

AHIMA VLab Practice Test (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 - 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

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- 1. Which of the following could significantly impact reimbursement for this case as documented on the ICD-10 Summary screen?**
 - A. Length of stay**
 - B. Age of patient**
 - C. Previous hospital visits**
 - D. Language spoken**

- 2. The Coding Handbook reference for the Principal Procedure 4A023N8 identifies which two characters for further explanation?**
 - A. 8 and 9**
 - B. 6 and 7**
 - C. 4 and 5**
 - D. 2 and 3**

- 3. What is one of the main tasks of a medical coding audit?**
 - A. To reduce employee turnover**
 - B. To ensure compliance with health regulations**
 - C. To facilitate patient payments**
 - D. To expand healthcare services offered**

- 4. True or false? This encounter requires coding of prolonged services.**
 - A. True**
 - B. False**
 - C. Depends on the documentation**
 - D. Only if instructed by a supervisor**

- 5. Which of the following describes the coding clinic reviewed for the Admit Diagnosis - Weakness?**
 - A. Do not assign a code**
 - B. Assign a code for weakness as explained in the coding clinic example**
 - C. Only assign a code if weakness is a primary diagnosis**
 - D. Assign a code based on the patient's age**

- 6. Which product option was selected?**
- A. ICD-10**
 - B. DRGFINDER**
 - C. ICD-9-CM**
 - D. Medicare**
- 7. What characterizes a value-based care model?**
- A. Emphasis on the number of services over quality**
 - B. Focus on improving health outcomes at lower costs**
 - C. Prioritization of short-term patient visits**
 - D. Strict adherence to traditional healthcare practices**
- 8. How does the coder determine the time for Visit 2 in a specific example?**
- A. By estimating the average time for similar visits**
 - B. Using the provider documentation in the visit note**
 - C. By reviewing the patient's history**
 - D. According to a predetermined time frame**
- 9. What does 'patient safety culture' in healthcare settings refer to?**
- A. A set of technological advancements for patient care**
 - B. A methodology for financial management in healthcare**
 - C. A set of shared beliefs, practices, and attitudes that prioritize safety within healthcare organizations**
 - D. A standard protocol for patient service delivery**
- 10. According to the Dorland's Medical Dictionary Reference, what is the term "ailurophobia" defined as?**
- A. A fear of dogs**
 - B. A fear of cats**
 - C. A phobia of heights**
 - D. A fear of open spaces**

Answers

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1. A
2. B
3. B
4. B
5. B
6. B
7. B
8. B
9. C
10. B

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Explanations

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1. Which of the following could significantly impact reimbursement for this case as documented on the ICD-10 Summary screen?

- A. Length of stay**
- B. Age of patient**
- C. Previous hospital visits**
- D. Language spoken**

The length of stay is a crucial factor that can significantly impact reimbursement for a case. In healthcare reimbursement systems, particularly those utilizing diagnosis-related groups (DRGs), the length of stay often correlates with the complexity and severity of a patient's condition. A longer length of stay can indicate more complicated medical needs, potentially leading to higher reimbursement rates since it reflects the higher resource utilization by the healthcare facility. Facilities are incentivized to manage patient care efficiently, and the reimbursement models may penalize extended stays that are not justified by medical necessity. However, if a patient's condition genuinely requires a long duration of hospitalization, it may warrant a higher reimbursement due to the additional services rendered, medications provided, and overall care required. Understanding this relationship is essential for healthcare professionals who work with coding and billing, as it helps ensure that the facility is compensated fairly for the resources spent on patient care and that patients receive the appropriate level of service for their specific health needs.

2. The Coding Handbook reference for the Principal Procedure 4A023N8 identifies which two characters for further explanation?

