

# Donald W. Wyatt Detention Center Week 1 Practice Test (Sample)

## Study Guide



**Everything you need from our exam experts!**

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# Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

**Remember:** successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

# How to Use This Guide

**This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:**

## **1. Start with a Diagnostic Review**

**Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.**

## **2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions**

**Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.**

## **3. Learn from the Explanations**

**After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.**

## **4. Track Your Progress**

**Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.**

## **5. Simulate the Real Exam**

**Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.**

## **6. Repeat and Review**

**Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.**

**There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!**

## Questions

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- 1. Who holds the acting Major (Chief of Security) position?**
  - A. Lieutenant Jared Kim**
  - B. Captain Jacob Sullivan**
  - C. Major Daniel Reed**
  - D. Sergeant Maria Lopez**
  
- 2. Which policy addresses Facility Organization?**
  - A. Policy 111**
  - B. Policy 601**
  - C. Policy 217**
  - D. Code Black**
  
- 3. What is the rank insignia for a Major?**
  - A. Silver Oak Leaf**
  - B. Gold Bar**
  - C. Two Gold Bars**
  - D. Gold Oak Leaf**
  
- 4. Which policy handles Staff Discipline, Employee Grievance, and Appeal?**
  - A. Policy 210**
  - B. Policy 216**
  - C. Policy 619**
  - D. Policy 201**
  
- 5. What is ICS, and why is it taught in the Week 1 context?**
  - A. Internal Communication Scheme; used for staff chat.**
  - B. Incident Command System; it provides a standardized approach to managing emergencies and incidents.**
  - C. Incident Compliance Standard; for paperwork formality.**
  - D. Integrated Counseling Service; for detainee support.**
  
- 6. Which role does Debora Borgas hold?**
  - A. Warden**
  - B. Director of Training and Staff Development**
  - C. Chief of Security**
  - D. Deputy Director**

- 7. Code White corresponds to which situation?**
- A. Medical Emergency**
  - B. Disturbance**
  - C. Bomb threat**
  - D. Escape**
- 8. What does the code 10-08 indicate?**
- A. In service, available**
  - B. Location**
  - C. Out of service**
  - D. Acknowledgement/Message Received**
- 9. Which statement best describes the purpose of the Incident Command System in facility operations?**
- A. It is only for large-scale disasters.**
  - B. It creates unique procedures for every incident.**
  - C. It provides a standardized approach to managing emergencies and incidents.**
  - D. It replaces staff roles.**
- 10. Which code corresponds to 'To Repeat'?**
- A. 10-09**
  - B. 10-01**
  - C. 10-20**
  - D. 10-02**

## Answers

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1. B
2. B
3. D
4. C
5. B
6. B
7. A
8. A
9. C
10. A

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## **Explanations**

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### 1. Who holds the acting Major (Chief of Security) position?

- A. Lieutenant Jared Kim
- B. Captain Jacob Sullivan**
- C. Major Daniel Reed
- D. Sergeant Maria Lopez

When the top security leader is unavailable, the acting position is filled by the most senior and capable officer available to maintain authority and keep operations running smoothly. Captain Jacob Sullivan fits that role because the acting Major needs enough rank and experience to supervise security staff, make crucial decisions, and uphold the chain of command until the actual Major can return. A Lieutenant or a Sergeant generally lacks the authority to oversee the entire security program at that level, even on an interim basis. The actual Major would hold the position when present, while the acting Major steps in only during absence or vacancy.

### 2. Which policy addresses Facility Organization?

- A. Policy 111
- B. Policy 601**
- C. Policy 217
- D. Code Black

Understanding how a detention facility codifies its structure is essential. Policies are organized by subject, and Facility Organization is the specific subject that lays out who does what, who reports to whom, and how the facility's units are arranged. The policy dedicated to Facility Organization directly covers the facility's chain of command, the organization chart, and the responsibilities of different positions. That direct focus on how the facility is structured makes it the best choice for addressing how the facility is organized. The other options relate to topics outside organizational structure, such as an emergency code or different policy areas, so they don't directly explain the facility's organizational setup.

### 3. What is the rank insignia for a Major?

- A. Silver Oak Leaf
- B. Gold Bar
- C. Two Gold Bars
- D. Gold Oak Leaf**

Understanding rank insignia comes down to shapes and colors that signal specific levels. For majors, the symbol is an oak leaf, and it's shown in gold. That oak leaf distinguishes majors from other ranks that use bars or different leaf shapes. A gold bar would indicate a much lower rank (like a lieutenant) in many services, and a silver oak leaf signals a different higher rank (lieutenant colonel). Two bars are associated with captains in common insignia, and those bars are typically silver rather than gold. So the gold oak leaf is the mark that identifies a major.

