

ATI Fundamentals of Nursing - Priority-Setting Frameworks, Infection Control and Isolation, Health Care Delivery Practice Test (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

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- 1. What is the main priority for a nurse when dealing with a patient in respiratory distress?**
 - A. Administering medication as prescribed**
 - B. Ensuring the airway is patent**
 - C. Monitoring vital signs**
 - D. Keeping the patient calm and reassured**

- 2. In Benner's Novice to Expert Model, at which stage does a nurse start prioritizing tasks based on experience?**
 - A. Novice**
 - B. Competent**
 - C. Expert**
 - D. Advanced beginner**

- 3. In terms of infection control, what is the primary purpose of hand hygiene?**
 - A. Prevent environmental contamination**
 - B. Ensure compliance with regulations**
 - C. Reduce the risk of healthcare-associated infections**
 - D. Maintain personal appearance**

- 4. What does proper ventilation in a healthcare facility aim to accomplish?**
 - A. It helps to control noise levels**
 - B. It maintains aesthetic appeal in patient rooms**
 - C. It reduces the risk of airborne infection transmission**
 - D. It aids in conserving energy costs**

- 5. What is one benefit of providing reassurance to patients during a health crisis?**
 - A. It reduces the need for medication**
 - B. It can improve patient satisfaction and compliance**
 - C. It eliminates the need for follow-up care**
 - D. It allows nurses to avoid difficult conversations**

- 6. How does effective communication affect patient safety?**
- A. It complicates clinical processes**
 - B. It minimizes misunderstandings and enhances collaboration**
 - C. It has no significant impact**
 - D. It increases the workload on nurses**
- 7. Why is patient education important in the context of infection control?**
- A. It allows healthcare workers to reduce their workload**
 - B. It empowers patients to take active roles in their care and reduce infection spread**
 - C. It is required by healthcare regulations**
 - D. It enhances the healthcare provider's reputation**
- 8. What is an accepted method for reducing the risk of infection in a healthcare setting?**
- A. Adhere to hand hygiene protocols**
 - B. Only wash hands when visibly soiled**
 - C. Limit use of alcohol-based hand sanitizers**
 - D. Share personal protective equipment between patients**
- 9. What is the most effective method for hand hygiene after caring for a client with *Clostridium difficile*?**
- A. Hand sanitizer**
 - B. Soap and water**
 - C. Alcohol-based hand rub**
 - D. Antimicrobial soap**
- 10. What should a nurse do first when a client presents with signs of infection?**
- A. Administer prescribed antibiotics**
 - B. Collect cultures for laboratory analysis**
 - C. Notify the healthcare provider**
 - D. Isolate the client**

Answers

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1. B
2. B
3. C
4. C
5. B
6. B
7. B
8. A
9. B
10. B

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Explanations

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1. What is the main priority for a nurse when dealing with a patient in respiratory distress?

- A. Administering medication as prescribed**
- B. Ensuring the airway is patent**
- C. Monitoring vital signs**
- D. Keeping the patient calm and reassured**

The main priority for a nurse when dealing with a patient in respiratory distress is ensuring the airway is patent. This is critical because an obstructed airway can quickly lead to inadequate oxygenation and can rapidly escalate into a life-threatening situation. Maintaining an open airway is the fundamental first step in assessing and treating any patient struggling to breathe. In respiratory distress, every intervention must support the patient's ability to breathe. If the airway is not clear, attempts to administer medications or monitor vital signs can be ineffective, as the patient may not be able to oxygenate properly. Even measures aimed at keeping the patient calm are secondary; a calm patient who cannot breathe effectively may still experience serious complications. Therefore, verifying that the airway is open and unobstructed must be the nurse's immediate focus.

2. In Benner's Novice to Expert Model, at which stage does a nurse start prioritizing tasks based on experience?

- A. Novice**
- B. Competent**
- C. Expert**
- D. Advanced beginner**

In Benner's Novice to Expert Model, the stage where a nurse begins to prioritize tasks based on experience is during the Competent stage. At this level, nurses have typically been practicing for around two to three years and have developed a greater understanding of the complexities and nuances of patient care. They can recognize patterns and are capable of making more informed decisions regarding the prioritization of tasks and responsibilities. As a Competent nurse, the ability to set priorities is informed by previous experiences, which allows them to manage care effectively. They can identify which tasks are urgent and which can be delegated or postponed, improving their efficiency in a dynamic healthcare environment. This stage represents a significant transition from merely following rules to applying knowledge gained from experience to provide safe and effective patient care.

