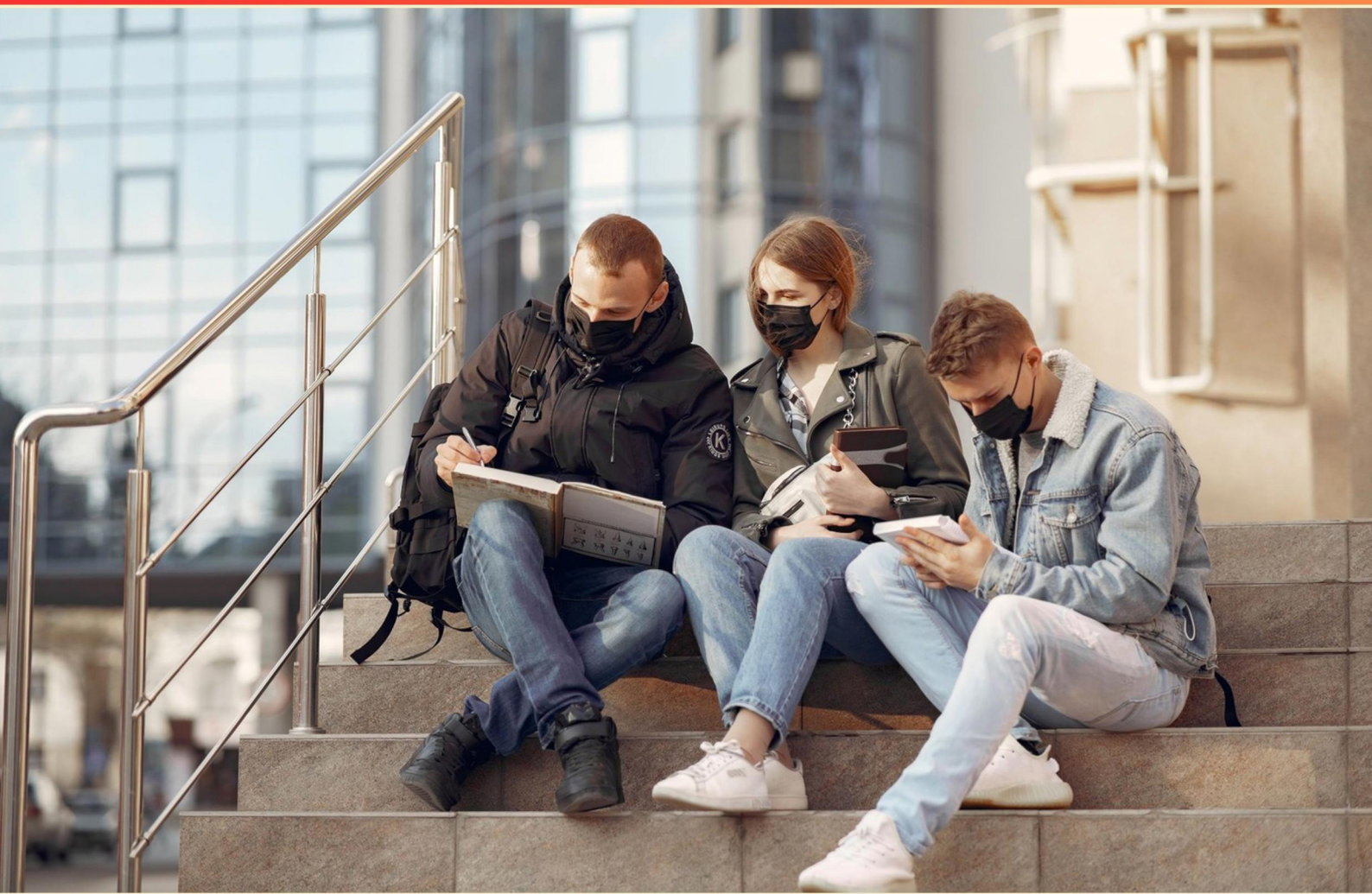


CITY SCHOLARSHIP PRACTICE EXAM (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS

VISIT US ONLINE FOR
THE FULL VERSION STUDY GUIDE

<https://cityscholarship.examzify.com>



Copyright © 2026 by Examzify - A Kaluba Technologies Inc. product.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

No part of this book may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means, graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, web distribution, taping, or by any information storage retrieval system, without the written permission of the author.

Notice: Examzify makes every reasonable effort to obtain accurate, complete, and timely information about this product from reliable sources.

