

EAQ Leadership/Management: Disaster Planning Practice Test (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

This is a sample study guide. To access the full version with hundreds of questions,

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Don't worry about getting everything right, your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations, and take breaks to retain information better.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning.

7. Use Other Tools

Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly — adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

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Questions

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- 1. What are some common types of disasters that healthcare facilities should prepare for?**
 - A. Only man-made disasters**
 - B. Natural disasters, pandemics, and man-made disasters**
 - C. Financial crises and computer failures**
 - D. Political disputes and social unrest**

- 2. What system is used to determine the number of casualties a hospital can accept during a disaster?**
 - A. Patient tracking database**
 - B. Automated tracking system**
 - C. Manual charting system**
 - D. Emergency response plan**

- 3. What does an After-Action Report (AAR) summarize?**
 - A. Healthcare expenditures during disaster response**
 - B. An organization's response to a disaster, identifying successes and areas for improvement**
 - C. The number of volunteers utilized in a disaster response**
 - D. Community feedback on disaster preparedness efforts**

- 4. Which biologic agent of terrorism can be effectively treated with antibiotics?**
 - A. Smallpox**
 - B. Plague**
 - C. Botulism**
 - D. Ricins**

- 5. Which statement demonstrates effective learning about preventing PTSD during a mass casualty event?**
 - A. "I should document every intervention I perform."**
 - B. "I should take a break whenever needed."**
 - C. "I must remain available for all clients at all times."**
 - D. "I will only focus on the most critical clients."**

- 6. What kind of resources should be allocated in disaster planning?**
- A. Medical supplies, personnel, equipment, shelter, and funds for emergency response**
 - B. Only personnel and funds**
 - C. Exclusive focus on equipment and shelter**
 - D. Training programs and public awareness campaigns**
- 7. Which organization plays a significant role in disaster response and recovery efforts as identified during a hurricane flooding?**
- A. Federal Bureau of Investigation**
 - B. American Red Cross**
 - C. National Wildlife Federation**
 - D. World Health Organization**
- 8. To manage mass casualty patients effectively, which item is critical for all emergency personnel to have?**
- A. Resource lists and inventories**
 - B. Disciplinary procedures for staff**
 - C. Uniform attire for all personnel**
 - D. Job action sheets identifying roles**
- 9. What criteria should a nurse manager evaluate when altering an emergency department triage process?**
- A. Readiness of others**
 - B. Need for resources**
 - C. Evaluation of risk factors**
 - D. All of the above**
- 10. What is an essential first step in managing mass casualties during a disaster?**
- A. Performing psychological assessments**
 - B. Establishing a clear command structure**
 - C. Providing food and water for victims**
 - D. Documenting all injuries**

Answers

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1. B
2. B
3. B
4. B
5. B
6. A
7. B
8. D
9. D
10. B

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Explanations

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1. What are some common types of disasters that healthcare facilities should prepare for?

- A. Only man-made disasters
- B. Natural disasters, pandemics, and man-made disasters**
- C. Financial crises and computer failures
- D. Political disputes and social unrest

The choice highlighting natural disasters, pandemics, and man-made disasters stands out as the most comprehensive option for healthcare facilities' disaster preparedness. These categories encompass a wide array of potential crises that can severely impact healthcare operations and patient safety. Natural disasters such as hurricanes, earthquakes, and floods can cause immediate and widespread damage, necessitating robust emergency plans that ensure patient care continuity and facility integrity. Pandemics like COVID-19 have shown the critical need for healthcare systems to adapt quickly to a surge in patients and the spread of infectious diseases, requiring specific protocols to protect patients and staff. Man-made disasters, including acts of terrorism or industrial accidents, also demand preparedness efforts as they can compromise facility security and the safety of individuals within it. By preparing for these three major categories of disasters, healthcare facilities can significantly enhance their capacity to respond effectively and safeguard health outcomes during emergencies. In contrast, other options such as financial crises or political disputes, while significant, do not directly relate to the immediate health and safety concerns that are paramount in disaster planning within healthcare environments. Therefore, it is essential to focus on the types of disasters that could most directly and severely affect operations and patient care.

2. What system is used to determine the number of casualties a hospital can accept during a disaster?

- A. Patient tracking database
- B. Automated tracking system**
- C. Manual charting system
- D. Emergency response plan

The use of an automated tracking system in determining the number of casualties a hospital can accept during a disaster is crucial due to its efficiency and real-time capabilities. This type of system allows for the quick input and management of large volumes of data regarding patients, available resources, and staff assignments. In the context of a disaster, where time is of the essence, an automated system can swiftly calculate bed availability, patient needs, and prioritize care based on the severity of injuries. An automated tracking system enables hospitals to respond dynamically to changing situations, making it easier to adjust to an influx of patients, ensuring that emergency resources are allocated where they are needed most. This real-time data processing helps to streamline operations and facilitates communication among medical staff, which is vital in disaster scenarios when every second counts. It ensures that hospitals can optimize patient care while effectively managing their capacity during overwhelming situations.

