

Alberta Written Class 4 Drivers License Practice Test (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

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SAMPLE

Questions

- 1. What should you do if your vehicle starts to skid?**
 - A. Brake hard and turn the wheel sharply**
 - B. Steer in the direction you want the front of the vehicle to go**
 - C. Accelerate to gain traction**
 - D. Steer in the opposite direction of the skid**
- 2. What is the meaning of a double solid line?**
 - A. No passing in either direction**
 - B. Passing allowed only on weekends**
 - C. No parking in both directions**
 - D. Passing allowed only during the day**
- 3. What is a no-passing zone indicated by?**
 - A. A solid white line**
 - B. A dashed yellow line**
 - C. A solid yellow line**
 - D. A dashed white line**
- 4. Which tire feature must be checked for adequate depth during vehicle inspections?**
 - A. 2.05 mm**
 - B. 1.6 mm**
 - C. 3.5 mm**
 - D. 4.0 mm**
- 5. Which of the following is part of maintaining a driver's safety?**
 - A. Avoiding drug use while driving**
 - B. Keeping windows tinted**
 - C. Using navigation systems**
 - D. Driving with headlights off**

- 6. What is the purpose of a 'no turn on red' sign?**
- A. It allows turning when flashed**
 - B. It indicates that you may turn with caution**
 - C. It requires you to stop and wait for a green signal before turning**
 - D. It informs of a red light camera ahead**
- 7. What is the role of a Class 4 Vehicle in Alberta?**
- A. To transport hazardous materials**
 - B. To operate as a taxi cab**
 - C. To transport passengers for commercial purposes**
 - D. To function as a private vehicle for personal use**
- 8. What does a solid yellow line mean?**
- A. You may pass only when it is safe**
 - B. Passing is not allowed**
 - C. It indicates a pedestrian crossing**
 - D. It is used for bike lanes only**
- 9. What type of vehicle is described as having axles only at or near its rear end?**
- A. A truck tractor**
 - B. A farm vehicle**
 - C. A towed trailer**
 - D. A single-axle truck**
- 10. What does it mean if a school zone sign is flashing?**
- A. No stopping is allowed**
 - B. Speed limit is reduced for school hours**
 - C. School is out for the day**
 - D. Children are permitted to cross at any time**

Answers

SAMPLE

1. B
2. A
3. C
4. B
5. A
6. C
7. C
8. B
9. C
10. B

SAMPLE

Explanations

SAMPLE

1. What should you do if your vehicle starts to skid?

- A. Brake hard and turn the wheel sharply
- B. Steer in the direction you want the front of the vehicle to go**
- C. Accelerate to gain traction
- D. Steer in the opposite direction of the skid

When your vehicle starts to skid, the appropriate response is to steer in the direction you want the front of the vehicle to go. This technique is commonly referred to as "steering into the skid." By doing this, you help realign the tires with the direction of the vehicle's movement, which can regain traction and stability. This method is effective because, during a skid, the rear tires lose grip on the road and may swing out. By turning the steering wheel in the direction of the skid, you encourage the vehicle to regain its balance and restore control. This response minimizes the likelihood of over-correcting, which can lead to a more severe loss of control. In contrast, braking hard can exacerbate the skid by locking the wheels and increasing the likelihood of losing control. Accelerating is counterproductive as it can further diminish traction, and steering in the opposite direction of the skid complicates the situation and may result in a spinout. Understanding the correct technique for handling skids is crucial for maintaining safety on the road, especially in adverse weather conditions.

2. What is the meaning of a double solid line?

- A. No passing in either direction**
- B. Passing allowed only on weekends
- C. No parking in both directions
- D. Passing allowed only during the day

A double solid line signifies that there is no passing allowed in either direction. This marking is used to indicate that the roadway has conditions that make it unsafe for vehicles to change lanes or overtake another vehicle. The double solid line serves as a clear and strong visual cue for drivers to adhere to safety regulations, ensuring that they do not attempt to pass even when they may feel it is safe to do so. Such conditions could include areas with limited visibility, high traffic volumes, or potential pedestrian crossings. The design of the line emphasizes the importance of staying in one's lane for the sake of safety for all road users. Understanding this marking is crucial for drivers to maintain safe driving practices and avoid causing accidents.

3. What is a no-passing zone indicated by?

- A. A solid white line
- B. A dashed yellow line
- C. A solid yellow line**
- D. A dashed white line

A no-passing zone is indicated by a solid yellow line. This solid line conveys that drivers are not allowed to pass other vehicles in that area, as it signifies that visibility or road conditions may be unsafe for overtaking. The solid yellow line serves as a clear and universal warning to drivers that passing is prohibited, helping to enhance safety on the road. The presence of other line types, such as dashed yellow or white lines, indicates different driving rules. For instance, a dashed yellow line suggests that passing is permitted in certain circumstances, while a solid white line is often used to mark the edge of the roadway or to delineate between lanes where lane changes are not advised. Thus, understanding the significance of these markings, especially the solid yellow line, is crucial for safe driving practices and adherence to traffic laws.

4. Which tire feature must be checked for adequate depth during vehicle inspections?

- A. 2.05 mm
- B. 1.6 mm**
- C. 3.5 mm
- D. 4.0 mm

The correct depth that must be checked for tire tread during vehicle inspections is 1.6 mm. This measurement is crucial because it represents the minimum legal tread depth requirement for safe driving in Alberta. Adequate tire tread ensures that the tires maintain traction on wet or slippery roads, significantly impacting stopping distances and overall vehicle control. When tread depth falls below this threshold, tires may become ineffective in channeling away water, increasing the risk of hydroplaning and reducing the vehicle's grip on the road surface. Thus, ensuring that the tires have at least 1.6 mm of tread depth is essential for the safety of the driver, passengers, and other road users.

