

ANAPLAN SOLUTION ARCHITECT PRACTICE TEST (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



UBS	5	4.664,00	4.666,00	5	Genial
Genial	5	4.664,00	4.666,00	5	Bradesco
Bradesco	5	4.664,00	4.666,00	5	UBS
BTG	5	4.663,50	4.666,00	5	Genial
Genial	5	4.663,50	4.666,00	5	Ideal
Genial	5	4.663,50	4.666,00	5	BTG
Bradesco	5	4.663,50	4.666,00	5	Genial
Genial	5	4.663,50	4.666,50	5	Genial
UBS	20	4.663,50	4.666,50	5	Bradesco
Bradesco	5	4.663,50	4.666,50	5	Genial
Genial	5	4.663,50	4.666,50	5	UBS
Bradesco	5	4.663,50	4.666,50	5	Genial
BTG	5	4.663,50	4.666,50	5	UBS
Ideal	5	4.663,00	4.666,50	5	BTG
Ideal	5	4.663,00	4.667,00	5	Ideal
BTG	5	4.663,00	4.667,00	5	Genial
BTG	5	4.663,00	4.667,00	5	Bradesco
Genial	5	4.663,00	4.667,00	5	Genial
Genial	5	4.663,00	4.667,00	5	Genial
UBS	5	4.663,00	4.667,00	5	BTG
Genial	5	4.663,00	4.667,00	5	UBS
Bradesco	5	4.663,00	4.667,00	5	Inter
Genial	5	4.662,50	4.667,00	5	UBS
Genial	5	4.662,50	4.667,00	10	BCC Liquidez
Genial	5	4.662,50	4.667,50	5	BTG
Tullett	50	4.662,50	4.667,50	5	Bradesco
	5	4.662,50	4.667,50	5	Genial
	5	4.662,50	4.667,50	5	UBS

SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS

VISIT US ONLINE FOR
THE FULL VERSION STUDY GUIDE

<https://anaplansolarchitect.examzify.com>



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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

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1. In a typical flow example, what is the sequence starting with CloudWorks?

- A. Data Hub triggers validations and exports
- B. CloudWorks loads data into Data Hub, then Data Orchestrator triggers Validation actions, Transformation processes, Model-to-model pushes
- C. Data Orchestrator loads data into Data Hub
- D. Model-to-model pushes trigger CloudWorks

2. When are subsidiary views useful?

- A. Displayed on dashboards for analysis or filtering.
- B. To speed up calculations.
- C. To hold constants.
- D. For all exports.

3. Roles define access to which element?

- A. Modules
- B. Lists
- C. Cells
- D. Users

4. Which data type has a fixed space cost of 1 byte per cell?

- A. Boolean
- B. Number
- C. Text
- D. List/Date/Time Period

5. What is a Page Builder in Anaplan?

- A. It stores data and retrieves reports.
- B. It is used for data import tasks.
- C. Anaplan Page builders can create, group, and organize pages. They can use cards and boards to display high level information and interactive dashboards.
- D. It manages security roles and access to models.

6. What is Data Orchestrator used for?

- A. For UI customization
- B. For user management
- C. For warning alerts
- D. To connect external data sources and automate data movement between models

7. Time ranges are considered structural changes and require promotion through the ALM cycle when modified.

- A. True
- B. False
- C. Sometimes
- D. Not applicable

8. Why should subsidiary views be avoided?

- A. They are difficult to work with and audit.
- B. They dramatically speed up dashboards.
- C. They cannot be used for exports.
- D. They are limited to time dimensions.

9. Explain the difference between a module view context and the grid context users see on dashboards.

- A. The module view context is the model calculation context; the dashboard grid context is a user-facing, filtered slice of that data.
- B. The module view context is a user-facing display; the dashboard grid context is the calculation engine.
- C. They are the same concept.
- D. The dashboard grid context determines security policies.

10. Which elements should be included to maintain data lineage documentation in Anaplan?

- A. Document sources, transformation steps, object relationships, and update the documentation with each change to maintain traceability.
- B. Only the list of objects and owners.
- C. Security roles and access levels for users.
- D. Change history log without updating lineage documentation.

