

Columbus Police Department Entry Level Practice Exam (Sample)

Study Guide



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SAMPLE

Questions

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- 1. When someone maintains 'sobriety', they are:**
 - A. Seeking treatment**
 - B. Abstaining from alcohol**
 - C. Recovering from addiction**
 - D. None of the above**
- 2. What does the term 'deliberate' refer to when used as a verb?**
 - A. To hastily decide**
 - B. To act without thought**
 - C. To consider or ponder**
 - D. To take action quickly**
- 3. Which term means to listen to or give attention to?**
 - A. Watch**
 - B. Hear**
 - C. Observe**
 - D. Perceive**
- 4. What is the name of the natural drug derived from coca plant leaves?**
 - A. Heroin**
 - B. Marijuana**
 - C. Cocaine**
 - D. Opium**
- 5. Which word means to produce characters or symbols on a surface?**
 - A. Sketch**
 - B. Draw**
 - C. Write**
 - D. Print**

- 6. What term describes the unfair treatment of a person or group based on prejudice?**
- A. Discrimination**
 - B. Disregard**
 - C. Duel**
 - D. Dissent**
- 7. What word best describes a person or action that is not strict?**
- A. Rigid**
 - B. Lenient**
 - C. Harsh**
 - D. Severe**
- 8. What is the contraction of "We are"?**
- A. We're**
 - B. Were**
 - C. Weren't**
 - D. We'll**
- 9. Which term refers to an accurate or suitable answer in a legal context?**
- A. Property**
 - B. Quality**
 - C. Relevant**
 - D. Prosecution**
- 10. Which of the following best describes a person who has a strong moral compass?**
- A. Conscientious**
 - B. Insensible**
 - C. Torpid**
 - D. Righteous**

Answers

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- 1. B**
- 2. C**
- 3. B**
- 4. C**
- 5. C**
- 6. A**
- 7. B**
- 8. A**
- 9. C**
- 10. A**

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Explanations

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1. When someone maintains 'sobriety', they are:

- A. Seeking treatment**
- B. Abstaining from alcohol**
- C. Recovering from addiction**
- D. None of the above**

Maintaining 'sobriety' refers specifically to the state of abstaining from alcohol and other intoxicating substances. It signifies that an individual is not currently consuming these substances and is often used in the context of addiction recovery. While 'sobriety' can be part of a broader recovery process, the term itself directly emphasizes the absence of alcohol in a person's system. This makes abstaining from alcohol the most precise definition of sobriety among the given choices. Seeking treatment and recovering from addiction may involve the concept of sobriety, but they do not specifically define the state of being sober. Therefore, while those options relate to the journey of sobriety and addiction recovery, they do not capture the essence of what it means to maintain sobriety itself.

2. What does the term 'deliberate' refer to when used as a verb?

- A. To hastily decide**
- B. To act without thought**
- C. To consider or ponder**
- D. To take action quickly**

The term 'deliberate' as a verb specifically means to consider or ponder over something carefully and thoughtfully. When someone deliberates, they are engaging in a thoughtful discussion or consideration of the various aspects of a situation or decision. This process involves weighing the pros and cons, evaluating evidence, and reflecting on different perspectives before arriving at a conclusion or making a decision. This careful consideration is essential in contexts such as law enforcement or policy-making, where decisions can have significant consequences. It is a contrast to making hasty or impulsive decisions without adequate thought, which can lead to poor outcomes. The emphasis on thoughtfulness in deliberating is crucial for effective problem-solving and decision-making in complex situations. In comparison, the other options involve quick or thoughtless actions, which do not align with the intention behind the term 'deliberate.'

3. Which term means to listen to or give attention to?

- A. Watch
- B. Hear**
- C. Observe
- D. Perceive

The correct term that signifies the action of listening to or giving attention to is "hear." This term specifically implies the physical act of perceiving sound, which is essential in the context of listening. When someone hears, they are actively engaged in receiving auditory information, which is a foundational skill for communication and understanding. In contrast, the other terms refer to different forms of perception or engagement that do not center exclusively on listening. For example, "watch" pertains to the act of actively looking at something, often involving visual observation rather than auditory attention. "Observe" also denotes the act of watching or noticing something carefully, which again is more visually oriented. Lastly, "perceive" encompasses a broader range of sensory inputs, including sight, sound, taste, touch, and smell, rather than focusing solely on the act of listening. Understanding each term's specific meaning clarifies why "hear" is the most appropriate choice for describing the act of listening or giving attention to sound.

4. What is the name of the natural drug derived from coca plant leaves?

- A. Heroin
- B. Marijuana
- C. Cocaine**
- D. Opium

Cocaine is the natural drug derived from the leaves of the coca plant. It is classified as a powerful stimulant that affects the central nervous system. The process to extract cocaine from coca leaves involves a series of chemical steps that concentrate the active compounds found within the leaves, leading to the production of the substance commonly associated with both medicinal and harmful effects. Cocaine has a long history of use, both as a traditional stimulant and more recently in various forms of illegal trade. The other substances listed, while also notable, are derived from different plants and sources. Heroin is synthesized from morphine, which is derived from opium poppies. Marijuana comes from the cannabis plant and contains tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) as its primary psychoactive compound. Opium is itself derived directly from the opium poppy and contains several different alkaloids, including morphine and codeine. Each of these drugs has different origins and effects, further highlighting why cocaine is the correct answer to the question posed.

