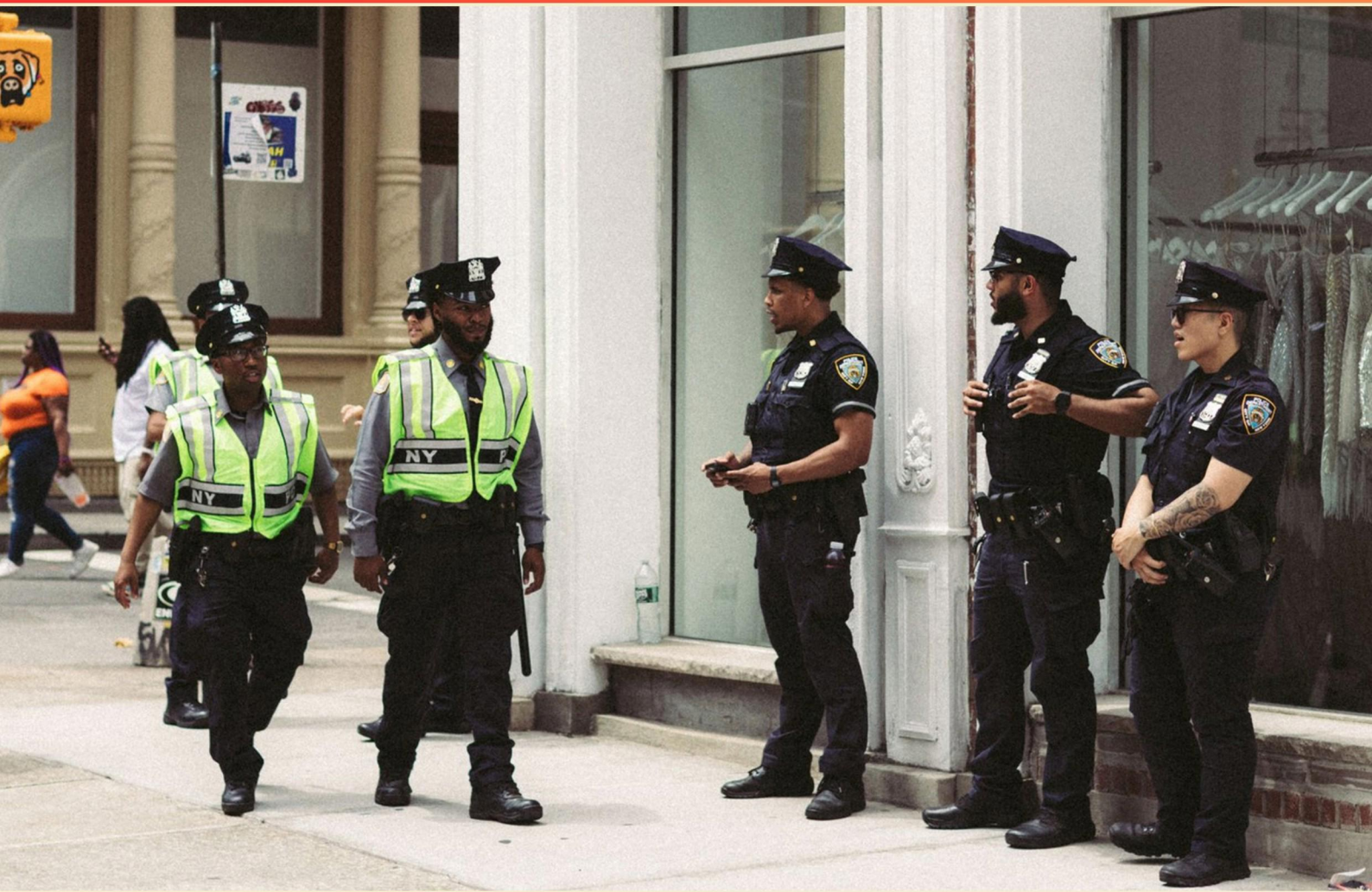


ATLANTA POLICE DEPARTMENT SIGNALS PRACTICE TEST (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS

VISIT US ONLINE FOR
THE FULL VERSION STUDY GUIDE

<https://atlantapolicedeptsignals.examzify.com>



Copyright © 2026 by Examzify - A Kaluba Technologies Inc. product.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

No part of this book may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means, graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, web distribution, taping, or by any information storage retrieval system, without the written permission of the author.

Notice: Examzify makes every reasonable effort to obtain accurate, complete, and timely information about this product from reliable sources.

