

ACQ 1010 FUNDAMENTALS OF SYSTEMS ACQUISITION MANAGEMENT PRACTICE TEST (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



SAMPLE STUDY GUIDE WITH LIMITED QUESTIONS

VISIT US ONLINE FOR
THE FULL VERSION STUDY GUIDE

<https://acq1010.examzify.com>



Copyright © 2026 by Examzify - A Kaluba Technologies Inc. product.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

No part of this book may be reproduced or transferred in any form or by any means, graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, web distribution, taping, or by any information storage retrieval system, without the written permission of the author.

Notice: Examzify makes every reasonable effort to obtain accurate, complete, and timely information about this product from reliable sources.

SAMPLE

Table of Contents

Copyright	1
Table of Contents	2
Introduction	3
How to Use This Guide	4
Questions	5
Answers	8
Explanations	10
Next Steps	16

SAMPLE

Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

SAMPLE

- 1. Which document outlines the responsibilities for all program protection activities?**
 - A. Program Protection Plan (PPP)
 - B. Capstone Threat Assessment (CTA)
 - C. Defense Acquisition Strategy
 - D. Intelligence Support Plan
- 2. Which organization is responsible for centralized management of DoD Counterintelligence activities?**
 - A. Director, Defense Intelligence Agency
 - B. Department of Homeland Security
 - C. Federal Bureau of Investigation
 - D. National Security Agency
- 3. In systems acquisition, what is emphasized through the lessons learned process?**
 - A. Financial management strategies
 - B. Future improvements in acquisitions
 - C. Vendor compliance checks
 - D. Initial project phase assessments
- 4. What is the primary responsibility of the Requirements Manager in systems acquisition?**
 - A. Budget analysis
 - B. Operational requirements documentation
 - C. System design oversight
 - D. Training program development
- 5. Why is Market Research indispensable in the acquisition process?**
 - A. It helps determine the project's budget
 - B. It identifies suitable technologies and capabilities
 - C. It ensures contract compliance
 - D. It aids in team formation and roles assignment

6. Which system is used to create the Acquisition Program Baseline (APB)?

- A. Federal Acquisition Data System
- B. Defense Acquisition Management Information Retrieval (DAMIR)
- C. Government Accountability Office
- D. Department of Defense Financial Management

7. Which barrier is commonly faced in global supply chains during acquisition?

- A. Supply chain optimization
- B. Labor cost variances
- C. Communication barriers
- D. Standardization of processes

8. What is the full form of ODNI?

- A. Office of the Director National Intelligence
- B. Office of Defense and National Integration
- C. Office of Digital Networking Infrastructure
- D. Office of Defense National Intelligence

9. Define Market Research in the acquisition process.

- A. The process of evaluating budget allocations for projects
- B. The evaluation of industry capabilities and technologies
- C. The analysis of user feedback after system deployment
- D. The study of competitor pricing strategies

10. What is the main purpose of the Systems Engineering Process in acquisition?

- A. To ensure efficient allocation of resources
- B. To meet user needs throughout the system's lifecycle
- C. To improve stakeholder communication
- D. To manage contractor relationships

Answers

SAMPLE

1. A
2. A
3. B
4. B
5. B
6. B
7. C
8. A
9. B
10. B

SAMPLE

Explanations

SAMPLE

1. Which document outlines the responsibilities for all program protection activities?

A. Program Protection Plan (PPP)

B. Capstone Threat Assessment (CTA)

C. Defense Acquisition Strategy

D. Intelligence Support Plan

The Program Protection Plan (PPP) is the correct choice because it is specifically designed to outline the responsibilities and methodologies for all program protection activities within a defense program. The PPP provides a comprehensive strategy for ensuring that a system is protected against threats throughout its lifecycle, detailing required actions and assigning responsibilities for risk assessments, technology security, and threat mitigation efforts. By establishing clear responsibilities and procedures, the PPP ensures that all stakeholders understand their roles in protecting the system from potential vulnerabilities, including adverse effects from technological advancements, foreign intelligence threats, and insider risks. This document serves as a framework for implementing protective measures and securing sensitive program information, making it critical for effective program management in systems acquisition. Other documents mentioned do serve important functions within the acquisition process but do not focus specifically on outlining program protection activities. For instance, the Capstone Threat Assessment (CTA) identifies potential adversary threats and their capabilities but does not assign responsibilities related to program protection. The Defense Acquisition Strategy addresses overall strategy and resource allocation for a program but lacks the specific focus on program protection activities that the PPP provides. Lastly, the Intelligence Support Plan is aimed at coordinating intelligence efforts rather than detailing the specific responsibilities associated with program protection.

