not be used for this purpose
 - C. Only under supervision
 - D. Yes, but only for small containers
- 3. How are container capacities for ASME tanks expressed?**
 - A. In pounds of propane
 - B. In maximum water gallons
 - C. In cubic feet
 - D. In liters
- 4. In what position is a propane container ideally transported?**
 - A. Horizontal position
 - B. Upright position
 - C. Inverted position
 - D. Any position is acceptable
- 5. At what oxygen-deficient atmosphere percentage does poor judgment and blue lips occur?**
 - A. 6-8%
 - B. 10-12%
 - C. 12-14%
 - D. 4-6%

- 6. Which feature is crucial for access doors to propane valves in RVs?**
- A. They must be able to be locked
 - B. They should provide immediate access
 - C. They must require special tools for security
 - D. They must be located away from oxygen sources
- 7. If you detect a propane leak, who should you contact for assistance?**
- A. Local fire department
 - B. Your gas supplier
 - C. Emergency services
 - D. A neighbor
- 8. What information can a fixed liquid level gauge provide?**
- A. The temperature of the liquid inside
 - B. The type of gas within the container
 - C. When the container is 80% full
 - D. The pressure levels of the gas
- 9. What must be ensured when marking containers that have passed inspections?**
- A. All must be marked with the same color
 - B. Must contain safety warnings
 - C. Must include the RIN with specified details
 - D. Only marked by certified personnel
- 10. What is the maximum allowed capacity for a single container of propane during transport?**
- A. 50 pounds
 - B. 45 pounds
 - C. 60 pounds
 - D. 30 pounds

Answers

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1. B
2. B
3. B
4. B
5. B
6. B
7. B
8. C
9. C
10. B

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Explanations

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1. How many feet around the dispensing unit must be kept free of combustible materials?

- A. 5 feet
- B. 10 feet**
- C. 15 feet
- D. 20 feet

Keeping 10 feet around the dispensing unit free of combustible materials is critical for safety and fire prevention. This distance is established to minimize the risk of fire hazards associated with flammable substances that may be present in the dispensing area. When dispensing products that are potentially ignitable, having at least 10 feet of clearance ensures that any sparks, heat, or open flames cannot easily ignite any combustible materials that are too close. This buffer zone allows for adequate ventilation and reduces the likelihood of fire spreading, which is essential in maintaining a safe environment for both employees and customers. Adhering to this guideline is a foundational part of operational safety protocols within facilities dealing with hazardous substances.

2. Is the float gauge a suitable method for filling propane containers?

- A. Yes, it is highly recommended
- B. No, it should not be used for this purpose**
- C. Only under supervision
- D. Yes, but only for small containers

The float gauge is not a suitable method for filling propane containers due to safety concerns. Propane is a highly flammable gas, and accurate measurement is critical when filling containers to prevent overfilling, which can lead to leaks, spills, and potential explosions. The float gauge may not provide the precision required for safely filling these containers, as it could offer inaccurate readings affected by factors like temperature variations or mechanical failures. Industry standards and safety regulations emphasize the importance of using calibrated and approved equipment designed specifically for measuring propane levels reliably. Recommended methods typically include weight-based systems or other certified measuring devices that ensure adherence to safe filling practices. Overall, opting for safer, more reliable methods is essential to protect both the handlers and the environment.

3. How are container capacities for ASME tanks expressed?

- A. In pounds of propane
- B. In maximum water gallons**
- C. In cubic feet
- D. In liters

Container capacities for ASME (American Society of Mechanical Engineers) tanks are expressed in maximum water gallons. This standard is important because it provides a consistent measure that can be universally understood and is critical for safety and regulatory compliance when dealing with liquid propane or other substances stored in these tanks. The water gallon measurement is particularly relevant as it correlates with the volumetric capacity of the tank when it is filled with a liquid, ensuring that users know the maximum amount of liquid the tank can safely hold. This capacity is crucial for planning storage and transport, as well as ensuring that safety guidelines related to maximum fill levels are adhered to. In contrast, other measures like pounds of propane, cubic feet, or liters do not provide the same universally accepted standard for tank capacity as those measurements may vary based on temperature, pressure, and the type of substance being contained.

4. In what position is a propane container ideally transported?

- A. Horizontal position
- B. Upright position**
- C. Inverted position
- D. Any position is acceptable

Transporting a propane container in an upright position is essential for safety and proper functioning. When a propane tank is kept upright, the gas can escape from the pressure relief valve if necessary, and it allows the liquid propane inside to remain at the correct pressure for safe use. This positioning also minimizes the risk of leakage and facilitates easy handling. In contrast, transporting a propane container in other positions, such as horizontal or inverted, can lead to dangerous situations. For instance, when a tank is laid on its side, the liquid propane can potentially escape through the pressure relief valve or other points, posing a risk of explosion or fire. Additionally, an inverted position can create improper pressure scenarios within the tank, along with the risk of damage to the container itself. Proper protocols dictate that the container must always be transported in an upright orientation to ensure the safety of the carrier and those around them.