SAMPLE

Table of Contents

Copyright	1
Table of Contents	2
Introduction	3
How to Use This Guide	4
Questions	5
Answers	8
Explanations	10
Next Steps	15

SAMPLE

Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

SAMPLE

1. Signal 23 corresponds to which incident?

- A. Explosion
- B. Demented Person
- C. Disorderly Children
- D. Shots Fired

2. Code 80D refers to which type of gas leak?

- A. Gas Leak - Chlorine
- B. Gas Leak - Diesel
- C. Gas Leak - Gasoline
- D. Gas Leak - Hazmat

3. Which category covers the theft of a vehicle?

- A. Larceny - Gas Drive Off
- B. Larceny - Shoplifting
- C. Larceny - Pickpocket
- D. Larceny - Vehicle Theft

4. Which signal is for Robbery in Progress - Carjacking?

- A. Robbery in Progress - Residential
- B. Robbery in Progress - Carjacking
- C. Information to Officer
- D. Animal Call

5. Which incident code corresponds to Downed Wires?

- A. 31I
- B. 33A
- C. 31
- D. 32

6. Which code corresponds to Robbery - Pedestrian?

- A. 44B - Robbery - Business
- B. 44P - Robbery - Pedestrian
- C. 44R - Robbery - Residence
- D. 41S - Vehicle Accident - Involves Streetcar

7. Which signal corresponds to Air Rifle?

- A. Traffic Stop
- B. Air Rifle
- C. Terrorist Incident
- D. Bomb Threat

8. Which signal corresponds to a stabbing incident?

- A. Person Stabbed
- B. Rape
- C. Person Shot
- D. Person Injured

9. Which code corresponds to Robbery - Business?

- A. 42R - Burglary - Residence
- B. 44B - Robbery - Business
- C. 44P - Robbery - Pedestrian
- D. 41S - Vehicle Accident - Involves Streetcar

10. Rescue Person - Extraction refers to which scenario?

- A. Removing a person from a dangerous environment using specialized equipment
- B. Providing first aid at the scene
- C. Evacuating a building with residents via stairs
- D. Conducting an area search

Answers

SAMPLE

1. C
2. B
3. D
4. B
5. C
6. B
7. B
8. A
9. B
10. A

SAMPLE

Explanations

SAMPLE

1. Signal 23 corresponds to which incident?

- A. Explosion
- B. Demented Person
- C. Disorderly Children**
- D. Shots Fired

Understanding how signal numbers map to incident types is the key idea. Signal 23 is the code used when responding to disturbances caused by juveniles, i.e., Disorderly Children. This designation helps officers and dispatch categorize the call so the appropriate resources and approach (often crowd control or parental involvement) are used. Why this fits best: the scenario describes a disturbance involving youths, not a hazardous event, a mental-health crisis, or an active gunfire situation. Those other scenarios belong to different signals tailored to explosions, demented persons, or shots fired, respectively. So the code for a juvenile disturbance is the correct match.

2. Code 80D refers to which type of gas leak?

- A. Gas Leak - Chlorine
- B. Gas Leak - Diesel**
- C. Gas Leak - Gasoline
- D. Gas Leak - Hazmat

In this signaling system, the number with a letter pinpoints the exact material involved in a gas or vapor release. Code 80D specifically corresponds to a diesel fuel leak. Diesel is a liquid fuel, and its vapors are flammable and can travel with the air and pool in low areas, creating both a fire risk and environmental hazards. That combination of fire and HazMat considerations is why the diesel designation fits this code. Chlorine would fall under toxic gas response with its own distinctions, gasoline leaks are designated differently, and HazMat is a broad tag for hazardous incidents but does not identify the specific substance involved. Recognizing that 80D means diesel helps responders quickly decide on the right protective gear, containment measures, and response actions.

3. Which category covers the theft of a vehicle?

- A. Larceny - Gas Drive Off
- B. Larceny - Shoplifting
- C. Larceny - Pickpocket
- D. Larceny - Vehicle Theft**

The key concept is that larceny cases are sorted by what is taken. When the theft is a vehicle, it belongs in the vehicle theft category. A gas drive-off covers stealing fuel from a pump, not the vehicle itself; shoplifting is theft of merchandise from a store; a pickpocket steals from a person's belongings. Since the act involves taking an actual automobile, it fits under vehicle theft.

