Admission Test for Dental Hygiene (ATDH) Practice (Sample)

Study Guide



Everything you need from our exam experts!

Copyright © 2025 by Examzify - A Kaluba Technologies Inc. product.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

No part of this book may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means, graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, web distribution, taping, or by any information storage retrieval system, without the written permission of the author.

Notice: Examzify makes every reasonable effort to obtain from reliable sources accurate, complete, and timely information about this product.



Questions



- 1. What can cause periodontal disease if not properly managed?
 - A. Excessive brushing
 - B. Poor oral hygiene
 - C. Frequent dental visits
 - D. Consumption of hard foods
- 2. What is a common symptom of temporomandibular joint disorder (TMJD)?
 - A. Headaches
 - B. Jaw pain or clicking sounds
 - C. Neck stiffness
 - D. Ear ringing
- 3. Which health condition is strongly associated with oral health issues?
 - A. Diabetes
 - **B.** Hypertension
 - C. Asthma
 - D. Heart disease
- 4. In literature, which of the following indicates a deeper meaning behind a character's actions?
 - A. Subtext
 - **B. Symbolism**
 - C. Dialogue
 - D. Foreshadowing
- 5. What is the primary goal of patient education in dental hygiene?
 - A. To perform dental cleanings
 - B. To promote oral health and prevent disease
 - C. To schedule follow-up appointments
 - D. To take X-rays and diagnose issues

- 6. What role does mRNA play in a cell?
 - A. Transports amino acids
 - B. Acts as the messenger between DNA and protein production
 - C. Parts of the ribosome
 - D. Regulates cellular processes
- 7. Which comparison uses the words 'like' or 'as'?
 - A. Metaphor
 - **B.** Satire
 - C. Simile
 - D. Hyperbole
- 8. What is the primary goal of a fluoride varnish application?
 - A. To whiten teeth
 - B. To provide a concentrated topical fluoride treatment for caries prevention
 - C. To relieve tooth sensitivity
 - D. To seal dental restorations
- 9. What literary technique involves comparing and contrasting different characters or ideas?
 - A. Foreshadowing
 - B. Malapropism
 - C. Juxtaposition
 - D. Hyperbole
- 10. How can regular dental examinations contribute to oral health?
 - A. They only focus on teeth whitening
 - B. They help detect potential problems early
 - C. They eliminate the need for brushing
 - D. They are only necessary for those with dental issues

Answers



- 1. B 2. B 3. A 4. A 5. B 6. B 7. C 8. B 9. C 10. B

Explanations



1. What can cause periodontal disease if not properly managed?

- A. Excessive brushing
- B. Poor oral hygiene
- C. Frequent dental visits
- D. Consumption of hard foods

Poor oral hygiene is a primary factor that can lead to the development of periodontal disease if not properly managed. The accumulation of plaque and tartar due to inadequate brushing and flossing creates an environment where harmful bacteria can thrive, leading to inflammation of the gums (gingivitis) and, if left untreated, progression to periodontitis, which involves the loss of supporting structures of the teeth, potentially resulting in tooth loss. Maintaining appropriate oral hygiene practices, such as brushing at least twice a day, flossing daily, and using antibacterial mouthwash, helps to eliminate food particles and plaque buildup. This control of oral bacteria is crucial in preventing the onset and progression of periodontal disease. The impact of other options varies; while excessive brushing can potentially cause gum recession or enamel wear, it does not directly lead to periodontal disease. Regular dental visits are a preventive measure that aids in the early detection and management of periodontal issues, while the consumption of hard foods is not a significant factor for the disease's occurrence but may affect dental fractures or damage. Thus, the emphasis on poor oral hygiene as a primary cause is key to understanding the underlying mechanisms of periodontal disease.

