

Alberta Class 1 License Practice Exam (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

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- 1. When driving a big truck onto a right turn, what should the driver do?**
 - A. Aim to keep the vehicle aligned in the center of the lane**
 - B. Use his or her mirrors to monitor the path of the rear wheels**
 - C. Keep the front of the vehicle closer to the center of the road**
 - D. Keep the front of the vehicle closer to the right side of the road**

- 2. The Brake Check Exit sign would be most consistent with warning drivers about...**
 - A. Construction Ahead**
 - B. Lane Reduction**
 - C. Brake Check Exit**
 - D. Hospital Zone**

- 3. When transporting people with disabilities by city bus, which practice is best?**
 - A. Treat all people with intellectual disabilities the same**
 - B. Get the full medical history of someone with disabilities before transporting them**
 - C. Always communicate with your passengers and be understanding of their needs**
 - D. Never delay your schedule by assisting someone with a disability**

- 4. When are emergency vehicle drivers excluded from the law against texting and driving?**
 - A. When their siren and lights are activated**
 - B. The hours between sunset and sunrise (night)**
 - C. When they have made a clear assessment that operating a handheld device would not pose a danger**
 - D. When acting within the scope of their employment**

- 5. What motion should you use when pumping the fire extinguisher?**
- A. Sweep the extinguisher towards where the wind is blowing**
 - B. Sweep the extinguisher up-and-down, starting at the base of the fire**
 - C. Sweep the extinguisher from side-to-side starting at one side of the fire**
 - D. Sweep the extinguisher from side-to-side, starting from the middle of the fire**
- 6. Which category of hazardous goods requires paperwork to be kept in the vehicle with the owner's signature and the name of the authorized driver?**
- A. Gases**
 - B. Explosives**
 - C. Flammable liquids**
 - D. Radioactive materials**
- 7. Identify the meaning of the sign that explicitly reads Brake Check Exit.**
- A. Brake Check Exit**
 - B. Exit Ahead**
 - C. Do Not Enter**
 - D. No Parking**
- 8. When do most collisions caused by weariness happen?**
- A. Between 9pm and midnight**
 - B. Between 2 and 6am**
 - C. At sunset**
 - D. During weekends**
- 9. When there are two left-turn lanes available, which lane should you use for a left turn?**
- A. Inner left turning lane**
 - B. Outer left turning lane**
 - C. Center lane**
 - D. Rightmost lane**

10. On a road with a Brake Check Exit sign, drivers should be prepared for...

- A. A toll booth**
- B. A school zone**
- C. A merging lane**
- D. Brake Check Exit**

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Answers

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1. C
2. C
3. C
4. D
5. C
6. B
7. A
8. B
9. B
10. D

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Explanations

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1. When driving a big truck onto a right turn, what should the driver do?

- A. Aim to keep the vehicle aligned in the center of the lane**
- B. Use his or her mirrors to monitor the path of the rear wheels**
- C. Keep the front of the vehicle closer the the center of the road**
- D. Keep the front of the vehicle closer to the right side of the road**

When a heavy vehicle makes a right turn, the front of the truck and the trailer don't follow the same path—the trailer needs more room to swing out. If you stay too close to the right edge, the trailer can cut the corner and hit the curb. Keeping the front of the vehicle toward the center of the road gives the trailer the clearance it needs to follow its wider path through the turn and stay in the lane. This positioning reduces the risk of the rear end contact with the curb while you complete the turn. Monitoring with mirrors is important, but the crucial action is where you place the front end as you begin the turn.

2. The Brake Check Exit sign would be most consistent with warning drivers about...

- A. Construction Ahead**
- B. Lane Reduction**
- C. Brake Check Exit**
- D. Hospital Zone**

Recognizing warnings about a specific driving hazard ahead. A Brake Check Exit sign tells you that as you approach the exit, some drivers may brake abruptly, either to test following distance or to slow for the ramp. Because of this, you should slow down, increase your following distance, and stay ready to react if the vehicle in front of you brakes suddenly. This helps prevent being rear-ended during those abrupt decelerations. The other options refer to different hazards: construction ahead signals work zones, lane reduction warns of fewer lanes, and a hospital zone indicates special rules near medical facilities.

3. When transporting people with disabilities by city bus, which practice is best?

- A. Treat all people with intellectual disabilities the same**
- B. Get the full medical history of someone with disabilities before transporting them**
- C. Always communicate with your passengers and be understanding of their needs**
- D. Never delay your schedule by assisting someone with a disability**

Clear, respectful communication with passengers who have disabilities is essential. When you're transporting people by city bus, the best practice is to talk with them, ask how you can help, and tailor your assistance to their individual needs. This ensures safety—you can determine if they need a ramp, help boarding, or securing a mobility device—while preserving dignity by not making assumptions about their abilities. It also avoids unnecessary privacy concerns from seeking medical history and prevents unnecessary delays by coordinating directly with the person. Treating everyone as identical ignores individual needs, and delaying service to accommodate someone can undermine safety and reliability. By prioritizing direct communication and understanding, you create a safer, more inclusive ride for all passengers.