3. In terms of infection control, what is the primary purpose of hand hygiene?

- A. Prevent environmental contamination**
- B. Ensure compliance with regulations**
- C. Reduce the risk of healthcare-associated infections**
- D. Maintain personal appearance**

The primary purpose of hand hygiene is to reduce the risk of healthcare-associated infections. Effective hand hygiene practices are essential in breaking the chain of infection and preventing the transmission of pathogens in healthcare settings. By thoroughly washing hands or using hand sanitizer, healthcare workers can remove dirt, bacteria, and viruses that they may have come into contact with during patient care or other activities. This practice directly contributes to patient safety and overall public health by minimizing the likelihood of infections that can occur during hospital admissions or other medical interventions. While preventing environmental contamination, ensuring compliance with regulations, and maintaining personal appearance are important considerations in healthcare settings, they do not encapsulate the primary role of hand hygiene as effectively as the focus on reducing healthcare-associated infections. The key aim of hand hygiene is to protect both patients and healthcare workers from the spread of infections, making it a critical practice in infection control.

4. What does proper ventilation in a healthcare facility aim to accomplish?

- A. It helps to control noise levels**
- B. It maintains aesthetic appeal in patient rooms**
- C. It reduces the risk of airborne infection transmission**
- D. It aids in conserving energy costs**

Proper ventilation in a healthcare facility is crucial for reducing the risk of airborne infection transmission. Effective ventilation systems help to ensure that fresh air circulates throughout the environment, which dilutes and removes airborne pathogens, such as bacteria and viruses. This is particularly important in areas where patients may be at higher risk of infections, such as hospitals and outpatient clinics. Maintaining adequate airflow also helps to manage humidity levels, which can discourage the growth of mold and other pathogens that thrive in stagnant environments. By effectively minimizing the presence of airborne microorganisms, proper ventilation contributes to overall infection control efforts, enhancing patient safety and outcomes. While controlling noise levels, conserving energy costs, and maintaining aesthetic appeal can be relevant in the design and operation of healthcare facilities, they are secondary considerations compared to the primary objective of preventing the transmission of infections through improved air quality and circulation.

5. What is one benefit of providing reassurance to patients during a health crisis?

- A. It reduces the need for medication**
- B. It can improve patient satisfaction and compliance**
- C. It eliminates the need for follow-up care**
- D. It allows nurses to avoid difficult conversations**

Providing reassurance to patients during a health crisis can significantly improve patient satisfaction and compliance. When patients feel reassured, they are more likely to trust the healthcare team and adhere to treatment plans. This trust fosters a therapeutic relationship and encourages patients to engage actively in their care, which can lead to better health outcomes. In times of crisis, patients often experience anxiety and fear, and reassurance helps to alleviate those feelings. By providing emotional support and clear communication, healthcare providers can empower patients to make informed decisions about their care, enhancing their overall experience within the healthcare system. The other options do not align with the primary benefits of reassurance in a health crisis. While reassurance can positively influence medication adherence, it does not inherently reduce the need for medication. It also cannot eliminate the necessity of follow-up care, as patients may still require ongoing assessment and treatment based on their health status. Additionally, reassurance does not provide an easy way to avoid difficult conversations; in fact, it may facilitate more open discussions by creating a supportive environment.

6. How does effective communication affect patient safety?

- A. It complicates clinical processes**
- B. It minimizes misunderstandings and enhances collaboration**
- C. It has no significant impact**
- D. It increases the workload on nurses**

Effective communication plays a critical role in ensuring patient safety by minimizing misunderstandings and enhancing collaboration among healthcare providers, patients, and their families. When communication is clear and direct, it allows for the accurate exchange of information regarding a patient's condition, treatment plans, and potential risks. This alignment reduces the likelihood of errors such as misinterpretation of instructions or medication discrepancies, which can jeopardize patient safety. Moreover, good communication fosters teamwork and collaboration in healthcare settings. When team members communicate effectively, they are more likely to engage in shared decision-making and work together towards common goals, ultimately improving care coordination and patient outcomes. Effective communication also empowers patients, as it encourages them to ask questions and express their concerns, which is vital for their safety and involvement in their own care. In contrast, complications in clinical processes, a significant workload for nurses, or the belief that communication lacks impact do not align with the recognized standards of safe and effective healthcare practices. Collaborative communication is essential for creating a culture of safety, which emphasizes the importance of clear dialogue in preventing errors and enhancing overall patient care.

