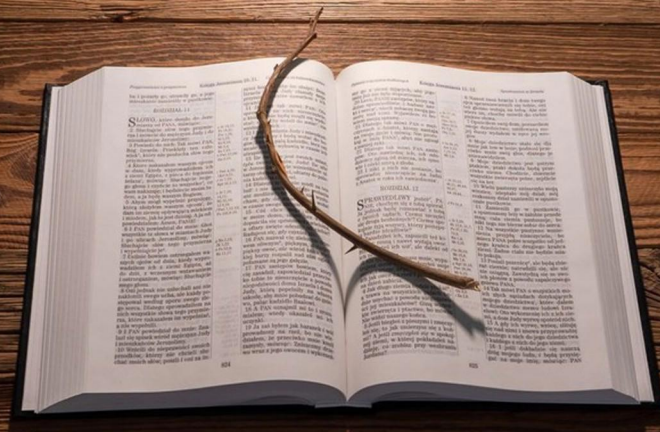


CHURCH OF GOD (COG) EXHORTER PRACTICE EXAM (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS

VISIT US ONLINE FOR
THE FULL VERSION STUDY GUIDE

<https://cogexhorter.examzify.com>



Copyright © 2026 by Examzify - A Kaluba Technologies Inc. product.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

No part of this book may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means, graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, web distribution, taping, or by any information storage retrieval system, without the written permission of the author.

Notice: Examzify makes every reasonable effort to obtain accurate, complete, and timely information about this product from reliable sources.

SAMPLE

Table of Contents

Copyright	1
Table of Contents	2
Introduction	3
How to Use This Guide	4
Questions	5
Answers	8
Explanations	10
Next Steps	16

SAMPLE

Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

SAMPLE

- 1. What has God granted to the Gentiles according to Acts 11:18?**
 - A. Faith
 - B. Hope
 - C. Repentance
 - D. Salvation
- 2. What do the roles of president, vice president, and secretary-treasurer in the Women's Ministries signify?**
 - A. Leadership and organization
 - B. Fundraising capabilities
 - C. Community service involvement
 - D. Spiritual guidance
- 3. What does communion recognize about an individual?**
 - A. They are blessed
 - B. They are forgiven
 - C. They are chosen
 - D. They are redeemed
- 4. What is the purpose of the washing of the saints' feet?**
 - A. To demonstrate humility and service
 - B. To prepare for communion
 - C. To signify the importance of prayer
 - D. To represent purification
- 5. What is the program fulfilled by Christ's return according to Christian belief?**
 - A. Restorative
 - B. Redemptive
 - C. Transformative
 - D. Sacrificial

- 6. What is contrary to a Christian's trustworthiness?**
- A. Swearing of oaths
 - B. Living in the Spirit
 - C. Demonstrating love
 - D. Practicing forgiveness
- 7. According to Acts 2:4, speaking in tongues was prompted and provided by what?**
- A. Human initiative
 - B. The will of God
 - C. Self-control
 - D. The unction of the Holy Spirit
- 8. Which boards are established in every state to oversee different aspects of church work?**
- A. State Board of Ministerial Development and State Music Board
 - B. State Council and State Education Board
 - C. State Youth and Discipleship Board and State World Missions Board
 - D. State Board of Ministerial Development, State Youth and Discipleship Board, State World Missions Board, and State Music Board
- 9. The worship service should be _____ through, _____ through, and _____ for the glory of God.**
- A. thought; prayed; designed
 - B. delivered; explained; shared
 - C. planned; organized; conducted
 - D. celebrated; facilitated; managed
- 10. Which of the following is a component of measuring ministry effectiveness?**
- A. Regular community service
 - B. Adherence to traditions
 - C. Focus and measurable objectives
 - D. Popularity of church events

Answers

SAMPLE

1. C
2. A
3. B
4. A
5. B
6. A
7. D
8. D
9. A
10. C

SAMPLE

Explanations

SAMPLE

1. What has God granted to the Gentiles according to Acts 11:18?

- A. Faith
- B. Hope
- C. Repentance**
- D. Salvation

In Acts 11:18, it is noted that God has granted repentance to the Gentiles. This is significant because it reflects God's willingness to extend His grace beyond the Jewish people to those who were historically considered outsiders or non-Jews. The text emphasizes that repentance is a gift from God, enabling individuals to turn away from their sins and towards a relationship with Him. This pivotal moment in the early Church illustrates how the message of salvation was meant for all humanity, transcending ethnic and cultural boundaries. The concept of repentance is foundational in the Christian faith as it involves a genuine change of heart and mind regarding sin and faith in God. By acknowledging that repentance was granted to the Gentiles, the passage highlights the inclusivity of God's plan for salvation and demonstrates the transformative power of His grace.

