

C1 Advanced Key Word Transformations Practice Test (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

This is a sample study guide. To access the full version with hundreds of questions,

Copyright © 2026 by Examzify - A Kaluba Technologies Inc. product.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

No part of this book may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means, graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, web distribution, taping, or by any information storage retrieval system, without the written permission of the author.

Notice: Examzify makes every reasonable effort to obtain from reliable sources accurate, complete, and timely information about this product.

SAMPLE

Table of Contents

Copyright	1
Table of Contents	2
Introduction	3
How to Use This Guide	4
Questions	6
Answers	9
Explanations	11
Next Steps	17

SAMPLE

Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Don't worry about getting everything right, your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations, and take breaks to retain information better.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning.

7. Use Other Tools

Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly — adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

SAMPLE

Questions

SAMPLE

- 1. What is the transformation for "The exam was difficult." using "difficulty"?**
 - A. The exam has much difficulty**
 - B. The difficulty was in the exam**
 - C. There was difficulty with the exam**
 - D. There was an exam of difficulty**

- 2. I am unhappy because _____ some news recently.**
 - A. I have received**
 - B. I did not receive**
 - C. I am waiting for**
 - D. I have not received**

- 3. What should your lawyer have done according to your opinion?**
 - A. given you good advice**
 - B. provided you with better advice**
 - C. suggested better strategies**
 - D. recommended good advice**

- 4. What is the best way to rephrase: "She the break up"?**
 - A. will get over**
 - B. might never overcome**
 - C. can get over**
 - D. may never get over**

- 5. What was Sandra's attitude toward hypnotism when she was at school?**
 - A. She found it boring.**
 - B. She thought it was interesting.**
 - C. She was indifferent towards it.**
 - D. She was scared of it.**

6. How did her husband express his regret for cheating?

- A. admitted to cheating on**
- B. forgave her for cheating on**
- C. apologised for cheating on**
- D. confessed to cheating on**

7. Which of the following represents the relationship in the statement about the study and heart disease using "associated"?

- A. The study shows a link to heart disease**
- B. The study is correlated with heart disease**
- C. The study is associated with heart health issues**
- D. The study is associated with an increased risk of heart disease**

8. What is a suitable way to say that a movie did not capture your interest?

- A. The movie was entertaining.**
- B. The movie failed to interest me.**
- C. The movie was a box office hit.**
- D. The movie was engaging to the audience.**

9. What phrase indicates it's time to start job hunting?

- A. it's time you applied**
- B. it's time you searched**
- C. it's time you considered**
- D. it's time you looked**

10. Fernanda said that _____ her sister's old dress.

- A. she did not wear**
- B. she would not wear**
- C. she refused to borrow**
- D. she would rather not use**

Answers

SAMPLE

1. C
2. D
3. B
4. D
5. B
6. C
7. D
8. B
9. D
10. B

SAMPLE

Explanations

SAMPLE

1. What is the transformation for "The exam was difficult." using "difficulty"?

- A. The exam has much difficulty**
- B. The difficulty was in the exam**
- C. There was difficulty with the exam**
- D. There was an exam of difficulty**

The correct response uses "difficulty" to convey the essence of the original statement in a natural and coherent manner. In "There was difficulty with the exam," the transformation effectively captures the challenging nature of the exam while maintaining grammatical correctness and clarity. It implies that the exam posed challenges, aligning with the idea that "The exam was difficult." The other options, while attempting to utilize "difficulty," do not express the sentiment of the original sentence accurately. For example, stating "The exam has much difficulty" can sound awkward and does not convey the idea that the exam itself was challenging. Similarly, "The difficulty was in the exam" shifts the focus and does not maintain the original statement's intent. Lastly, "There was an exam of difficulty" also sounds unnatural and can be misleading since it introduces a vague construct that doesn't directly relate the exam's difficulty to the experience of the students.