7. Why is patient education important in the context of infection control?

- A. It allows healthcare workers to reduce their workload**
- B. It empowers patients to take active roles in their care and reduce infection spread**
- C. It is required by healthcare regulations**
- D. It enhances the healthcare provider's reputation**

Patient education is crucial in the context of infection control because it empowers individuals to take an active role in their own healthcare, significantly contributing to the prevention and reduction of infection spread. When patients are well-informed about infection risks, hygiene practices, and the importance of compliance with treatment regimens, they are more likely to engage in behaviors that promote their health and protect themselves and others from infections. This proactive approach includes understanding how infections are transmitted, recognizing symptoms early, and knowing when to seek medical care. By fostering awareness and encouraging adherence to preventive measures, such as proper hand hygiene or the importance of vaccinations, patients become active participants in their own care. This not only improves individual health outcomes but also supports broader public health efforts to control infections within communities. Overall, effective patient education creates a partnership between patients and healthcare providers, leading to better health management and reduced risk of infections.

8. What is an accepted method for reducing the risk of infection in a healthcare setting?

- A. Adhere to hand hygiene protocols**
- B. Only wash hands when visibly soiled**
- C. Limit use of alcohol-based hand sanitizers**
- D. Share personal protective equipment between patients**

Adhering to hand hygiene protocols is a fundamental and accepted method for reducing the risk of infection in healthcare settings. Hand hygiene, which includes both washing hands with soap and water and using alcohol-based hand sanitizers, helps to eliminate pathogens that can cause infections. By following established protocols, healthcare workers can significantly decrease the transmission of bacteria and viruses, protecting both themselves and their patients. This practice is supported by extensive research and guidelines from health organizations, indicating that maintaining proper hand hygiene is one of the most effective ways to control infection spread. Compliance with hand hygiene protocols not only ensures the cleanliness of hands but also raises awareness of infection control throughout the healthcare environment, creating a culture of safety.

9. What is the most effective method for hand hygiene after caring for a client with Clostridium difficile?

- A. Hand sanitizer**
- B. Soap and water**
- C. Alcohol-based hand rub**
- D. Antimicrobial soap**

The most effective method for hand hygiene after caring for a client with Clostridium difficile is washing hands with soap and water. Clostridium difficile is a spore-forming bacterium that can lead to severe gastrointestinal infections. One of its key characteristics is that alcohol-based hand sanitizers and hand rubs may not be effective against its spores, as they require physical removal to be completely eliminated. Using soap and water helps to mechanically remove the spores from the skin's surface. The friction created during the handwashing process is critical in dislodging these resilient spores. In contrast, alcohol-based sanitizers might reduce the number of vegetative bacteria but are inadequate for effectively managing infections caused by certain spore-forming bacteria, including C. difficile. Therefore, washing hands with soap and water is the recommended practice in this scenario to ensure complete hand hygiene and reduce the risk of transmission.

10. What should a nurse do first when a client presents with signs of infection?

- A. Administer prescribed antibiotics**
- B. Collect cultures for laboratory analysis**
- C. Notify the healthcare provider**
- D. Isolate the client**

When a client presents with signs of infection, the most appropriate initial action for the nurse is to collect cultures for laboratory analysis. This step is crucial because it allows for the identification of the causative organism responsible for the infection. By obtaining cultures, the healthcare team can ensure that the prescribed treatment is targeted and appropriate, which can lead to better patient outcomes. Collecting specimens is often time-sensitive, as it needs to be done before antibiotics are administered to avoid interfering with test results. Identifying the specific pathogen through cultures provides critical information on sensitivity to various antibiotics, which in turn aids in selecting the most effective therapy. This approach aligns with clinical guidelines that emphasize the importance of accurate diagnosis and tailored treatment for infections. While administering antibiotics is vital once the organism is identified or if the clinical condition demands it, doing so before collecting cultures can compromise the effectiveness of the cultures. Notifying the healthcare provider is also an important action after obtaining cultures but should follow the collection process. Isolating the client may be necessary depending on the type of infection and its contagiousness, but this does not take precedence over obtaining necessary diagnostic information.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://atifundofnursinghcdelivery.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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