

American College of Lifestyle Medicine (ACLM) Board Practice Exam (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

Copyright © 2026 by Examzify - A Kaluba Technologies Inc. product.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

No part of this book may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means, graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, web distribution, taping, or by any information storage retrieval system, without the written permission of the author.

Notice: Examzify makes every reasonable effort to obtain accurate, complete, and timely information about this product from reliable sources.

SAMPLE

Table of Contents

Copyright	1
Table of Contents	2
Introduction	3
How to Use This Guide	4
Questions	5
Answers	8
Explanations	10
Next Steps	16

Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

- 1. What is the primary role of the American College of Lifestyle Medicine?**
 - A. To educate about medication management**
 - B. To promote the use of lifestyle medicine for chronic disease management**
 - C. To serve as a certification body for health coaches**
 - D. To oversee public health regulations**
- 2. What does CAM stand for in medical treatment contexts?**
 - A. Complementary and Alternative Medicine**
 - B. Complementary and Advanced Medicine**
 - C. Conventional and Alternative Medicine**
 - D. Comprehensive and Alternative Medicine**
- 3. Which dietary component should be limited to lower cardiovascular risk?**
 - A. Polyunsaturated fats.**
 - B. Trans fats.**
 - C. Saturated fats.**
 - D. Carbohydrates.**
- 4. What is one essential factor affecting the effectiveness of health professionals in patient communication?**
 - A. Length of the consultation**
 - B. Patients' educational background**
 - C. Health professionals' listening habits**
 - D. Availability of resources**
- 5. What does the principle "Roll with Resistance" entail in Motivational Interviewing?**
 - A. Confronting the patient directly**
 - B. Emphasizing change as a priority**
 - C. Working with the patient's unwillingness to change**
 - D. Encouraging immediate action**

- 6. Why is stress management considered crucial in Lifestyle Medicine?**
- A. It leads to weight gain**
 - B. It eliminates the need for medication**
 - C. Chronic stress can lead to inflammation and increased disease risk**
 - D. It makes physical activity unnecessary**
- 7. Is there clear evidence that treating depression improves coronary artery disease prognosis?**
- A. Yes, it improves prognosis**
 - B. No, there is no clear evidence**
 - C. Only in mild cases**
 - D. Only with medication**
- 8. What is the purpose of screening all patients for risky alcohol use?**
- A. To measure their motivation**
 - B. To understand their lifestyle choices**
 - C. To identify health risks early**
 - D. To promote social gatherings**
- 9. What is the diagnosis criteria for Alcohol Use Disorder?**
- A. Presence of at least 1 symptom in a 12mo period**
 - B. Presence of at least 2 symptoms in a 12mo period**
 - C. Presence of at least 3 symptoms in a 12mo period**
 - D. Presence of at least 4 symptoms in a 12mo period**
- 10. Which of the following best describes the concept of autonomy in wellness coaching?**
- A. Dedication to group goals**
 - B. Ability to make independent choices**
 - C. Reliance on external motivation**
 - D. Influence from peers**

Answers

SAMPLE

1. B
2. A
3. C
4. C
5. C
6. C
7. B
8. C
9. B
10. B

SAMPLE

Explanations

SAMPLE

1. What is the primary role of the American College of Lifestyle Medicine?

- A. To educate about medication management**
- B. To promote the use of lifestyle medicine for chronic disease management**
- C. To serve as a certification body for health coaches**
- D. To oversee public health regulations**

The primary role of the American College of Lifestyle Medicine is to promote the use of lifestyle medicine for chronic disease management. This focus on lifestyle medicine emphasizes the importance of addressing the root causes of chronic diseases through evidence-based lifestyle interventions. These interventions often include nutrition, physical activity, stress management, and social support, all of which are essential for preventing and treating chronic conditions such as obesity, diabetes, cardiovascular diseases, and more. The organization aims to equip healthcare professionals with the knowledge and skills needed to incorporate lifestyle medicine into their practices, encouraging a proactive approach to health care. By prioritizing lifestyle changes alongside conventional medical treatments, ACLM seeks to empower both patients and practitioners, thereby improving health outcomes on a large scale. In contrast to other roles, such as educating about medication management or overseeing public health regulations, the focus of ACLM is distinctly centered on lifestyle factors and their impact on long-term health. While certification for health coaches may be related to the application of lifestyle principles, it does not represent the overarching mission of the organization. Thus, the choice that highlights the promotion of lifestyle medicine accurately captures the essence of ACLM's primary objectives.