2. I am unhappy because _____ some news recently.

- A. I have received**
- B. I did not receive**
- C. I am waiting for**
- D. I have not received**

The correct completion of the sentence is "I am unhappy because I have not received some news recently." This phrase effectively conveys the speaker's ongoing state of unhappiness linked to the lack of news. The use of "have not received" highlights the present perfect tense, which is appropriate here because it indicates a connection between the past and the present. The news was expected in the past but has not arrived, leaving the speaker in their current state of dissatisfaction. The other options, while they might seem plausible at a glance, do not quite fit as well in this context. For instance, using "have received" suggests the opposite of being unhappy, since receiving news typically contributes to a sense of resolution or closure. "Did not receive" focuses on a specific past event and does not convey the ongoing effect that this absence of news has on the speaker's current feelings. Meanwhile, "am waiting for" implies anticipation rather than disappointment, which shifts the emotional context away from being unhappy. Thus, "have not received" perfectly captures the ongoing impact of the situation on the speaker's emotions.

3. What should your lawyer have done according to your opinion?

- A. given you good advice
- B. provided you with better advice**
- C. suggested better strategies
- D. recommended good advice

The answer "provided you with better advice" suggests a focus on the quality and improvement of the legal counsel received. This phrasing emphasizes that there was an expectation for the lawyer to enhance the guidance offered and address any shortcomings in their initial advice. It implies that while the lawyer may have given some level of advice, it didn't meet the necessary standards or expectations, calling for a higher level of insight or understanding of the situation. This choice reflects a desire for improvement and advancement in the legal advice provided, aligning with the notion that better advice could have led to different or more favorable outcomes. It articulates a clear expectation for the lawyer to not only give advice but to ensure that it is the best possible counsel for the circumstances faced, highlighting the importance of quality in legal representation.

4. What is the best way to rephrase: "She the break up"?

- A. will get over
- B. might never overcome
- C. can get over
- D. may never get over**

The chosen answer emphasizes the uncertainty and difficulty related to the emotional impact of a break-up. The phrase "may never get over" indicates that there is a possibility, but not a certainty, that she might struggle to fully overcome her feelings about the break-up. This suggests a lingering effect and a sense of prolonged distress, which aligns with how one might actually feel during and after a significant relationship ending. The other options don't capture this sense of uncertainty as effectively. "Will get over" implies a definite future recovery, while "might never overcome" and "can get over" suggest different levels of hope or possibility that don't convey the same depth of emotional struggle as the chosen answer. The selected option highlights a more poignant emotional state, reflecting the complexity of dealing with break-ups.

5. What was Sandra's attitude toward hypnotism when she was at school?

- A. She found it boring.**
- B. She thought it was interesting.**
- C. She was indifferent towards it.**
- D. She was scared of it.**

Sandra's attitude towards hypnotism when she was at school can be understood as one of interest and curiosity. This suggests that she had a positive view of hypnotism and was likely open to learning about it or engaging with it in some way. An attitude categorized as 'interesting' implies that she recognized its potential significance or appeal, which could involve enthusiasm for its possibilities or a desire to explore it further. Given this understanding, the other options do not align with the definition of an interesting attitude. If she had found it boring, it would suggest a lack of engagement or curiosity instead of a positive interest. Indifference would mean she showed no particular feelings about hypnotism, indicating that it did not capture her attention either way. Feeling scared of hypnotism would indicate a negative reaction, which contrasts with the idea of finding it interesting. Thus, the choice that best reflects a positive and engaged mindset towards hypnotism is the one indicating that she thought it was interesting.

6. How did her husband express his regret for cheating?

- A. admitted to cheating on**
- B. forgave her for cheating on**
- C. apologised for cheating on**
- D. confessed to cheating on**

The correct choice highlights the emotional aspect of expressing regret in a direct and heartfelt manner. When someone apologizes for their actions, especially in the context of infidelity, it demonstrates an acknowledgment of wrongdoing and a sincere desire to take responsibility for their behavior. In this scenario, the act of apologizing implies not just an admission of guilt but also an expression of remorse and a wish to mend the relationship. It suggests a willingness to recognize the pain caused by the infidelity and to seek forgiveness from the partner, fostering an opportunity for dialogue and potentially reconciliation. The other options, while they relate to the concept of cheating, focus on different nuances. Admitting to cheating conveys a recognition of the act itself, but it lacks the emotional weight of an apology. Forgiving her for cheating implies a different dynamic where he is in a position of offering forgiveness rather than expressing regret for his own actions. Confessing to cheating also denotes the act of revealing the truth but does not carry the emotional connotation of remorse that an apology does. Thus, apologizing for cheating stands out as the most comprehensive way to convey regret in this context.