SAMPLE

Table of Contents

Copyright	1
Table of Contents	2
Introduction	3
How to Use This Guide	4
Questions	5
Answers	8
Explanations	10
Next Steps	15

SAMPLE

Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

SAMPLE

1. **PANTAY** ang pagmamahal niya sa kanyang mga magulang.
 - A. Mabuti
 - B. Manahas
 - C. Timbang
 - D. Magkaiba
2. What is the chemical symbol for Sodium?
 - A. Na
 - B. So
 - C. S
 - D. Nd
3. Which metric best reflects safety improvements after a bike lane is introduced?
 - A. Reduction in crashes and improved cycling safety
 - B. Increased travel times for motorists
 - C. No change in crash data
 - D. Ridership numbers alone
4. If A and B are independent with $P(A) = 0.6$ and $P(B) = 0.5$, what is $P(A \text{ or } B)$?
 - A. 0.6
 - B. 0.8
 - C. 0.3
 - D. 0.5
5. Which of the following lists the correct four options for the term describing government power to seize private property?
 - A. Right of Confiscation
 - B. Right of Sequestration
 - C. Eminent Domain
 - D. Right of Limiting Resources

6. Did you have any problem ----- our house?
- A. from searching
 - B. to search
 - C. searching
 - D. searched
7. In the analogy music is to beat as ballet is to which term?
- A. Performance
 - B. Pirouette
 - C. Shoes
 - D. Harmony
8. Which of the following is a trapezoid?
- A. Rhombus
 - B. Quadrilateral
 - C. Decagon
 - D. Dodecagon
9. If a city library has 32,000 annual visitors and 40% are return visits, how many are first-time visitors?
- A. 12,800
 - B. 19,200
 - C. 22,000
 - D. 16,000
10. Cauayan was created as a component city by virtue of Republic Act 9017. When was the city ratified?
- A. March 30, 2000
 - B. March 31, 2000
 - C. March 30, 2001
 - D. April 1, 2012

Answers

SAMPLE

1. C
2. A
3. C
4. B
5. C
6. C
7. B
8. B
9. B
10. C

SAMPLE

Explanations

SAMPLE

1. PANTAY ang pagmamahal niya sa kanyang mga magulang.

- A. Mabuti
- B. Manahas
- C. Timbang**
- D. Magkaiba

Ang pangunahing ideya na tinatest dito ay ang pagpapahayag ng pagkakapantay-pantay o balanse ng damdamin. Kapag sinabing pantay ang pagmamahal niya sa kanyang mga magulang, ibig sabihin walang pinipiling mahal ang isa kaysa sa isa—may parehong timbang ang pag-ibig para sa bawat isa. Ang salitang timbang ay ginagamit para ilarawan ang balanse o parehas na bigat ng isang bagay, kaya angkop itong gamitin para ipakita na pareho ang halaga ng pagmamahal sa magkabilang magulang. Ito ang pinakamahusay na pagpipilian dahil agad nitong inilalarawan ang ideya ng pagkakapantay-pantay. Hindi angkop ang mabuti, na tungkol sa kalidad ng pag-ibig; manahas ay nauugnay sa pananakit; magkaiba ay nag-aakusang hindi pareho, na salungat sa konsepto ng pantay na pag-ibig.

2. What is the chemical symbol for Sodium?

- A. Na**
- B. So
- C. S
- D. Nd

Symbols on the periodic table are short abbreviations for elements, often using letters from the element's name or its Latin name. For sodium, the symbol is Na, with an uppercase N and a lowercase a. This comes from natrium, the Latin name for sodium, which is why the symbol isn't a direct match to the English word "sodium." You'll also see S representing sulfur, Nd representing neodymium, and "So" isn't used because no element has that symbol. So, Na is the correct symbol because it follows the standard convention and reflects the Latin origin of the element's name.

3. Which metric best reflects safety improvements after a bike lane is introduced?

- A. Reduction in crashes and improved cycling safety
- B. Increased travel times for motorists
- C. No change in crash data**
- D. Ridership numbers alone

Safety improvements from a new bike lane are best reflected by a reduction in crashes and injuries involving cyclists, along with evidence of safer interactions between cyclists and motor vehicles. This directly measures whether the lane is actually making riding safer, not just changing how people travel. Travel-time shifts for motorists don't capture safety outcomes, and rider numbers alone show usage rather than risk. If crash data don't show a change, that doesn't necessarily mean safety hasn't improved—it could indicate the need for more time to collect data or that the data don't fully capture risk reductions (for example, if near-misses or minor incidents aren't recorded). A robust assessment often blends crash data with exposure context (how many cyclists and how much riding occurs) and looks at injury severity to gauge true safety impact.