2. What does CAM stand for in medical treatment contexts?

- A. Complementary and Alternative Medicine**
- B. Complementary and Advanced Medicine**
- C. Conventional and Alternative Medicine**
- D. Comprehensive and Alternative Medicine**

In medical treatment contexts, CAM stands for Complementary and Alternative Medicine. This term encompasses a wide range of health care practices and products that are not typically part of conventional medicine. These can include practices such as acupuncture, herbal remedies, yoga, and more. The term reflects the use of these varied approaches either alongside conventional treatments (complementary) or as alternatives to them (alternative). The choice of the correct definition is significant as the distinctions it encompasses help both practitioners and patients navigate health care options more effectively. By recognizing CAM as an integration of complementary methods with conventional treatment options, patients can find a more personalized and holistic approach to their health and well-being. This understanding helps in fostering a collaborative relationship between healthcare providers and patients who may seek these practices to enhance their treatment outcomes.

3. Which dietary component should be limited to lower cardiovascular risk?

- A. Polyunsaturated fats.**
- B. Trans fats.**
- C. Saturated fats.**
- D. Carbohydrates.**

Limiting saturated fats is important for lowering cardiovascular risk. Saturated fats, commonly found in animal products such as meat and dairy, as well as certain plant oils, can raise levels of LDL cholesterol (often referred to as "bad" cholesterol) in the blood. Elevated LDL cholesterol is a significant risk factor for the development of atherosclerosis and cardiovascular diseases, including heart attacks and strokes. Current dietary guidelines recommend reducing saturated fat intake and replacing it with healthier fats, such as polyunsaturated and monounsaturated fats, which can help manage cholesterol levels. By focusing on lowering saturated fat consumption, individuals can decrease their risk of cardiovascular diseases and promote better overall heart health. While trans fats are another dietary component associated with increased cardiovascular risk and should also be avoided, the question specifically asks for the component that should be limited to reduce risk. Therefore, focusing on saturated fats aligns with current research and health recommendations, making it the correct answer.

4. What is one essential factor affecting the effectiveness of health professionals in patient communication?

- A. Length of the consultation**
- B. Patients' educational background**
- C. Health professionals' listening habits**
- D. Availability of resources**

The effectiveness of health professionals in patient communication is significantly influenced by their listening habits. Active listening is a cornerstone of effective communication in healthcare, as it involves not just hearing the words spoken by patients but also understanding their concerns, feelings, and perspectives. When health professionals engage in active listening, they create an environment of trust and safety, allowing patients to feel valued and understood. This fosters a more open dialogue, enabling patients to express themselves fully about their symptoms, anxieties, and preferences. Consequently, health professionals who listen attentively can better tailor their advice and treatment plans to suit the individual needs of their patients, leading to improved health outcomes. While factors such as the length of the consultation, patients' educational background, and availability of resources can impact communication, they do not hold the same weight as the ability to listen actively. Simply put, effective communication often hinges on the quality of interaction facilitated by listening, which can bridge gaps created by other variables present in the healthcare setting. Thus, the health professionals' listening habits are fundamental to fostering a therapeutic and effective patient-provider relationship.

5. What does the principle "Roll with Resistance" entail in Motivational Interviewing?

- A. Confronting the patient directly**
- B. Emphasizing change as a priority**
- C. Working with the patient's unwillingness to change**
- D. Encouraging immediate action**

The principle "Roll with Resistance" in Motivational Interviewing emphasizes the importance of collaborating with a patient rather than opposing or confronting their feelings of resistance to change. Instead of pushing against the patient's hesitations or unwillingness, the practitioner seeks to understand and work with those feelings. This approach recognizes that resistance can be a natural part of the change process and often signals ambivalence or fear regarding change. By "rolling with" resistance, the healthcare provider can foster an environment where the patient feels heard and validated, which is crucial for building rapport and trust. This method encourages exploration of the ambivalence without judgment, allowing patients to express their concerns and fostering a sense of autonomy. As they voice their feelings, they may gain insights into their motivations for change, which can gradually lead to a readiness to engage in the change process. In contrast, confronting the patient directly would likely exacerbate feelings of resistance rather than address them constructively. Emphasizing change as a priority may overlook the patient's current emotional state and may provoke defensiveness. Encouraging immediate action might pressure the patient before they are ready, thus shutting down the conversation rather than fostering understanding and motivation. Therefore, working with the patient's unwillingness to change aligns best with the principles of Motivational Interviewing.