**4. Which policy handles Staff Discipline, Employee Grievance, and Appeal?**

- A. Policy 210
- B. Policy 216
- C. Policy 619**
- D. Policy 201

Understanding how a single policy governs staff discipline, employee grievances, and appeals helps ensure fairness and consistency in how issues are handled from start to finish. When all three elements are included in one policy, there is a clear, unified process for what happens when a disciplinary issue arises, how a staff member can raise a grievance, and how an appeal is conducted if someone questions the decision. This cohesion reduces confusion, sets consistent timelines and roles (like who investigates, who decides, and who handles the appeal), and protects rights such as confidentiality and protection from retaliation. Policy 619 is the best answer because it explicitly codifies all three components in one place. That integration ensures the procedures for discipline, grievance handling, and appeals fit together seamlessly, providing due process and predictable steps across the entire process. In contrast, other policies tend to cover separate topics or procedures, which can lead to gaps or conflicting requirements if discipline, grievances, and appeals are not brought under a single framework.

**5. What is ICS, and why is it taught in the Week 1 context?**

- A. Internal Communication Scheme; used for staff chat.
- B. Incident Command System; it provides a standardized approach to managing emergencies and incidents.**
- C. Incident Compliance Standard; for paperwork formality.
- D. Integrated Counseling Service; for detainee support.

The main idea is that the Incident Command System is a standardized way to manage emergencies and incidents. In Week 1, it's taught to give staff a clear, scalable framework for coordinating actions during any incident, from a small drill to a large event. ICS provides a common language and structure so people from different teams or agencies can work together smoothly, with defined roles and a manageable span of control. It supports quick establishment of an incident commander, organized sections (like operations, planning, logistics, and finance), and a unified approach when more than one agency is involved. This helps ensure safety, efficient resource use, and informed decision-making under pressure. That's why the other options aren't fitting: it's not about casual staff chat, a formality for paperwork, or a counseling service. It's specifically a proven framework for coordinating emergency response.

## 6. Which role does Debora Borgas hold?

- A. Warden
- B. Director of Training and Staff Development**
- C. Chief of Security
- D. Deputy Director

The key idea is the person who shapes how staff are trained and supported—the Director of Training and Staff Development. This role is responsible for designing and delivering onboarding and ongoing training, identifying learning needs, and assessing the effectiveness of programs to ensure staff competence and policy compliance. Debora Borgas is noted as holding this position, which aligns with duties centered on training and professional development rather than daily operations of security, facility administration, or executive leadership. The other roles—Warden (facility head), Chief of Security (security operations leader), and Deputy Director (second-in-command)—focus on broader management or specific security responsibilities, not on training programs.

## 7. Code White corresponds to which situation?

- A. Medical Emergency**
- B. Disturbance
- C. Bomb threat
- D. Escape

Code White is the alert used to summon quick medical help for a medical emergency. It signals that someone is having a serious health issue—like fainting, chest pain, trouble breathing, a seizure, or any situation where immediate medical assessment and care are needed. The goal is to get trained medical staff on scene rapidly to stabilize and treat the person. In contrast, a disturbance would be handled by security and de-escalation procedures, not primarily by medical responders. A bomb threat requires a different protocol focused on safety, evacuation, and coordination with authorities. An escape triggers containment and pursuit actions to prevent an inmate from getting away.

## 8. What does the code 10-08 indicate?

- A. In service, available**
- B. Location
- C. Out of service
- D. Acknowledgement/Message Received

Ten-codes are a quick way to convey status over the radio. The code 10-08 means you are in service and available to take calls or assignments. It tells the dispatcher you're on duty and ready to respond, not necessarily at a specific location. This differs from asking for or reporting a location (that would be 10-20), acknowledging a received message (10-4), or being out of service (often 10-7). So the best fit is: you're in service and available.

**9. Which statement best describes the purpose of the Incident Command System in facility operations?**

- A. It is only for large-scale disasters.**
- B. It creates unique procedures for every incident.**
- C. It provides a standardized approach to managing emergencies and incidents.**
- D. It replaces staff roles.**

The main idea behind the Incident Command System is to provide a standardized way to handle emergencies and incidents. It offers a common structure, language, and set of procedures so people from different roles or agencies can work together smoothly, no matter the size or type of incident. This standardization makes coordination, communication, and resource management more reliable during complex events, such as coordinating security, medical, maintenance, and outside responders from a single command post. It's flexible enough to scale up or down based on the situation, and it doesn't replace staff or create unique procedures for every incident. Instead, it defines clear roles and a consistent approach that everyone follows to stay aligned.

**10. Which code corresponds to 'To Repeat'?**

- A. 10-09**
- B. 10-01**
- C. 10-20**
- D. 10-02**

Ten-codes are shorthand used in radio communications to speed up messages. When someone needs you to repeat what you just said, the code used is ten-nine. This mapping exists to quickly request a retransmission, which helps ensure understanding in noisy environments or when clarity is crucial. So, ten-nine is the code that corresponds to "To Repeat." The other codes point to different routine actions, so they wouldn't convey the instruction to repeat.

## Next Steps

**Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.**

**As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.**

**If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at [hello@examzify.com](mailto:hello@examzify.com).**

**Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:**

**<https://donaldwwyattdetcenterweek1.examzify.com>**

**We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!**

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