2. Which organization is responsible for centralized management of DoD Counterintelligence activities?

A. Director, Defense Intelligence Agency

B. Department of Homeland Security

C. Federal Bureau of Investigation

D. National Security Agency

The Director, Defense Intelligence Agency (DIA) is responsible for centralized management of Department of Defense (DoD) Counterintelligence activities. This role includes overseeing and coordinating the counterintelligence efforts across various defense sectors to protect national security interests. The DIA provides the necessary intelligence support and analysis to ensure that counterintelligence measures are effectively integrated and implemented within DoD operations. Centralized management is crucial for ensuring consistency in policies and practices across different branches of the military and various defense agencies. The DIA's leadership in this domain allows for more efficient resource allocation, better strategic planning, and a more unified approach to addressing threats related to espionage or other forms of intelligence compromise. Other organizations, while significant in national security roles, do not specifically focus on the centralized management of DoD counterintelligence activities. For example, the Department of Homeland Security primarily deals with domestic security and counterterrorism, while the FBI has a broader mandate encompassing federal law enforcement, including counterintelligence, but is not focused solely on DoD activities. The National Security Agency is primarily responsible for signal intelligence and may support counterintelligence efforts, but it is not the lead agency for DoD Counterintelligence.

3. In systems acquisition, what is emphasized through the lessons learned process?

- A. Financial management strategies
- B. Future improvements in acquisitions**
- C. Vendor compliance checks
- D. Initial project phase assessments

The correct answer highlights that the lessons learned process in systems acquisition focuses on identifying areas for future improvements in acquisitions. This process involves reflecting on past projects to determine what worked well and what didn't, ensuring that organizations can enhance their practices and avoid repeating mistakes. By analyzing previous outcomes, organizations can develop insights that inform decision-making and strategy adjustments, leading to more effective and efficient future acquisitions. This continuous learning approach is essential in the field of systems acquisition as it fosters an environment where knowledge gained from experience is leveraged to enhance processes. This contributes to better risk management, improved performance outcomes, and the overall success of future projects, ultimately leading to greater satisfaction among stakeholders and improved resource allocation. While financial management strategies, vendor compliance checks, and initial project phase assessments are important aspects of systems acquisition, they do not encapsulate the broader goal of fostering ongoing improvement that the lessons learned process aims to achieve.

4. What is the primary responsibility of the Requirements Manager in systems acquisition?

- A. Budget analysis
- B. Operational requirements documentation**
- C. System design oversight
- D. Training program development

The primary responsibility of the Requirements Manager in systems acquisition is to ensure that operational requirements are clearly defined, documented, and communicated throughout the acquisition process. This role is critical because the Requirements Manager serves as the bridge between stakeholder needs and the technical solutions being developed. By focusing on operational requirements documentation, the Requirements Manager helps to guarantee that systems meet the needs of the end-users and align with the overall mission objectives. An effective Requirements Manager works to gather and articulate these requirements, ensuring they reflect current capabilities, user needs, and any regulatory or compliance requirements. They play a crucial role in maintaining clarity and consensus among stakeholders, which is key to successfully executing systems acquisition projects. While other roles related to budget, system design, and training are important in their own right, they do not encompass the core function of clarifying and maintaining operational requirements, which is essential for the success of the acquisition process.

5. Why is Market Research indispensable in the acquisition process?

- A. It helps determine the project's budget
- B. It identifies suitable technologies and capabilities**
- C. It ensures contract compliance
- D. It aids in team formation and roles assignment

Market research is indispensable in the acquisition process primarily because it identifies suitable technologies and capabilities that are available in the marketplace. This essential activity provides insights into what products, services, and innovations exist that can meet the needs of the project. By conducting thorough market research, acquisition managers can gain an understanding of suppliers, industry standards, and technological advancements, which helps ensure that the acquisition strategy aligns with the current capabilities of the market. This knowledge enables decision-makers to make informed choices about which solutions to pursue, potentially leading to more efficient and effective outcomes. By spotting relevant technologies early in the planning stages, organizations can avoid pitfalls associated with outdated or inadequate solutions. Consequently, effective market research significantly reduces the risk of project failure and enhances the overall success of the acquisition process.

6. Which system is used to create the Acquisition Program Baseline (APB)?

- A. Federal Acquisition Data System
- B. Defense Acquisition Management Information Retrieval (DAMIR)**
- C. Government Accountability Office
- D. Department of Defense Financial Management

The Defense Acquisition Management Information Retrieval (DAMIR) system is specifically designed to support the management of the defense acquisition process, which includes the creation and maintenance of the Acquisition Program Baseline (APB). The APB is a critical document that establishes the key parameters of an acquisition program, including cost, schedule, and performance objectives. By utilizing DAMIR, program managers and acquisition professionals can ensure that they have access to the necessary data and tools to effectively develop and track the APB throughout the lifecycle of the acquisition program. This system provides a centralized platform where relevant information can be stored, retrieved, and managed, enhancing communication and decision-making processes among stakeholders in defense acquisition. It is tailored for the needs of the Department of Defense, which involves complex and large-scale acquisition projects, thereby making it the appropriate choice for generating the APB. The other options, while related to government and defense functions, do not specifically focus on the creation or management of the APB in the same way that DAMIR does. The Federal Acquisition Data System and the Department of Defense Financial Management deal with broader aspects of acquisition and financial oversight, while the Government Accountability Office primarily focuses on auditing and evaluation rather than the operational management of acquisition programs.