2. What do the roles of president, vice president, and secretary-treasurer in the Women's Ministries signify?

- A. Leadership and organization**
- B. Fundraising capabilities
- C. Community service involvement
- D. Spiritual guidance

The roles of president, vice president, and secretary-treasurer in Women's Ministries are primarily associated with leadership and organization. These positions involve guiding the direction of the ministry, coordinating activities, and ensuring that the various programs and initiatives align with the overall mission of the church. The president provides vision and direction, the vice president often supports the president and manages specific projects or initiatives, and the secretary-treasurer handles administrative tasks and financial oversight. This structured leadership is essential for effective ministry, allowing for clear communication, delegation of responsibilities, and organized planning, which are crucial for fostering growth and participation within the community. While fundraising, community service, and spiritual guidance may be involved in the activities of these roles, the overarching theme of leadership and organization is what fundamentally defines their responsibilities and significance within the context of Women's Ministries.

3. What does communion recognize about an individual?

- A. They are blessed
- B. They are forgiven**
- C. They are chosen
- D. They are redeemed

Communion, often referred to as the Lord's Supper, symbolizes the acknowledgment of an individual's forgiveness through Christ's sacrifice. When partaking in communion, believers reflect on the redemptive work of Jesus, which provides for the forgiveness of sins. The bread represents His body given for us, while the cup symbolizes His blood shed for our transgressions. This act serves as a reminder for individuals that they have been pardoned from their sins and can have a restored relationship with God. It emphasizes the grace extended to them, highlighting the central tenet of Christian faith that through repentance and faith, one receives forgiveness. While concepts such as being blessed, chosen, or redeemed are significant in the Christian faith, the primary focus of communion is the assurance of forgiveness and reconciliation with God. This makes the recognition of forgiveness the most appropriate answer in the context of what communion signifies for an individual.

4. What is the purpose of the washing of the saints' feet?

A. To demonstrate humility and service

B. To prepare for communion

C. To signify the importance of prayer

D. To represent purification

The washing of the saints' feet serves primarily to demonstrate humility and service. This practice is rooted in the example set by Jesus during the Last Supper when He washed the feet of His disciples, highlighting the importance of servanthood in the Christian faith. By engaging in this act, believers symbolize their commitment to serve one another, embodying the values of love, humility, and selflessness that Jesus taught. The act of foot washing reinforces the understanding that leadership in the Christian community is not about authority or power but about serving others. It calls Christians to model their behavior after Christ, who, despite being their Lord and Teacher, took on the role of a servant. This powerful gesture reminds individuals within the church of their responsibility to support and uplift one another, fostering a spirit of unity and mutual respect. In contrast, while preparing for communion, signifying the importance of prayer, and representing purification are all significant elements in Christian practice, they do not encapsulate the primary purpose behind the tradition of washing each other's feet. The act is specifically focused on modeling humility and service, making it a profound expression of Christian discipleship.

5. What is the program fulfilled by Christ's return according to Christian belief?

A. Restorative

B. Redemptive

C. Transformative

D. Sacrificial

The program fulfilled by Christ's return is understood in Christian belief as primarily redemptive. This concept emphasizes that the return of Christ signifies the culmination of God's plan for salvation, where believers are fully redeemed and restored into right relationship with God. This belief is rooted in the idea that Christ's death and resurrection initiated the process of redemption, but His return will complete it, bringing about the final victory over sin and death. In this context, redemption refers to both the protection of believers from eternal separation from God and the establishment of God's kingdom in its fullness, which involves the restoration of creation. The redemptive program underscores God's love and mercy through Christ, who offers salvation to humanity and promises that all wrongs will ultimately be made right. While other options such as restorative, transformative, and sacrificial hold significance within different theological discussions, they do not encapsulate the overall intent of Christ's return as effectively as the concept of redemption does. Restorative focuses on healing and mending, transformative speaks to the change process within individuals, and sacrificial refers specifically to Christ's atoning sacrifice. However, redemption encompasses these aspects and signifies the comprehensive work that Christ's return ultimately aims to complete.