2. What is a common symptom of temporomandibular joint disorder (TMJD)?

- A. Headaches
- B. Jaw pain or clicking sounds
- C. Neck stiffness
- D. Ear ringing

Jaw pain or clicking sounds are hallmark symptoms of temporomandibular joint disorder (TMJD). This disorder affects the temporomandibular joint, which connects the jaw to the skull, and is often characterized by discomfort or pain in this area. Patients frequently report a sensation of their jaw "locking" or making clicking or popping noises when they move it, which indicates dysfunction of the joint mechanics. This symptom arises due to issues such as misalignment, arthritis, or muscle tension associated with the joint. The other symptoms mentioned, while they may be related to TMJD, are not as definitive. Headaches can also occur, often as a secondary effect of jaw tension, but they are not exclusive to TMJD. Neck stiffness can arise from muscle strain associated with the disorder but does not specifically identify TMJD. Ear ringing (tinnitus) may occur in some individuals with TMJD due to the proximity of the jaw joint to the ear, but it is not a primary symptom. Therefore, the presence of jaw pain or clicking is the most direct sign indicating TMJD.

3. Which health condition is strongly associated with oral health issues?

- A. Diabetes
- B. Hypertension
- C. Asthma
- D. Heart disease

Diabetes is strongly associated with oral health issues due to the way high blood sugar levels can affect both the body's healing processes and the health of the gums. Individuals with diabetes are at a higher risk for developing periodontal disease, which can result in inflammation, gum recession, and ultimately tooth loss if not managed properly. The condition can also lead to a decreased ability to fight infections, making oral health maintenance challenging. Moreover, people with uncontrolled diabetes often experience dry mouth, which can increase the likelihood of cavities and other oral issues. The interplay between diabetes and oral health creates a cyclical effect; poor oral health can lead to difficulties in controlling blood sugar levels, while poorly managed diabetes can exacerbate oral health problems. This relationship highlights the importance of dental care and regular check-ups for individuals with diabetes, as maintaining good oral hygiene can contribute to better overall health outcomes.

4. In literature, which of the following indicates a deeper meaning behind a character's actions?

- A. Subtext
- **B. Symbolism**
- C. Dialogue
- D. Foreshadowing

The correct answer is subtext, as it refers to the underlying meaning and context that are not directly expressed in the text. In literature, subtext often provides insights into a character's motives, emotions, and conflicts, allowing readers to comprehend nuances that the characters themselves might not explicitly express. This hidden layer enhances the narrative by adding depth to character interactions and actions, prompting readers to engage with and infer meaning beyond the surface dialogue or events. Symbolism relates to the use of symbols within the text to represent larger ideas or themes but does not directly address the nuances of character actions themselves. Dialogue serves as the spoken interaction between characters and may reveal information but may not always carry a deeper meaning. Foreshadowing is a literary device that hints at future events in the story, rather than providing an interpretation of current actions or motives. Each of these elements contributes to the richness of literature, but subtext specifically highlights the complexities of character behavior and emotional layers.

5. What is the primary goal of patient education in dental hygiene?

- A. To perform dental cleanings
- B. To promote oral health and prevent disease
- C. To schedule follow-up appointments
- D. To take X-rays and diagnose issues

The primary goal of patient education in dental hygiene is to promote oral health and prevent disease. This focus is essential because effective education empowers patients with the knowledge and skills necessary to maintain good oral hygiene practices at home. By understanding the importance of regular brushing, flossing, and dietary choices, patients can significantly reduce their risk of dental problems such as cavities, gum disease, and other oral health issues. Educating patients also fosters a proactive approach to oral health. When individuals are aware of potential risks and the consequences of neglecting oral hygiene, they are more likely to take preventive measures and seek regular dental care, thereby enhancing their overall well-being. While performing dental cleanings, scheduling follow-up appointments, and taking X-rays are all important functions within dental hygiene, these activities are more about treatment and management rather than the foundational goal of teaching patients how to care for their oral health effectively. Patient education serves as the cornerstone of a preventive dental care strategy, ultimately leading to healthier outcomes for individuals and communities.

6. What role does mRNA play in a cell?

- A. Transports amino acids
- B. Acts as the messenger between DNA and protein production
- C. Parts of the ribosome
- D. Regulates cellular processes

mRNA, or messenger RNA, plays a critical role in the process of protein synthesis within a cell. It serves as a bridge between DNA, which contains the genetic code, and the ribosomes, where proteins are synthesized. When a gene is expressed, the corresponding DNA sequence is transcribed into mRNA. This mRNA then carries the information from the DNA in the nucleus to the ribosomes in the cytoplasm, where translation occurs. During translation, the ribosome reads the sequence of mRNA in sets of three nucleotides, known as codons, and matches these codons to their corresponding amino acids, which are brought to the ribosome by transfer RNA (tRNA). This process ultimately leads to the production of a polypeptide chain that folds into a functional protein. Thus, the primary and most crucial function of mRNA is to act as the messenger that conveys genetic instructions for the synthesis of proteins.