7. Which barrier is commonly faced in global supply chains during acquisition?

- A. Supply chain optimization
- B. Labor cost variances
- C. Communication barriers**
- D. Standardization of processes

Communication barriers are indeed a significant challenge in global supply chains during acquisition. The complexities inherent in managing a supply chain that spans multiple countries often lead to misunderstandings and miscommunications, which can hinder effective collaboration. Diverse languages, cultural differences, and varying communication styles can create obstacles that affect coordination among stakeholders, including suppliers, manufacturers, and logistics providers. When participants in the supply chain cannot communicate effectively, it can result in delays, errors in order fulfillment, and a lack of alignment on roles and responsibilities. This ultimately impacts the efficiency and effectiveness of the acquisition process. As global supply chains become more interconnected, addressing communication barriers is crucial to ensure smooth operations and maintain competitive advantage. Other aspects such as supply chain optimization, labor cost variances, and standardization of processes, while important, do not encompass the same immediate challenge to collaboration as communication barriers do. They often relate more to operational effectiveness or cost management rather than the fundamental need for clear and effective dialogue among supply chain participants.

8. What is the full form of ODNI?

- A. Office of the Director National Intelligence**
- B. Office of Defense and National Integration
- C. Office of Digital Networking Infrastructure
- D. Office of Defense National Intelligence

The full form of ODNI is the Office of the Director of National Intelligence. This organization is critical in coordinating and overseeing the United States Intelligence Community, which consists of various agencies responsible for gathering and analyzing national security information. The ODNI aims to ensure that intelligence efforts are integrated and that they effectively support national security objectives. This role is significant in unifying the intelligence efforts of different agencies and providing intelligence assessments to the President and policymakers. Understanding the correct answer reinforces knowledge about U.S. intelligence structures and their functions, which is essential for those studying systems acquisition management, as effective decision-making often relies on accurate intelligence.

9. Define Market Research in the acquisition process.

- A. The process of evaluating budget allocations for projects
- B. The evaluation of industry capabilities and technologies**
- C. The analysis of user feedback after system deployment
- D. The study of competitor pricing strategies

Market research in the acquisition process is fundamentally about understanding the capabilities and technologies available within the industry. This involves collecting and analyzing data on what products or services exist, how they function, the readiness and suitability of different technologies, and the capacity of potential suppliers to meet the agency's requirements. When conducting market research, one aims to identify trends, innovations, and potential challenges within the marketplace. This understanding informs decision-making processes, particularly in determining what solutions could effectively meet needs, ensuring that the acquisition strategy is aligned with available technologies and capabilities. This process is crucial for effective planning, risk management, and the successful execution of acquisition strategies. In contrast, evaluating budget allocations refers to financial planning without a focus on the industry landscape, analyzing user feedback pertains to post-deployment assessments rather than initial research before selection, and studying competitor pricing strategies focuses on competitive positioning rather than understanding the capabilities that can fulfill identified needs. Each of these areas, while important, does not directly address the core objective of market research in the context of the acquisition process as defined by industry capabilities and technologies.

10. What is the main purpose of the Systems Engineering Process in acquisition?

- A. To ensure efficient allocation of resources
- B. To meet user needs throughout the system's lifecycle**
- C. To improve stakeholder communication
- D. To manage contractor relationships

The main purpose of the Systems Engineering Process in acquisition is to meet user needs throughout the system's lifecycle. This involves a comprehensive approach to understanding user requirements and ensuring that these needs are continuously addressed as the system is designed, developed, implemented, and maintained. Systems engineering focuses on integrating various technical and management processes to produce a system that fulfills its intended purpose while being responsive to the evolving requirements of users. By emphasizing the importance of user needs, the systems engineering process promotes a structured and systematic method of assessing user input, translating it into functional requirements, and ensuring that those requirements are met throughout the system's lifespan. This promotes a continuous feedback loop, allowing for adjustments and refinements to the system as it evolves over time. The other options, while relevant to different aspects of acquisition management, do not capture the primary objective of systems engineering, which specifically prioritizes aligning the system's capabilities with user needs from inception through disposal.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://acq1010.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

SAMPLE