5. At what oxygen-deficient atmosphere percentage does poor judgment and blue lips occur?

- A. 6-8%
- B. 10-12%**
- C. 12-14%
- D. 4-6%

The correct percentage range for poor judgment and blue lips to occur in an oxygen-deficient atmosphere is indeed between 10-12%. At this level of oxygen saturation, the body's ability to perform cognitive functions begins to deteriorate, leading to a decline in judgment and coordination. Additionally, the lack of sufficient oxygen supplied to the blood can manifest visibly, such as through the bluish discoloration of lips—known as cyanosis—as a consequence of inadequate oxygenation in the tissues. In environments where oxygen levels fall into this range, individuals may experience not only impaired judgment but also a range of physiological effects that can affect their ability to operate safely and effectively. The threshold for serious symptoms typically begins to appear when oxygen levels are reduced to approximately 10-12%, which is particularly significant in safety-sensitive industries, medical settings, and emergency response scenarios. Understanding these effects is critical for those working in environments where oxygen levels could be compromised.

6. Which feature is crucial for access doors to propane valves in RVs?

- A. They must be able to be locked
- B. They should provide immediate access**
- C. They must require special tools for security
- D. They must be located away from oxygen sources

Immediate access to propane valves in RVs is vital for safety and convenience. Propane systems can experience issues that require prompt attention, such as leaks or emergencies. Easily accessible valves allow users or service personnel to quickly shut off the propane in case of an emergency or to perform necessary maintenance without delays. This accessibility ensures that the safety of the RV occupants is prioritized and that any necessary actions can be taken swiftly to mitigate risks associated with propane systems. While other features like security or location may enhance safety, the primary focus is ensuring that the valves can be reached without complications in urgent situations.

7. If you detect a propane leak, who should you contact for assistance?

- A. Local fire department
- B. Your gas supplier**
- C. Emergency services
- D. A neighbor

The correct answer emphasizes the role of your gas supplier in addressing a propane leak. Gas suppliers have specialized knowledge and resources to handle situations involving their product safely. They can provide guidance on the immediate steps you should take, assess the leak's severity, and take proper measures to ensure safety, including dispatching trained personnel to manage the leak. It's essential to contact your gas supplier because they understand the specific protocols and safety procedures relevant to propane. They can also ensure that the issue is resolved efficiently and safely while maintaining compliance with local regulations. Additionally, gas suppliers have the proper equipment and can conduct necessary repairs or replacements. While contacting the local fire department or emergency services can also be appropriate in certain contexts, particularly if the leak poses an immediate danger or creates a fire risk, the gas supplier is the designated contact for resolving issues specifically related to their gas. Reaching out to a neighbor may not provide the professional assistance necessary for safely managing a propane leak.

8. What information can a fixed liquid level gauge provide?

- A. The temperature of the liquid inside
- B. The type of gas within the container
- C. When the container is 80% full**
- D. The pressure levels of the gas

A fixed liquid level gauge is specifically designed to measure the level of liquid within a container. It provides information about how much liquid is present and can often indicate when a container reaches certain fill levels, commonly noted as a percentage of capacity. Choosing an indication of 80% full is particularly relevant, as many gauges are calibrated to provide clear visual or electronic feedback regarding liquid levels at specific thresholds. The focus of a fixed liquid level gauge is primarily on the liquid level measurement rather than other parameters. For instance, it does not give data about the temperature of the liquid, the type of gas within any container, or the pressures associated with gases. These other attributes require different measuring instruments and methodologies. By selecting 80% full, the gauge's primary function is recognized, aligning with how these devices are employed in practice to ensure safety and proper operation in handling liquids.

9. What must be ensured when marking containers that have passed inspections?

- A. All must be marked with the same color
- B. Must contain safety warnings
- C. Must include the RIN with specified details**
- D. Only marked by certified personnel

When marking containers that have passed inspections, it is essential that they include the RIN (Registration Identification Number) accompanied by the specified details. The RIN serves as a crucial identifier that ensures traceability and accountability for the material contained within. It assists in tracking compliance with regulations and maintaining records for safety and quality assurance. Certification and adherence to proper details are necessary for compliance with regulatory standards, ensuring that all information related to the material meets the established guidelines. This step enhances safety protocols by providing crucial information easily accessible to those involved in further handling or usage of the containers. The emphasis on including the RIN with specified details directly supports proper documentation practices in Florida's regulatory framework, as it provides a clear linkage to the inspection history and confirms that the container meets all relevant safety and quality standards.

10. What is the maximum allowed capacity for a single container of propane during transport?

- A. 50 pounds
- B. 45 pounds**
- C. 60 pounds
- D. 30 pounds

The correct answer reflects the regulations pertaining to the maximum allowed capacity for a single container of propane during transport, which is set at 45 pounds. This limit is put in place to ensure safety and prevent excessive weight that could pose risks during transportation. The specified weight helps maintain appropriate handling procedures and minimizes potential hazards associated with the transport of propane, which is a flammable substance. Understanding the maximum weight is critical not only for compliance with transport regulations but also for ensuring the safe and effective handling of propane cylinders in various settings. Proper training on these limitations can help avoid accidents and ensure that all safety protocols are followed during the movement of propane containers.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://floridalicenseddispenser.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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