3. What does an After-Action Report (AAR) summarize?

- A. Healthcare expenditures during disaster response
- B. An organization's response to a disaster, identifying successes and areas for improvement**
- C. The number of volunteers utilized in a disaster response
- D. Community feedback on disaster preparedness efforts

The After-Action Report (AAR) serves as a critical tool for organizations to analyze their response to a disaster. It summarizes the entire process of response, detailing what was done well and identifying areas where improvements are necessary. This reflection not only helps in recognizing successful strategies and tactics but also provides valuable insights into challenges faced, gaps in response capabilities, and operational weaknesses that may have been revealed during the disaster event. By focusing on both successes and areas for improvement, the AAR helps organizations refine their disaster response plans, bolster training initiatives, and enhance coordination among response teams for future incidents. This comprehensive analysis is crucial for continuous improvement in emergency management and fosters accountability and transparency within organizations. The other options do represent relevant aspects of disaster management but do not encapsulate the holistic nature of the After-Action Report. The AAR is specifically concerned with the overall organizational response rather than just financial expenditures, volunteer statistics, or community feedback. These elements, while important, are parts of a broader picture that the AAR aims to capture and evaluate comprehensively.

4. Which biologic agent of terrorism can be effectively treated with antibiotics?

- A. Smallpox
- B. Plague**
- C. Botulism
- D. Ricins

The biologic agent of terrorism that can be effectively treated with antibiotics is plague. Caused by the bacterium *Yersinia pestis*, plague has been historically recognized as a serious infectious disease that can be transmitted to humans through infected animals or their fleas. Antibiotics such as streptomycin, doxycycline, or ciprofloxacin can effectively treat the plague, especially when administered early in the course of the infection. The ability to treat plague with antibiotics highlights the importance of rapid identification and intervention in cases of biological terrorism, where timely medical response can significantly reduce morbidity and mortality. In contrast, smallpox, caused by the variola virus, does not have an effective antibiotic treatment since it is a viral infection. Similarly, botulism is related to botulinum toxin produced by *Clostridium botulinum*, and while antitoxin exists, antibiotics are not effective against the toxin itself. Ricin, derived from castor beans, is a toxin rather than a bacterial infection and is not treatable with antibiotics. This distinction emphasizes the unique characteristics of plague as a bacterial agent that can be managed with antibiotic therapy.

5. Which statement demonstrates effective learning about preventing PTSD during a mass casualty event?

- A. "I should document every intervention I perform."**
- B. "I should take a break whenever needed."**
- C. "I must remain available for all clients at all times."**
- D. "I will only focus on the most critical clients."**

Taking breaks during a mass casualty event is essential for maintaining both mental and emotional well-being. Continuous exposure to traumatic events can lead to increased stress levels and ultimately contribute to the development of PTSD. By recognizing the need to take breaks, an individual demonstrates an understanding of self-care, which is crucial in preventing burnout and stress-related disorders. The ability to pause and recharge allows for better decision-making, more effective engagement with clients, and overall improved outcomes in a high-stress situation. This approach reflects a comprehensive awareness of the importance of balancing care for others with personal self-care, which is a vital aspect of preventing long-term psychological impacts.

6. What kind of resources should be allocated in disaster planning?

- A. Medical supplies, personnel, equipment, shelter, and funds for emergency response**
- B. Only personnel and funds**
- C. Exclusive focus on equipment and shelter**
- D. Training programs and public awareness campaigns**

Allocating resources effectively in disaster planning is crucial for a comprehensive and successful emergency response. The correct answer emphasizes a well-rounded approach that includes medical supplies, personnel, equipment, shelter, and funds for emergency response. Medical supplies are vital for addressing immediate health needs and trauma after a disaster occurs. Personnel, which may include healthcare providers, first responders, and trained volunteers, ensure that there are enough experts available to assist in managing the crisis effectively. Equipment, such as rescue tools, communication devices, and medical apparatus, is essential for carrying out rescue operations and providing care. Shelter is also a critical resource, as displaced individuals require safe and secure locations to stay during a disaster recovery phase. Furthermore, having funds allocated for emergency response enables agencies to act swiftly, procure necessary resources, and ensure that all other components of the disaster plan are fully supported. This comprehensive allocation of resources not only addresses immediate needs but also prepares for longer-term recovery efforts, making it the most effective strategy in disaster planning. By integrating all these elements, a disaster response can be more coordinated, efficient, and capable of addressing the complex challenges that arise in emergencies.