- A. 8 and 9**
- B. 6 and 7**
- C. 4 and 5**
- D. 2 and 3**

The correct answer identifies characters 6 and 7 associated with the Principal Procedure code 4A023N8 as the characters that require further explanation. In the context of coding, these characters typically provide specific details about the procedure performed, including the approach and body part involved. Character 6 usually refers to the approach used during the procedure—whether it was open, percutaneous, or another method—which is crucial for accurately coding and documenting the procedure in medical records. Character 7 often indicates the specific type of qualifying information or additional details relevant to the procedure such as whether there were any complications or special circumstances. In this case, understanding the specific roles of characters 6 and 7 enables coders to convey the complexity of the procedure accurately, ensuring proper billing and adherence to coding standards. This also highlights the need for coders to be familiar with the coding guidelines to ensure they use the correct codes for reimbursement and legal documentation purposes.

3. What is one of the main tasks of a medical coding audit?

- A. To reduce employee turnover
- B. To ensure compliance with health regulations**
- C. To facilitate patient payments
- D. To expand healthcare services offered

One of the main tasks of a medical coding audit is to ensure compliance with health regulations. This process involves reviewing coding practices to verify that they align with established guidelines and laws, such as those set by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) and other regulatory bodies. Conducting audits helps healthcare organizations identify coding errors, improve accuracy in billing, and mitigate the risk of financial penalties due to improper coding or billing practices. This focus on compliance not only safeguards the organization but also supports the integrity of the healthcare system by maintaining accurate records and ensuring that claims submitted to insurers are justified and compliant with regulatory standards. This is essential for maintaining trust and accountability within the healthcare industry.

4. True or false? This encounter requires coding of prolonged services.

- A. True
- B. False**
- C. Depends on the documentation
- D. Only if instructed by a supervisor

The assertion that the encounter requires coding of prolonged services is false. Prolonged service codes are specifically used for situations where a healthcare provider spends significantly more time beyond the typical duration of a service to provide care or manage a patient's condition. In order to code for prolonged services, specific criteria need to be met, including clear documentation of the extended time spent and the type of service performed. If this documentation or justification is not present, or if the services rendered do not exceed the standard time thresholds, then coding for prolonged services is unnecessary. In this case, unless detailed documentation is provided that clearly supports the need for coding such services, it is concluded that prolonged services coding is not applicable for this specific encounter. Hence, stating that the requirement is false aligns with the coding standards and regulations.

5. Which of the following describes the coding clinic reviewed for the Admit Diagnosis - Weakness?

A. Do not assign a code

B. Assign a code for weakness as explained in the coding clinic example

C. Only assign a code if weakness is a primary diagnosis

D. Assign a code based on the patient's age

Assigning a code for weakness as explained in the coding clinic example is appropriate because the coding clinic provides guidance on when it is clinically justified to code a specific symptom like weakness. In medical coding, symptoms can often be significant in determining the overall health status of a patient or can reflect an underlying condition that should be documented for accurate coding and treatment purposes. In many cases, weakness as a symptom can be indicative of various underlying medical issues, and the coding clinic emphasizes the importance of accurately coding such symptoms to provide a complete picture of the patient's health. This is especially relevant when weakness is part of the clinical picture that helps guide treatment decisions or reflects the severity of the patient's condition. In contrast, the other options either suggest not coding when it may be necessary to do so or impose unnecessary restrictions on coding related to primary diagnosis or patient demographics, which do not align with the intent and guidance provided in the coding clinic. The focus of coding is to ensure all relevant patient information is captured accurately and comprehensively, which is why option B aligns with those principles.

6. Which product option was selected?

A. ICD-10

B. DRGFINDER

C. ICD-9-CM

D. Medicare

The selection of DRGFINDER as the correct option relates to its specific function in the healthcare industry. DRGFINDER is a tool designed to assist healthcare professionals, particularly coders and billers, in identifying the correct Diagnosis-Related Groups (DRGs) for inpatient hospital billing. It provides critical support in selecting the appropriate DRG based on the diagnoses and procedures associated with patient care, which is essential for accurate reimbursement from payers. In contrast, the other options serve different purposes. ICD-10 and ICD-9-CM are classification systems for the coding of diagnoses and procedures; they are used for documenting the medical history of patients but do not offer the same application as DRGFINDER in terms of determining DRGs. Medicare is a federal health insurance program; while it is a payer that utilizes DRGs for hospital payment, it is not a tool or product option like DRGFINDER, which has a more focused role in coding and billing processes. Thus, DRGFINDER stands out for its direct application in the context of DRG assignment.