Answers

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1. B
2. A
3. A
4. A
5. C
6. D
7. A
8. A
9. A
10. A

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Explanations

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1. In a typical flow example, what is the sequence starting with CloudWorks?

- A. Data Hub triggers validations and exports
- B. CloudWorks loads data into Data Hub, then Data Orchestrator triggers Validation actions, Transformation processes, Model-to-model pushes**
- C. Data Orchestrator loads data into Data Hub
- D. Model-to-model pushes trigger CloudWorks

In this flow, data moves from ingestion to orchestration to propagation. CloudWorks is the component that loads data into the Data Hub, serving as the ingestion step. Once the data resides in the Data Hub, Data Orchestrator takes over to coordinate the next actions: run validation actions to ensure quality, perform transformation processes to prepare the data, and then execute model-to-model pushes to move the data to other models. This sequence—load, validate/transform, then push—reflects a logical data lifecycle: bring data in, ensure it's clean and properly shaped, and finally distribute it to downstream models. The other options misplace steps (for example, having the hub trigger validations without the initial load, or having orchestration load data, or reversing the push triggering CloudWorks), which breaks the intended order of operations.

2. When are subsidiary views useful?

- A. Displayed on dashboards for analysis or filtering.**
- B. To speed up calculations.
- C. To hold constants.
- D. For all exports.

Subsidiary views are a tailored way to present a module's data for end users, especially on dashboards. By saving a specific arrangement of dimensions, filters, and visible data, you create a clean, analysis-ready grid that readers can interact with to explore the numbers without changing the underlying model. This makes it easy to show exactly the metrics and perspectives needed for analysis or filtering, providing consistency across the dashboard and a focused user experience. They don't speed up calculations—how fast calculations run depends on the formulas and data volumes, not on how the data is viewed. They also don't hold constants; constants are defined in the model as separate items, not in views. And while you can export data from a subsidiary view, its primary purpose isn't "all exports," but delivering a preconfigured, user-friendly view for dashboards and analysis.

3. Roles define access to which element?

- A. Modules**
- B. Lists
- C. Cells
- D. Users

Roles determine who can access an entire module and what they can do within it. In Anaplan, a user is assigned to a role, and that role specifies the level of permission (such as view or edit) for each module in the model. Because modules are the organizational units that contain the data and calculations, the security boundary is set at the module level. Lists and cells are parts of the module structure or data, and access is governed by the module's permissions rather than by granting access directly to those elements. Users themselves are the subjects who receive access through roles, not the target of access controls.

4. Which data type has a fixed space cost of 1 byte per cell?

- A. Boolean
- B. Number
- C. Text
- D. List/Date/Time Period

Storage per cell varies by data type, and the Boolean type is the most space-efficient. A Boolean stores a simple true/false value, which is fixed at one byte per cell in this context. That makes it the smallest, fixed storage cost among the common types. Numbers require more space to hold digits and precision, Text grows with length, and List/Date/Time Period involve additional structure to represent items or time-related data. So the one-byte-per-cell cost is characteristic of a Boolean, explaining why it's the correct choice.

5. What is a Page Builder in Anaplan?

- A. It stores data and retrieves reports.
- B. It is used for data import tasks.
- C. Anaplan Page builders can create, group, and organize pages. They can use cards and boards to display high level information and interactive dashboards.
- D. It manages security roles and access to models.

Page Builder is the user-facing tool in Anaplan used to create and arrange what end users see on a dashboard. It lets you build pages, group related content, and organize the layout using cards and boards. Cards display specific elements like grids, charts, KPIs, or lists, while boards help you arrange these cards into a coherent, interactive dashboard that presents high-level information clearly. This is different from tasks that store data, handle imports, or manage security roles, which are not what Page Builder is for. In practice, you'd use Page Builder to craft a sales or operations dashboard that users can interact with to monitor metrics and trends.