6. Why is stress management considered crucial in Lifestyle Medicine?

- A. It leads to weight gain**
- B. It eliminates the need for medication**
- C. Chronic stress can lead to inflammation and increased disease risk**
- D. It makes physical activity unnecessary**

Stress management is considered crucial in Lifestyle Medicine primarily because chronic stress can lead to inflammation and an increased risk of various diseases. When an individual experiences prolonged stress, their body enters a state of heightened alertness, which can cause physiological changes that are detrimental to health. This state can trigger the release of stress hormones like cortisol, promoting inflammation, which is linked to a range of health issues such as cardiovascular disease, diabetes, and autoimmune disorders. Furthermore, effective stress management techniques can enhance overall well-being, improve emotional resilience, and contribute positively to lifestyle choices such as diet and physical activity. By addressing stress, individuals can improve their quality of life and potentially decrease the risk of developing stress-related health conditions. This understanding highlights the importance of incorporating stress management strategies as a fundamental component of Lifestyle Medicine.

7. Is there clear evidence that treating depression improves coronary artery disease prognosis?

- A. Yes, it improves prognosis**
- B. No, there is no clear evidence**
- C. Only in mild cases**
- D. Only with medication**

The assertion that there is no clear evidence that treating depression improves coronary artery disease prognosis is grounded in the complexity of the relationship between these two conditions. Research indicates that while depression is linked to worse outcomes in patients with coronary artery disease, the effectiveness of treating depression on improving cardiovascular outcomes is not consistently demonstrated across studies. The challenges arise from various factors, including the multifactorial nature of coronary artery disease and the fact that depression treatment may not directly address the underlying biological or lifestyle risk factors for heart disease. While managing depression can enhance a patient's overall quality of life and may help with adherence to lifestyle changes or medication regimens, the direct impact on the prognosis of coronary artery disease remains uncertain. This lack of clear evidence is not due to the question being dismissed outright but rather reflects ongoing research and differing outcomes in clinical trials. Therefore, concluding that treating depression does not clearly translate into improved coronary artery disease prognostic outcomes is a reasonable stance based on current findings in the literature.

8. What is the purpose of screening all patients for risky alcohol use?

- A. To measure their motivation**
- B. To understand their lifestyle choices**
- C. To identify health risks early**
- D. To promote social gatherings**

Screening all patients for risky alcohol use is primarily aimed at identifying health risks early. This process enables healthcare providers to detect potential alcohol use disorders or related health issues before they develop into more serious problems. Early identification allows for timely interventions, which can lead to better health outcomes for patients. When patients are screened, healthcare providers can assess patterns of alcohol consumption that may be harmful and can initiate discussions about reducing or eliminating risky behaviors. This approach is proactive and emphasizes prevention, making it a critical component of comprehensive patient care in lifestyle medicine. By identifying health risks associated with alcohol use early on, healthcare professionals can guide patients toward safer choices and appropriate treatments, which can significantly improve quality of life and reduce the burden of alcohol-related health issues.

9. What is the diagnosis criteria for Alcohol Use Disorder?

- A. Presence of at least 1 symptom in a 12mo period**
- B. Presence of at least 2 symptoms in a 12mo period**
- C. Presence of at least 3 symptoms in a 12mo period**
- D. Presence of at least 4 symptoms in a 12mo period**

The diagnosis criterion for Alcohol Use Disorder is based on the presence of at least two symptoms within a 12-month period. This criterion is established in the DSM-5 (Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fifth Edition) and reflects a range of problematic behaviors and experiences linked to alcohol use. These symptoms can include a desire to cut down on alcohol use without success, increased tolerance to alcohol, withdrawal symptoms when alcohol use is reduced, and continued use despite negative consequences, among others. Having at least two of these symptoms indicates that an individual's alcohol use is problematic enough to qualify as a disorder, suggesting a more significant impact on their daily functioning or health. Meeting this threshold (two symptoms) is critical because it ensures that individuals who are experiencing moderate levels of alcohol use problems are identified and can receive appropriate interventions, rather than requiring a higher number of symptoms which might delay necessary treatment. This inclusive approach is important for addressing varying severities of the disorder.

10. Which of the following best describes the concept of autonomy in wellness coaching?

- A. Dedication to group goals**
- B. Ability to make independent choices**
- C. Reliance on external motivation**
- D. Influence from peers**

The concept of autonomy in wellness coaching primarily refers to the ability of individuals to make independent choices regarding their health and well-being. Autonomy emphasizes personal agency, where clients feel empowered to take charge of their own decisions rather than simply following others or relying on external pressures. This aspect is crucial because when clients are able to make autonomous decisions, they are more likely to be engaged and committed to their wellness journey, leading to sustainable lifestyle changes. In wellness coaching, fostering autonomy means supporting clients in identifying their personal values, goals, and motivations so that their choices resonate with their authentic selves. This self-directed approach encourages responsibility and ownership, which are key elements of successful behavior change.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://alcmboard.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!