4. When are emergency vehicle drivers excluded from the law against texting and driving?

- A. When their siren and lights are activated**
- B. The hours between sunset and sunrise (night)**
- C. When they have made a clear assessment that operating a handheld device would not pose a danger**
- D. When acting within the scope of their employment**

Emergency responders are exempt from the texting ban when they are performing official duties. That means the prohibition doesn't apply if they are acting within the scope of their employment and using a handheld device as part of their job to coordinate or respond to an emergency. The exemption isn't triggered just by having lights and sirens on, or by the time of day, or by a belief that texting wouldn't pose a danger. The allowed use is tied to being on duty and carrying out legitimate duties, not personal use.

5. What motion should you use when pumping the fire extinguisher?
- A. Sweep the extinguisher towards where the wind is blowing
 - B. Sweep the extinguisher up-and-down, starting at the base of the fire
 - C. Sweep the extinguisher from side-to-side starting at one side of the fire**
 - D. Sweep the extinguisher from side-to-side, starting from the middle of the fire

When using a fire extinguisher, you want to attack the fuel at the base of the fire with a controlled side-to-side sweep. Starting from one side and moving across to the other covers the entire base, cutting off the heat and reducing the flames where the fuel is feeding the fire. Sweeping upward or starting in the middle risks missing the base and letting the fire continue to spread. A side-to-side motion at the base is the most effective way to blanket the fire and maximize your chances of putting it out.

6. Which category of hazardous goods requires paperwork to be kept in the vehicle with the owner's signature and the name of the authorized driver?
- A. Gases
 - B. Explosives**
 - C. Flammable liquids
 - D. Radioactive materials

Explosives have the strictest controls among hazardous goods, so the documentation for them is kept with the shipment and carries clear accountability. The dangerous goods transport document for explosives must stay in the vehicle and include the owner's signature and the name of the authorized driver. This setup provides an immediate, verifiable record of who declared the goods, who authorized the transport, and who is actually operating the vehicle. It helps inspectors quickly confirm compliance and trace responsibility if anything goes wrong. Other classes require shipping documents too, but the explicit requirement to keep the paperwork in the vehicle with the owner's signature and the driver's name is a specific, heightened precaution tied to transporting explosives.

7. Identify the meaning of the sign that explicitly reads Brake Check Exit.
- A. Brake Check Exit**
 - B. Exit Ahead
 - C. Do Not Enter
 - D. No Parking

The sign communicates a direct instruction: this exit is designated for brake checks. It's a literal label telling drivers that the purpose of this exit is to perform brake testing or inspections, typically for vehicles with heavy braking requirements like trucks. The other phrases shown in the choices don't match what the sign says, so they wouldn't be correct interpretations. When you see a sign that literally states Brake Check Exit, you should understand that the exit ahead serves as a brake-check area.

8. When do most collisions caused by weariness happen?

- A. Between 9pm and midnight
- B. Between 2 and 6am**
- C. At sunset
- D. During weekends

Fatigue reduces your alertness, slows reaction times, and can cause you to nod off behind the wheel. The highest risk of fatigue-related crashes occurs during the body's natural sleep lull in the early morning, typically between 2 and 6 a.m. During these hours your brain is least prepared to process information and respond to hazards, which makes even a brief lapse in attention dangerous on the road. While driving later in the evening or at sunset can feel tiring and weekends may change traffic patterns, the window with the strongest weariness risk is the early-morning hours. To stay safe, avoid long drives during that time, take breaks if you feel sleepy, and stop to rest if needed.

9. When there are two left-turn lanes available, which lane should you use for a left turn?

- A. Inner left turning lane
- B. Outer left turning lane**
- C. Center lane
- D. Rightmost lane

When there are two left-turn lanes, use the outer left turning lane because it keeps your turning path clear and minimizes conflicts with other vehicles. Staying in the outer lane helps you start the turn from a position that typically guides you smoothly into the cross street without weaving into the inner lane or blocking other traffic finishing their turns. Before you move, signal in advance, check for oncoming vehicles and pedestrians, and ensure the path ahead is clear so you can complete the turn safely into the cross street's appropriate lane.

10. On a road with a Brake Check Exit sign, drivers should be prepared for...

- A. A toll booth
- B. A school zone
- C. A merging lane
- D. Brake Check Exit**

Recognizing brake-check signs and knowing what action to take when you see one. A Brake Check Exit signals that there is an area ahead where brakes may be tested or where enforcement may require vehicles to stop for a brake check. Because of this, you should slow down, stay alert, and be prepared to stop or proceed with extra caution if instructed. It's not indicating a toll booth, a school zone, or a merging lane, which would be indicated by different signs. The key idea is to anticipate a braking-check situation ahead and adjust your speed and attention accordingly.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://albertaclass1license.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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