6. What is Data Orchestrator used for?

- A. For UI customization
- B. For user management
- C. For warning alerts
- D. To connect external data sources and automate data movement between models

Data Orchestrator is about connecting external data sources and automating the movement of data between Anaplan models. It acts like a data pipeline, letting you pull data from systems outside Anaplan, map and transform it if needed, and refresh or propagate data across multiple models on a schedule. This keeps planning apps in sync and reduces manual data handling. UI customization, user management, and warning alerts aren't the primary roles of Data Orchestrator. UI customization deals with how dashboards and interfaces look and behave inside the model. User management handles access and permissions. Warning alerts relate to monitoring and notifications. The orchestration tool specifically handles data integration and automated data flows between systems and models.

7. Time ranges are considered structural changes and require promotion through the ALM cycle when modified.

- A. True**
- B. False
- C. Sometimes
- D. Not applicable

Time ranges define the periods that exist in the model and determine how data is sliced and aggregated over time. When you modify the time range, you're changing the model's structure: the dimensionality, the scope of time-based calculations, and how existing formulas reference periods. Because these changes ripple through many parts of the model—calculations, imports, dashboards, and any time-based logic—they're treated as structural changes rather than simple data updates. That's why they must be promoted through the ALM cycle, going from development to QA for testing and then to production to ensure all environments stay consistent and all dependencies align. In short, altering the time range is a structural alteration to the model, so it requires promotion through ALM.

8. Why should subsidiary views be avoided?

- A. They are difficult to work with and audit.**
- B. They dramatically speed up dashboards.
- C. They cannot be used for exports.
- D. They are limited to time dimensions.

Subsidiary views are saved, slice-specific views of a module that present a subset of data across chosen dimensions. They tend to be problematic to manage because they insert hidden, maintenance-heavy dependencies into the model. When the underlying module changes (dimensions added or renamed, line items adjusted), these views can break or become outdated, and tracing exactly what data a dashboard or export came from becomes difficult. In governance and audits you want clear data lineage and predictable behavior, but subsidiary views obscure that by being separate, manually maintained slices rather than explicit, versioned calculations. That fragility is why they're avoided. The other statements aren't accurate: subsidiary views don't inherently speed up dashboards, they can be used for exports, and they aren't limited to time dimensions.

9. Explain the difference between a module view context and the grid context users see on dashboards.

- A. The module view context is the model calculation context; the dashboard grid context is a user-facing, filtered slice of that data.**
- B. The module view context is a user-facing display; the dashboard grid context is the calculation engine.
- C. They are the same concept.
- D. The dashboard grid context determines security policies.

The key idea is that calculation context and display context are separate. The module view context defines how the model performs calculations—the set of dimension members that are active for the formulas, effectively the engine's input for evaluating numbers. The grid you see on a dashboard is a user-facing, filtered slice of those results. It applies the user's dashboard selections (filters, time ranges, versions, etc.) to show only the relevant rows and columns, but it doesn't change how the numbers are calculated. So the module view context governs calculations, while the dashboard grid context governs what portion of those calculated results is displayed.

10. Which elements should be included to maintain data lineage documentation in Anaplan?

- A. Document sources, transformation steps, object relationships, and update the documentation with each change to maintain traceability.**
- B. Only the list of objects and owners.
- C. Security roles and access levels for users.
- D. Change history log without updating lineage documentation.

Data lineage documentation must clearly trace data from its origin through every transformation to its final use, including how different Anaplan objects depend on and relate to each other. The best choice captures sources, transformation steps, and object relationships, and it is updated with each change to preserve accurate traceability. Documenting sources shows where data comes from; recording transformation steps reveals how values are calculated or altered; mapping object relationships makes dependencies across modules and models visible. Keeping this documentation current ensures anyone can follow the exact path data took, even as the model evolves. In contrast, merely listing objects and owners misses the transformations and dependencies; security roles concern access control rather than lineage; and a change history log alone does not provide an up-to-date, navigable map of data paths.

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Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://anaplansolarchitect.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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