5. Which word means to produce characters or symbols on a surface?

- A. Sketch**
- B. Draw**
- C. Write**
- D. Print**

The term that means to produce characters or symbols on a surface is "Write." Writing specifically refers to forming letters or symbols in a systematic way to convey information or ideas. It encompasses the act of creating text, letters, numbers, and other characters, typically using a pen, pencil, or keyboard. This definition aligns closely with the essence of writing, which fundamentally involves generating written language for communication. While "Sketch," "Draw," and "Print" involve producing images or graphical representations, they do not specifically refer to the creation of characters or symbols commonly associated with written language. Sketching often implies a loose, informal representation of an object or scene, while drawing can refer to a broader spectrum of artistic or representational marks. Printing, on the other hand, generally pertains to reproducing text or images typically in bulk or through a mechanical process rather than implying the original act of creating written symbols by hand. Hence, "Write" is the most precise term for the act of producing characters or symbols on a surface.

6. What term describes the unfair treatment of a person or group based on prejudice?

- A. Discrimination**
- B. Disregard**
- C. Duel**
- D. Dissent**

The term that describes the unfair treatment of a person or group based on prejudice is discrimination. This concept encompasses actions, policies, or behaviors that result in unequal treatment of individuals or groups, often based on characteristics such as race, gender, age, sexual orientation, religion, or disability. Discrimination is rooted in bias and leads to systemic disadvantages for the affected groups, posing significant ethical and legal implications within society. Understanding discrimination is crucial, especially in fields like law enforcement, where fair and just treatment of all individuals is foundational to community relations and trust. Addressing and combating discrimination is essential not just for legal compliance but also for fostering a fair society. Other terms such as disregard, duel, and dissent do not encapsulate the idea of bias-based unfair treatment. Disregard indicates a lack of consideration or attention, duel refers to a formal fight between two individuals, and dissent signifies a disagreement or opposition to a prevailing opinion or majority. Each of these terms serves a different context and does not relate specifically to the unfair treatment fueled by prejudice.

7. What word best describes a person or action that is not strict?

- A. Rigid**
- B. Lenient**
- C. Harsh**
- D. Severe**

The term that best describes a person or action that is not strict is "lenient." This word conveys the idea of being permissive or tolerant, often allowing for flexibility or forgiveness in rules, expectations, or conduct. For instance, a lenient teacher may allow students to submit assignments late without penalty, demonstrating a more flexible and understanding approach. In contrast, the other options represent qualities that imply strictness or severity. "Rigid" suggests inflexibility and an unwillingness to change or adapt, which is the opposite of being lenient. "Harsh" refers to being overly severe or unkind, while "severe" denotes an extreme or strict adherence to rules or consequences. Therefore, "lenient" is the most appropriate choice to describe someone or something that is not strict.

8. What is the contraction of "We are"?

- A. We're**
- B. Were**
- C. Weren't**
- D. We'll**

The contraction of "We are" is "We're." This is formed by combining the two words and replacing the "a" in "are" with an apostrophe, indicating the omission of the "a." This contraction is commonly used in both spoken and written English to create a more conversational tone. In comparison, "Were" is the past tense of "to be," used when talking about a state of being in the past, and is not a contraction. "Weren't" is a contraction of "were not," which serves to negate the past tense. "We'll" is a contraction for "We will," indicating a future action. Each of these forms has its own specific grammatical function, but none represent the contraction of "We are," making "We're" the correct choice.

9. Which term refers to an accurate or suitable answer in a legal context?

- A. Property**
- B. Quality**
- C. Relevant**
- D. Prosecution**

In the legal context, the term "relevant" refers to information, evidence, or arguments that have a direct bearing on the matter being considered in a legal proceeding. Relevance is crucial because it helps determine what is admissible in court or what facts are pertinent to a case. When something is relevant, it provides a significant connection to the issues at hand, enabling judges, juries, and lawyers to focus on matters that affect the resolution of the legal questions involved. While terms like "property" and "quality" may have specific meanings within legal contexts, they do not encapsulate the idea of appropriateness or applicability to a case. "Prosecution," on the other hand, refers to the process of conducting legal proceedings against a person accused of a crime, and while it encompasses the use of relevant evidence, it does not specifically denote an accurate or suitable answer. Thus, "relevant" stands out as the term that best describes an appropriate answer or information that is applicable and significant in legal discussions.

10. Which of the following best describes a person who has a strong moral compass?

- A. Conscientious**
- B. Insensible**
- C. Torpid**
- D. Righteous**

A person described as having a strong moral compass is often characterized by their conscientiousness. This trait indicates a strong sense of responsibility, diligence, and the ability to differentiate between right and wrong. Such individuals take their moral duties seriously and are committed to ethical standards, reflecting a deep awareness of the impact of their actions on others. This conscientious nature ensures that they act in alignment with their values, making them reliable and trustworthy in their decision-making. In contrast, the other terms do not convey the same level of ethical awareness. The term that relates to a lack of sensitivity or awareness wouldn't align with having a strong moral compass. Similarly, descriptors that suggest sluggishness or a lack of energy do not relate to one's moral beliefs or ethical behavior. The notion of being righteous can sometimes overlap with the concept of a strong moral compass; however, it often implies a self-righteousness that could be more judgmental rather than grounded in compassion and conscientious thought. Thus, the best fit among the options for someone with a strong moral compass is the description of being conscientious.