7. Which organization plays a significant role in disaster response and recovery efforts as identified during a hurricane flooding?

- A. Federal Bureau of Investigation**
- B. American Red Cross**
- C. National Wildlife Federation**
- D. World Health Organization**

The American Red Cross plays a significant role in disaster response and recovery efforts, particularly during incidents such as hurricane flooding. The organization is well-known for its commitment to providing emergency assistance, disaster relief, and education in the United States. In the context of hurricanes, the Red Cross mobilizes quickly to help affected populations by offering shelter, food, and medical assistance, as well as facilitating recovery efforts afterward. Their trained volunteers and extensive network allow them to efficiently coordinate responses and support communities in crisis. The other organizations listed have different primary focuses. For instance, while the Federal Bureau of Investigation addresses crime and national security, it does not directly engage in disaster recovery efforts related to natural disasters. The National Wildlife Federation is mainly concerned with wildlife conservation and environmental issues rather than direct disaster response. The World Health Organization primarily focuses on global health initiatives and disease prevention rather than emergency disaster response specific to natural disasters like hurricanes. These distinctions highlight why the American Red Cross is uniquely positioned to play a crucial role in disaster scenarios.

8. To manage mass casualty patients effectively, which item is critical for all emergency personnel to have?

- A. Resource lists and inventories**
- B. Disciplinary procedures for staff**
- C. Uniform attire for all personnel**
- D. Job action sheets identifying roles**

Having job action sheets that clearly identify roles is critical for emergency personnel managing mass casualty patients. In a disaster scenario, where multiple individuals may be involved in the response, clarity in roles and responsibilities helps ensure an organized and efficient operation. These sheets provide guidance on specific tasks associated with each role, enabling responders to act promptly and without confusion. This is essential in high-stress environments where every second counts, as it streamlines communication and coordination among team members, thereby improving patient outcomes. While resource lists and inventories can be useful for logistics and planning, they do not address the immediate need for role definitions during active management of mass casualties. Disciplinary procedures for staff, although important for maintaining order, do not directly contribute to the effective management of a crisis. Similarly, while uniform attire can promote professionalism and easy identification, it lacks the operational importance that defined roles and responsibilities provide in the chaos of a disaster response. Therefore, job action sheets are vital for ensuring that all responders know exactly what is expected of them, facilitating a more structured and effective approach to managing mass casualties.

9. What criteria should a nurse manager evaluate when altering an emergency department triage process?

- A. Readiness of others**
- B. Need for resources**
- C. Evaluation of risk factors**
- D. All of the above**

When evaluating the criteria for altering an emergency department triage process, a comprehensive approach is essential, which is why selecting all relevant factors is crucial. The readiness of others refers to the preparedness of the staff and other healthcare professionals involved in the triage process. Their ability to adapt to changes, receive additional training, and effectively implement new processes is vital for successful transitions. The need for resources is another critical aspect. Any changes in the triage process may require additional materials, technology, or personnel to ensure efficient functioning. Assessing available resources helps identify any gaps that need to be addressed for the changes to be effective and sustainable. Evaluating risk factors involves identifying potential challenges or obstacles that could arise from implementing a new triage process. Risk assessment ensures that any changes made prioritize patient safety and improve overall outcomes by anticipating issues before they occur. Taking all of these elements into account creates a holistic approach to altering the triage process, enhancing the likelihood of successful implementation and improved patient care in the emergency department.

10. What is an essential first step in managing mass casualties during a disaster?

- A. Performing psychological assessments**
- B. Establishing a clear command structure**
- C. Providing food and water for victims**
- D. Documenting all injuries**

Establishing a clear command structure is crucial in managing mass casualties during a disaster because it ensures effective coordination among responders. A well-defined leadership framework helps streamline communication and decision-making processes, allowing for a more organized response to the crisis. In chaotic situations, having a command structure helps clarify roles and responsibilities, enabling personnel to operate efficiently and effectively under pressure. This structure is essential for prioritizing patient care, resource allocation, and overall incident management. It also facilitates collaboration among various agencies and organizations involved in the response, ensuring that everyone works towards common goals and follows established protocols. While performing psychological assessments, providing food and water, and documenting injuries are important tasks, they typically come after the initial establishment of command and control. In the immediate aftermath of a disaster, it is vital to first organize the response framework to handle the situation appropriately and maximize the effectiveness of the rescue efforts.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://eaqleadershipmgmtdisasterplanning.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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