5. Which of the following is part of maintaining a driver's safety?

- A. Avoiding drug use while driving**
- B. Keeping windows tinted**
- C. Using navigation systems**
- D. Driving with headlights off**

Maintaining a driver's safety is heavily influenced by the choices made while operating a vehicle. Avoiding drug use while driving is crucial because drugs, whether they are illegal substances or prescription medications, can significantly impair judgment, reaction times, and overall decision-making ability. By choosing to drive sober, a driver is more capable of making safe choices while on the road, recognizing hazards, and responding appropriately to unexpected situations. The other options do not contribute directly to enhancing a driver's safety in the same manner. Window tinting may provide comfort from sunlight and potentially increase privacy, but it can also obstruct visibility if not done appropriately. Using navigation systems can make travel easier but does not inherently improve safety if it causes distractions. Driving with headlights off poses a serious safety hazard, particularly at night or in poor visibility conditions, increasing the risk of accidents. Therefore, avoiding drug use while behind the wheel is pivotal for ensuring one's safety and the safety of others on the road.

6. What is the purpose of a 'no turn on red' sign?

- A. It allows turning when flashed**
- B. It indicates that you may turn with caution**
- C. It requires you to stop and wait for a green signal before turning**
- D. It informs of a red light camera ahead**

The 'no turn on red' sign is important for ensuring safety at intersections. Its primary purpose is to require drivers to stop and wait for a green signal before making a turn at a red light. This regulation is in place to prevent potential accidents, especially in busy areas where turning right on red could lead to conflicts with pedestrians crossing the intersection or other vehicles traveling through the intersection. Certain intersections might have increased pedestrian foot traffic, or visibility issues that make turning on red hazardous, which is why the prohibition is implemented. Recognizing this sign means that drivers must be patient and comply with the traffic signal for the safety of all road users.

7. What is the role of a Class 4 Vehicle in Alberta?

- A. To transport hazardous materials
- B. To operate as a taxi cab
- C. To transport passengers for commercial purposes**
- D. To function as a private vehicle for personal use

The role of a Class 4 Vehicle in Alberta is specifically designed for the transportation of passengers for commercial purposes. This classification is crucial in regulating drivers who are custodians of public safety while serving the needs of the community. This may include operational vehicles like taxis and limousines, where the primary focus is on carrying passengers in exchange for a fee. By having a dedicated license class for this type of operation, the province ensures that drivers have the requisite training and knowledge concerning passenger safety, vehicle operation, and applicable regulations. This regulation plays a significant role in supporting safe transportation services within Alberta's urban and rural areas, emphasizing the need for a structured approach to commercial passenger transport. Proper licensing helps to assure passengers that drivers meet specific standards of competency and safety.

8. What does a solid yellow line mean?

- A. You may pass only when it is safe
- B. Passing is not allowed**
- C. It indicates a pedestrian crossing
- D. It is used for bike lanes only

A solid yellow line signifies that passing is not allowed. This means drivers are prohibited from crossing the line to overtake another vehicle. The yellow line acts as a clear visual cue to indicate that the road conditions, visibility, or proximity to oncoming traffic make passing unsafe. It is designed to help prevent accidents by discouraging maneuvers that could lead to dangerous situations, especially in areas where visibility is limited or on roads with higher traffic volumes. In contrast, a dashed or broken yellow line would indicate that passing is permissible when it is safe to do so. Other options, such as indicating a pedestrian crossing or being exclusively for bike lanes, are not applicable to a solid yellow line, as its primary function is to regulate vehicle passing.

9. What type of vehicle is described as having axles only at or near its rear end?

- A. A truck tractor
- B. A farm vehicle
- C. A towed trailer**
- D. A single-axle truck

The correct answer describes a towed trailer, which is primarily designed to be pulled by another vehicle. Towed trailers typically have their axles located at or near the rear, allowing them to be hitched to a towing vehicle for transport. This positioning helps distribute weight effectively during travel and enables better handling and stability when being towed. In contrast, a truck tractor typically has multiple axles configured to handle heavy loads, often located in the front and rear for better weight distribution and control. A farm vehicle may have various axle configurations depending on its design and intended use but does not specifically fit the description of having axles only at the rear. A single-axle truck usually has a front and a rear axle, which does not align with the specific definition of having axles only at or near the rear end.

10. What does it mean if a school zone sign is flashing?

- A. No stopping is allowed**
- B. Speed limit is reduced for school hours**
- C. School is out for the day**
- D. Children are permitted to cross at any time**

When a school zone sign is flashing, it indicates that the speed limit is temporarily reduced for school hours. This alert is particularly important during times when children are arriving at or leaving from school, as it helps to enhance safety in areas where young pedestrians may be present. Flashing lights serve as a warning to drivers that they need to slow down and remain vigilant, as children may be in the vicinity, increasing the risk of accidents. The flashing lights typically convey a specific time frame when the reduced speed limit is in effect, which is often aligned with school hours. This measure is crucial for maximizing safety and ensuring that drivers are aware of their responsibility to adapt their speed in response to the presence of school children. Understanding this traffic control measure helps drivers comply with regulations designed to protect vulnerable road users, such as children who may be crossing the street or walking near the school. A failure to observe flashing lights could result in hefty fines, and more importantly, it would place children at risk.