4. Which signal is for Robbery in Progress - Carjacking?

- A. Robbery in Progress - Residential
- B. Robbery in Progress - Carjacking**
- C. Information to Officer
- D. Animal Call

The signal naming system is designed to convey the exact scenario of an active incident so responders can act quickly and appropriately. Robbery in Progress - Carjacking tells you there is an ongoing robbery that specifically involves stealing or taking a vehicle, so officers know to expect a vehicle, possibly armed suspects, and a need for a fast, vehicle-focused response. It's different from Robbery in Progress - Residential, which points to a home-based robbery and a different scene dynamic. It isn't just information to officers (that would be non-emergency or informational in nature), and it isn't related to an animal call. The carjacking signal directly communicates the high-priority, vehicle-centered threat and guides how units should prepare and coordinate.

5. Which incident code corresponds to Downed Wires?

- A. 31I
- B. 33A
- C. 31**
- D. 32

Codes used in the signals practice are shorthand for the incident type, and Downed Wires is represented by the numeric code 31. This numeric designation flags an electrical hazard on the scene and signals responders to secure the area and coordinate with utilities as needed. The version with a letter is a modifier, not a different core incident type, so it isn't the standard way to classify a Downed Wires call. Other numeric codes point to different incident categories, so they wouldn't indicate Downed Wires.

6. Which code corresponds to Robbery - Pedestrian?

- A. 44B - Robbery - Business
- B. 44P - Robbery - Pedestrian**
- C. 44R - Robbery - Residence
- D. 41S - Vehicle Accident - Involves Streetcar

Understanding how APD offense codes convey location helps you pick this one. Robbery uses the base code 44, and the trailing letter shows where the incident occurs: P stands for Pedestrian, B for Business, R for Residence. So 44P means Robbery - Pedestrian. That's why it's the correct match. The other options indicate Robbery at different sites (44B is Business, 44R is Residence) or a completely different type of incident (41S is a Vehicle Accident involving a Streetcar).

7. Which signal corresponds to Air Rifle?

- A. Traffic Stop
- B. Air Rifle**
- C. Terrorist Incident
- D. Bomb Threat

In APD Signals, each label is a concise description of the incident type so dispatch and responding units know what they're dealing with at a glance. For an event involving an air rifle, the signal that matches exactly is the one labeled Air Rifle because it directly names the weapon situation and cues an appropriately cautious, armed-threat response. Air rifles can be dangerous and require the same safety precautions as other firearms, so using that specific label helps set the right expectations and ensures the right resources are deployed. The other options describe different scenarios—Traffic Stop, Terrorist Incident, Bomb Threat—and would not accurately reflect the nature of an air rifle incident, potentially leading to the wrong response.

8. Which signal corresponds to a stabbing incident?

- A. Person Stabbed**
- B. Rape
- C. Person Shot
- D. Person Injured

Stabbing incidents are coded with the signal that literally names the event: "Person Stabbed." This exact phrasing communicates the specific type of injury and the weapon involved, so responders can gauge urgency, needed units, and medical priorities right away. It's the best choice because it precisely identifies the incident as a stabbing, avoiding ambiguity about how the injury occurred. Other signals describe different situations—sexual assault for rape, a gunshot for a shooting, and a non-specific injury for generic injuries—so they wouldn't convey the precise nature of a stabbing. Using the exact signal for a stabbing ensures the right response is mobilized without delay.

9. Which code corresponds to Robbery - Business?

- A. 42R - Burglary - Residence
- B. 44B - Robbery - Business**
- C. 44P - Robbery - Pedestrian
- D. 41S - Vehicle Accident - Involves Streetcar

The test is about how these codes encode both the type of incident and the context/location. In this system, the number part identifies the broad crime category, and the letter tail identifies the specific context or location. Robbery is indicated by the number part for that category, and Business is shown with the letter that stands for that setting. So Robbery at a Business is coded as the combination that uses the Robbery category with the Business context. That's why the matching code is the one described as Robbery - Business. The other options describe different scenarios: Burglary at a Residence, Robbery at a Pedestrian, or a Vehicle Accident involving a Streetcar. They don't pair the Robbery type with the Business context, so they aren't correct.

10. Rescue Person - Extraction refers to which scenario?

- A. Removing a person from a dangerous environment using specialized equipment
- B. Providing first aid at the scene
- C. Evacuating a building with residents via stairs
- D. Conducting an area search

Extraction in Rescue Person means actively removing a person from a dangerous environment using specialized equipment. It's about getting someone out of harm with gear like ropes, harnesses, pulleys, or other rescue tools, when simple egress isn't safe or possible. Providing first aid at the scene is about medical help, not removing the person from danger. Evacuating a building via stairs describes a general evacuation or safe exit, not the technical removal from a hazardous area. Conducting an area search focuses on locating victims, not extracting them. So the scenario best fitting extraction is removing a person from danger with specialized equipment.

SAMPLE

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://atlantapolicedeptsignals.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

SAMPLE