7. Which comparison uses the words 'like' or 'as'?

- A. Metaphor
- **B.** Satire
- C. Simile
- D. Hyperbole

A simile is a figure of speech that directly compares two different things in order to highlight a similarity between them, using the words 'like' or 'as.' For example, saying "as brave as a lion" or "like a rose" creates vivid imagery by linking two distinct ideas through their shared characteristics. This technique is an effective way to enhance descriptions and make comparisons more relatable and easily understood. In contrast, a metaphor makes a comparison without using 'like' or 'as,' suggesting that one thing is another to create a more direct relationship. Satire is a literary device that uses humor, irony, or ridicule to criticize or mock, and hyperbole is an exaggerated statement not meant to be taken literally. These latter options do not involve the comparative structure that characterizes similes.

8. What is the primary goal of a fluoride varnish application?

- A. To whiten teeth
- B. To provide a concentrated topical fluoride treatment for caries prevention
- C. To relieve tooth sensitivity
- D. To seal dental restorations

The primary goal of a fluoride varnish application is to provide a concentrated topical fluoride treatment for caries prevention. Fluoride varnish is a form of topical fluoride that is applied to the teeth to enhance the remineralization of enamel and help in preventing cavities. It works by providing a high concentration of fluoride directly onto the tooth surface, which can effectively inhibit the demineralization process that leads to caries. When fluoride is applied in this form, it adheres to the teeth, allowing for a prolonged contact time, which enhances its effectiveness. This application is particularly beneficial for individuals who may be at higher risk for dental caries, such as children or those with a history of cavities. While fluoride varnish may also offer some benefits in terms of alleviating tooth sensitivity, the primary objective is centered on caries prevention through the application of fluoride. Whitening teeth and sealing dental restorations, while important aspects of dental care, are not the main aims of using fluoride varnish.

- 9. What literary technique involves comparing and contrasting different characters or ideas?
 - A. Foreshadowing
 - **B.** Malapropism
 - C. Juxtaposition
 - D. Hyperbole

Juxtaposition is the literary technique that involves placing two or more ideas, characters, or concepts side by side in order to highlight their differences, similarities, or unique characteristics. This technique is often used to create contrast, thereby enhancing the themes and deeper meanings within a narrative. By juxtaposing different characters or ideas, a writer can reveal insights about their personalities, motivations, or the situations they find themselves in, creating a more dynamic reading experience. In literary works, this can be illustrated through the direct comparison of characters with opposing traits or values, allowing readers to appreciate the complexity of the narrative and the development of themes. For instance, in storytelling, two characters who represent contrasting views or lifestyles can be placed together to emphasize the conflict or resolution within the plot. Other options such as foreshadowing, malapropism, and hyperbole serve different functions in literature. Foreshadowing hints at events to come, while malapropism involves the mistaken use of words, often for comedic effect. Hyperbole is an exaggerated statement meant to emphasize a point. These techniques do not inherently involve the act of comparing and contrasting in the way juxtaposition does.

10. How can regular dental examinations contribute to oral health?

- A. They only focus on teeth whitening
- B. They help detect potential problems early
- C. They eliminate the need for brushing
- D. They are only necessary for those with dental issues

Regular dental examinations play a critical role in maintaining and enhancing oral health by helping detect potential problems early. During these exams, dental professionals can identify issues such as cavities, gum disease, and other oral health concerns that may not be visible or noticeable to patients. Early detection is key in preventing more serious complications that could require extensive treatment later on. These examinations also allow the dentist to provide personalized advice on preventive care, addressing any areas that may need improvement in a patient's oral hygiene routine. By catching problems in their infancy, patients can avoid more invasive procedures and maintain better overall health-since oral health can significantly impact systemic health. Other options highlight misconceptions related to dental examinations. They do not simply focus on aesthetic treatments like teeth whitening, nor do they eliminate the necessity of proper oral hygiene practices such as brushing. Additionally, dental examinations are vital for everyone, not just those currently experiencing dental issues; preventive care is essential for maintaining long-term oral health for all individuals.