6. What is contrary to a Christian's trustworthiness?

- A. Swearing of oaths
- B. Living in the Spirit
- C. Demonstrating love
- D. Practicing forgiveness

Swearing of oaths is considered contrary to a Christian's trustworthiness because it's seen as an indication that a person cannot be trusted to speak the truth without an added form of assurance. In the teachings of Jesus, particularly in the Sermon on the Mount, He emphasizes that one's yes should be yes, and one's no should be no, suggesting that believers should be known for their integrity and truthfulness. The reliance on oaths might imply a lack of sincerity in everyday speech, undermining the foundational Christian virtue of honesty. In contrast, living in the Spirit, demonstrating love, and practicing forgiveness are all integral aspects of a trustworthy Christian character. These behaviors reflect a commitment to the principles of faith, fostering a reputation that aligns with a trustworthy and dependable demeanor. Therefore, swearing oaths disrupts the authenticity of a believer's communication and diminishes their overall trustworthiness.

7. According to Acts 2:4, speaking in tongues was prompted and provided by what?

- A. Human initiative
- B. The will of God
- C. Self-control
- D. The unction of the Holy Spirit

In Acts 2:4, the event of speaking in tongues occurred when the Holy Spirit came upon the apostles during Pentecost. This moment was marked by the fulfillment of Jesus' promise to send the Holy Spirit, which emphasizes that the ability to speak in tongues was a divine act rather than a human initiative or personal choice. The phrase "the unction of the Holy Spirit" refers to the empowerment and enablement provided by the Holy Spirit, signifying that the apostles did not initiate this experience on their own. Instead, they were moved by the Holy Spirit to speak in tongues, illustrating that the phenomenon was out of the control of the individuals involved and inherently linked to the workings of God through the Holy Spirit. This reinforces the belief in the supernatural role of the Holy Spirit in the early church and its manifestations.

8. Which boards are established in every state to oversee different aspects of church work?

- A. State Board of Ministerial Development and State Music Board
- B. State Council and State Education Board
- C. State Youth and Discipleship Board and State World Missions Board
- D. State Board of Ministerial Development, State Youth and Discipleship Board, State World Missions Board, and State Music Board**

The chosen answer reflects the comprehensive structure that the Church of God has established to ensure that various facets of church work are effectively overseen at the state level. Each of these boards has specific responsibilities that contribute to the overall health and organization of church activities. The State Board of Ministerial Development focuses on the training, education, and development of ministers, ensuring that they are well-equipped for their roles in ministry. The State Youth and Discipleship Board works to foster youth engagement and spiritual growth among young church members, providing programs and resources to support their development as future leaders. The State World Missions Board is dedicated to overseeing missions-related activities, emphasizing outreach and support for international ministry efforts. Finally, the State Music Board is responsible for the enhancement of worship through music, guiding local churches in their music ministries and promoting musical excellence. Having all these boards in place allows for a holistic approach to church work, catering to different needs within the church community while ensuring that initiatives align with the broader mission of the Church of God. This structure is vital for maintaining order and effectiveness in the various ministries across different states.

9. The worship service should be _____ through, _____ through, and _____ for the glory of God.

- A. thought; prayed; designed**
- B. delivered; explained; shared
- C. planned; organized; conducted
- D. celebrated; facilitated; managed

The correct choice emphasizes the intentionality and spiritual alignment necessary in worship services. When worship is described as "thought through," it indicates a careful consideration of the elements that bring participants into the presence of God, fostering a meaningful and reverent atmosphere. "Prayed through" emphasizes the importance of prayer as a foundational component; it suggests that every aspect of the worship service should involve seeking God's guidance and presence. Lastly, to be "designed" for the glory of God implies that the structure and flow of the service are intentionally crafted to honor and exalt Him, making the service not just an event, but a dedicated space for divine encounter and worship. These terms collectively highlight the significance of planning and spiritual preparation in worship, ensuring that the service is both reflective of and conducive to the glory and majesty of God.

10. Which of the following is a component of measuring ministry effectiveness?

- A. Regular community service
- B. Adherence to traditions
- C. Focus and measurable objectives**
- D. Popularity of church events

Focusing on measurable objectives is a key component of measuring ministry effectiveness because it allows churches and ministries to set specific goals and evaluate their progress in attaining them. This involves establishing clear, quantifiable objectives that can help assess whether the ministry is meeting its mission and serving its community effectively. By having measurable targets, leaders can identify both successes and areas that require improvement, ultimately leading to more informed decision-making and accountability within the ministry. In contrast, while regular community service may play a role in a ministry's activities, it does not inherently provide a framework for measuring overall effectiveness. Adherence to traditions, while important in certain contexts, does not directly correlate with success or impact in a modern ministry environment, especially when evaluated in terms of measurable effect. Popularity of church events can indicate engagement but does not necessarily reflect the depth of spiritual growth, community needs met, or long-term sustainability, which are crucial for assessing true ministry effectiveness.

SAMPLE

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://cogexhorter.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

SAMPLE