4. If A and B are independent with $P(A) = 0.6$ and $P(B) = 0.5$, what is $P(A \text{ or } B)$?

A. 0.6

B. 0.8

C. 0.3

D. 0.5

Think about the chance that at least one of A or B occurs. For any two events, $P(A \text{ or } B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \text{ and } B)$. Since A and B are independent, the probability both occur is $P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A)P(B) = 0.6 \times 0.5 = 0.3$. Plugging in gives $P(A \text{ or } B) = 0.6 + 0.5 - 0.3 = 0.8$. So the probability that at least one of A or B happens is 0.8. This uses the idea that you add the probabilities of each event but subtract the overlap because it's counted twice, and for independent events that overlap equals the product.

5. Which of the following lists the correct four options for the term describing government power to seize private property?

A. Right of Confiscation

B. Right of Sequestration

C. Eminent Domain

D. Right of Limiting Resources

The main concept being tested is the government's power to take private property for public use. This power is called eminent domain, which allows the state or a government agency to acquire private land for projects like roads, schools, or utilities, while requiring that the owner receive just compensation at fair market value. In most legal systems, including the United States, this protects the public need while ensuring landowners aren't left uncompensated. Other terms don't fit: confiscation implies taking without compensation, which is not the standard practice today; sequestration refers to legally seizing or freezing assets in a dispute, not the general power to take property for public use; and limiting resources isn't a recognized term for this concept. Therefore, eminent domain is the correct term.

6. Did you have any problem ----- our house?

A. from searching

B. to search

C. searching

D. searched

When you use a phrase like "have a problem" in English, the action that caused the trouble is normally expressed with a -ing form (a gerund). That's because you're naming the activity you found difficult rather than describing a completed action. In this sentence, the action that might have caused trouble is "searching our house." So the natural fill is the gerund: searching. Did you have any problem searching our house? This construction keeps the focus on the activity that could be hard to perform. The other forms don't fit idiomatically: "from searching" isn't the usual way to express the source of the trouble; you'd use "a problem with searching" or "a problem doing something" instead. The infinitive "to search" isn't used after "have a problem" in this context, and the past tense "searched" would not correctly complete the noun phrase.

7. In the analogy music is to beat as ballet is to which term?

- A. Performance
- B. Pirouette**
- C. Shoes
- D. Harmony

This question tests your ability to map a basic element from one art form to a corresponding basic element in another. In music, the beat serves as the rhythmic foundation, keeping time and guiding movement. In ballet, a central, recognizable element of technique and performance is the pirouette—the classic turning move that exemplifies ballet skill and style. So the parallel is beat to pirouette: both are fundamental building blocks that define their art forms. The other options don't fit this relationship as cleanly—performance is a broad act, shoes are gear, and harmony is another musical concept rather than a core ballet element.

8. Which of the following is a trapezoid?

- A. Rhombus
- B. Quadrilateral**
- C. Decagon
- D. Dodecagon

A trapezoid is a four sided figure that has at least one pair of parallel sides. Decagon and dodecagon aren't four sided, so they can't be trapezoids. The rhombus is four sided too, but it has two pairs of parallel sides, making it a parallelogram rather than a trapezoid under the stricter convention that a trapezoid has exactly one pair of parallel sides. Among the options, the only overall four sided category that would include a trapezoid is a quadrilateral. So the correct choice is the four sided figure, i.e., quadrilateral.

9. If a city library has 32,000 annual visitors and 40% are return visits, how many are first-time visitors?

- A. 12,800
- B. 19,200**
- C. 22,000
- D. 16,000

Understanding percentages of a total helps here: if 40% are return visits, the remaining portion are first-time visitors, which is 60% of the total. Take 60% of 32,000: $32,000 \times 0.60 = 19,200$. You can also see it by subtracting the return visitors: 40% of 32,000 is 12,800, and $32,000 - 12,800 = 19,200$. The number of first-time visitors is 19,200.

10. Cauayan was created as a component city by virtue of Republic Act 9017. When was the city ratified?

- A. March 30, 2000
- B. March 31, 2000
- C. March 30, 2001**
- D. April 1, 2012

In this topic, the key idea is that turning a municipality into a component city requires a plebiscite—the voters in the area must approve the change. The date that matters is when that approval is proclaimed as ratification of the city's new status. For Cauayan, the plebiscite to ratify its cityhood was held and the majority voted in favor on March 30, 2001. That date is the official ratification of Cauayan's conversion to a component city under Republic Act 9017. The other dates don't fit because they either come before the law and its required plebiscite could occur, or they're unrelated to Cauayan's ratification.

SAMPLE

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://cityscholarship.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

SAMPLE