7. Which of the following represents the relationship in the statement about the study and heart disease using "associated"?

- A. The study shows a link to heart disease**
- B. The study is correlated with heart disease**
- C. The study is associated with heart health issues**
- D. The study is associated with an increased risk of heart disease**

The correct choice effectively captures the idea that the study demonstrates a significant connection between the findings and the likelihood of developing heart disease. The use of "associated" in this context indicates that there is a relationship where the study indicates a heightened risk linked to heart disease, which is crucial in conveying the implications of the research. This option also specifies that the association is linked to an "increased risk," clarifying the nature of the relationship rather than simply suggesting a neutral correlation or link. The mention of "increased risk" implies that the study highlights not just a connection but a potential detrimental impact, which is an important aspect when discussing health-related studies. Other options may imply a relationship but lack the precise indication of risk enhancement or do not capture the same degree of intensity in the association being referenced. For example, mentioning just a link or a correlation does not clearly communicate the potential dangers or the implications that might arise from that association. The correct choice, therefore, provides a more comprehensive understanding of the study's findings in relation to heart disease.

8. What is a suitable way to say that a movie did not capture your interest?

- A. The movie was entertaining.**
- B. The movie failed to interest me.**
- C. The movie was a box office hit.**
- D. The movie was engaging to the audience.**

The choice that states, "The movie failed to interest me," effectively communicates the idea that the film did not capture your attention. This phrasing directly expresses a lack of interest, emphasizing the personal reaction to the movie. It clearly conveys the sentiment without ambiguity, making it evident that the movie did not meet your expectations for engagement. In contrast, the other choices suggest various levels of interest or success that do not align with the intent of expressing disinterest. For instance, noting that the movie was entertaining implies a positive experience, while stating it was a box office hit suggests popularity but does not necessarily reflect your personal feelings about it. Similarly, describing a movie as engaging to the audience may reflect the views of others but does not indicate your own lack of interest. Therefore, the response that explicitly addresses personal disinterest is the most appropriate for conveying the intended sentiment.

9. What phrase indicates it's time to start job hunting?

- A. it's time you applied
- B. it's time you searched
- C. it's time you considered
- D. it's time you looked**

The phrase "it's time you looked" clearly indicates an active approach towards job hunting. The verb "looked" conveys the idea of seeking out opportunities in a proactive manner, suggesting that the individual should begin searching for job openings and exploring potential positions. This direct wording emphasizes the urgency and necessity of taking steps toward finding a job, making it a strong recommendation to start the process. In contrast, other phrases might not carry the same level of immediacy or proactive intent. For example, "it's time you considered" suggests more of a contemplative approach without the active pursuit implied by "looked." Similarly, "it's time you applied" assumes that the opportunities have already been identified and are ready for application—implying a step further along in the job hunting process. "It's time you searched" also indicates an intention to look for jobs, but it could feel more broad and less focused than "looked," which conveys a specific action. Thus, "it's time you looked" is the most effective phrase to suggest that someone should begin their job hunt immediately.

10. Fernanda said that _____ her sister's old dress.

- A. she did not wear
- B. she would not wear**
- C. she refused to borrow
- D. she would rather not use

The correct answer, which indicates that Fernanda expressed a future intention or disposition concerning her sister's old dress, is "she would not wear." This wording implies that Fernanda is stating her feelings or plans regarding wearing the dress in the future. In this context, "would" is often used to convey future intentions or hypothetical situations, making this phrasing appropriate for Fernanda's statement. It reflects a polite or considered refusal rather than an outright denial or capability, which is crucial in conveying her stance on the dress. The other options, while all related to the idea of not wanting to use the dress, differ in nuance. For instance, one option suggests a refusal to borrow it, which introduces a different concept than merely not wearing it. Another suggests a preference that might not communicate the definitive stance that Fernanda is taking about her sister's dress. The choice of "would not wear" succinctly captures her intention effectively and aligns well with the context of her statement.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://c1advkeywordtrans.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

SAMPLE