7. What characterizes a value-based care model?

- A. Emphasis on the number of services over quality
- B. Focus on improving health outcomes at lower costs**
- C. Prioritization of short-term patient visits
- D. Strict adherence to traditional healthcare practices

A value-based care model is characterized by a focus on improving health outcomes for patients while also managing healthcare costs more effectively. This approach incentivizes healthcare providers to deliver higher quality care rather than simply increasing the volume of services provided. In this model, the performance of healthcare providers is measured by the outcomes of care, such as patient satisfaction and health improvements, rather than the quantity of services rendered. The emphasis on achieving better health outcomes at lower costs promotes a collaborative and preventive approach to patient care, encouraging providers to engage patients in their own health management. This operational shift is designed to reduce unnecessary procedures and hospitalizations, leading to a more sustainable healthcare system. The other choices highlight attributes that do not align with the principles of value-based care; for instance, an emphasis on the quantity of services contradicts the foundational focus on quality and outcomes, while prioritizing short-term visits or strict adherence to traditional practices limits the potential for continuous improvement and innovation in patient care.

8. How does the coder determine the time for Visit 2 in a specific example?

- A. By estimating the average time for similar visits
- B. Using the provider documentation in the visit note**
- C. By reviewing the patient's history
- D. According to a predetermined time frame

In the context of coding for medical visits, the most accurate method for determining the time for Visit 2 is by using the provider documentation in the visit note. This documentation typically includes specific details such as the nature of the visit, the complexity of the services rendered, and any other relevant information directly from the healthcare provider who conducted the visit. Provider documentation provides a clear and objective record of what occurred during the visit, including the time spent addressing various issues with the patient. This means that the coder can reference these notes to ascertain the exact time associated with that visit, ensuring that coding aligns with the services provided. While other methods, such as estimating average times for similar visits or reviewing patient history, may offer some context, they do not provide the specificity and accuracy needed for accurate coding. Also, relying solely on predetermined time frames can oversimplify individual patient encounters, ignoring the nuances captured in detailed documentation. Thus, accurate coding relies heavily on the provider's notes to reflect the actual encounter, making this choice the most appropriate for determining the time for a visit.

9. What does 'patient safety culture' in healthcare settings refer to?

- A. A set of technological advancements for patient care**
- B. A methodology for financial management in healthcare**
- C. A set of shared beliefs, practices, and attitudes that prioritize safety within healthcare organizations**
- D. A standard protocol for patient service delivery**

'Patient safety culture' in healthcare settings refers to a set of shared beliefs, practices, and attitudes that prioritize safety within healthcare organizations. This culture emphasizes the importance of creating an environment where healthcare professionals are encouraged to communicate openly about safety concerns, report errors without fear of punishment, and actively participate in improving patient safety. A strong patient safety culture leads to better teamwork, enhanced communication, and an overall focus on minimizing risks to patients. It is essential for fostering an environment where staff feel empowered to identify safety issues and contribute to solutions, ultimately improving patient care and outcomes. In contrast, technological advancements or financial management methodologies do not directly address the social and organizational aspects that affect safety, and standard protocols for patient service delivery may not encompass the broader cultural elements that influence safety practices within a healthcare organization.

10. According to the Dorland's Medical Dictionary Reference, what is the term "ailurophobia" defined as?

- A. A fear of dogs**
- B. A fear of cats**
- C. A phobia of heights**
- D. A fear of open spaces**

Ailurophobia is defined as an irrational fear of cats. This term is derived from the Greek word "ailuros," meaning cat, and "phobos," meaning fear. Individuals with ailurophobia may experience anxiety or panic when they encounter cats or even think about them. This specific phobia can impact a person's daily life, especially if they avoid places where they might come into contact with cats. Understanding this term is important for those studying psychology, veterinary science, or animal behavior, as it highlights how phobias can manifest in particular ways related to specific animals. The other options relate to different types of phobias, such as fear of dogs or heights, but none pertain to the fear of cats specifically.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://ahimavlab.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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