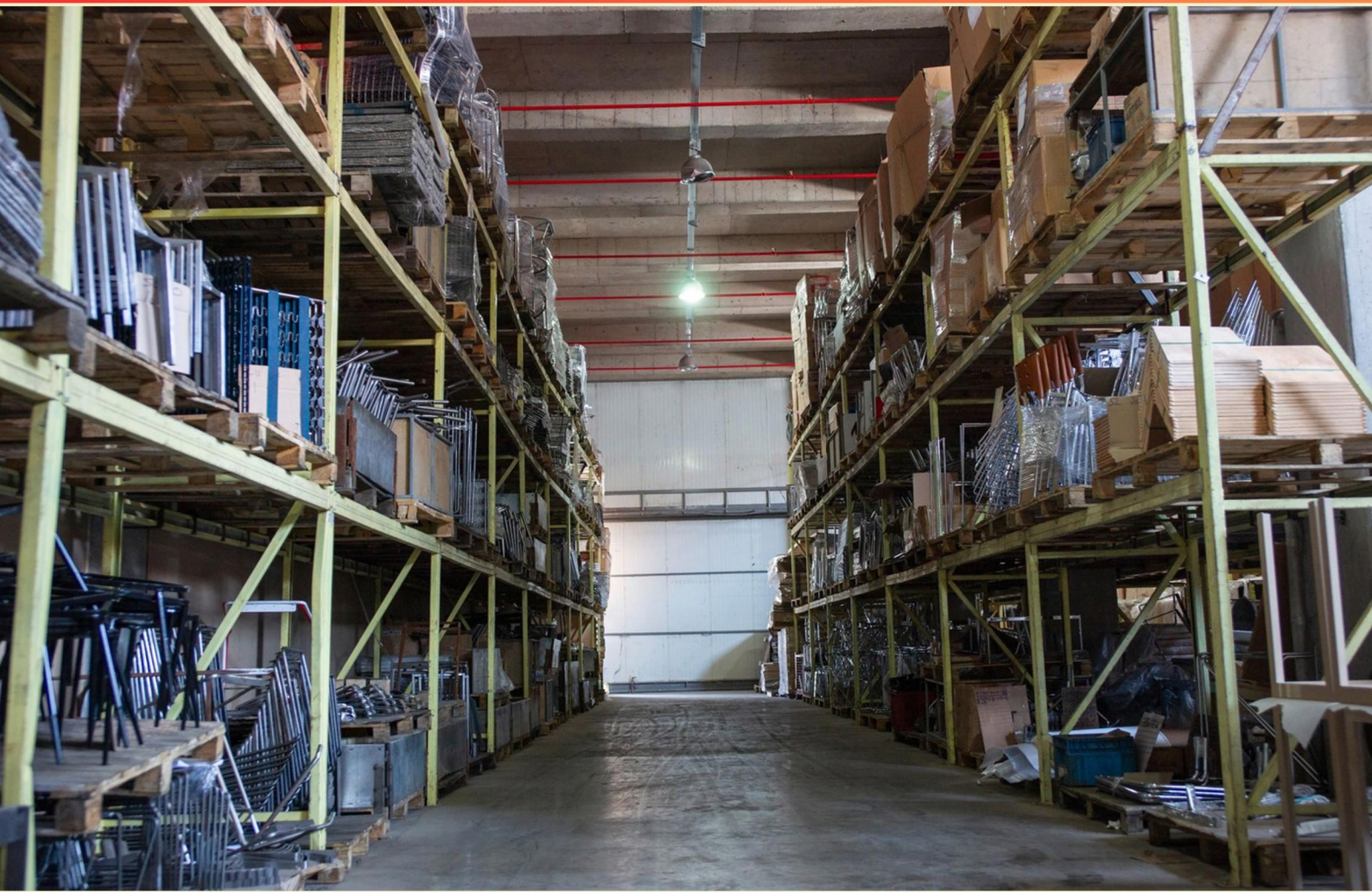


92Y SUPPLY ACTIVE GUARD RESERVE (AGR) PRACTICE EXAM (SAMPLE)

STUDY GUIDE



Prepare with structure. Pass with confidence



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Table of Contents

Copyright	1
Table of Contents	2
Introduction	3
How to Use This Guide	4
Questions	5
Answers	8
Explanations	10
Next Steps	15

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Introduction

Preparing for a certification exam can feel overwhelming, but with the right tools, it becomes an opportunity to build confidence, sharpen your skills, and move one step closer to your goals. At Examzify, we believe that effective exam preparation isn't just about memorization, it's about understanding the material, identifying knowledge gaps, and building the test-taking strategies that lead to success.

This guide was designed to help you do exactly that.

Whether you're preparing for a licensing exam, professional certification, or entry-level qualification, this book offers structured practice to reinforce key concepts. You'll find a wide range of multiple-choice questions, each followed by clear explanations to help you understand not just the right answer, but why it's correct.

The content in this guide is based on real-world exam objectives and aligned with the types of questions and topics commonly found on official tests. It's ideal for learners who want to:

- Practice answering questions under realistic conditions,
- Improve accuracy and speed,
- Review explanations to strengthen weak areas, and
- Approach the exam with greater confidence.

We recommend using this book not as a stand-alone study tool, but alongside other resources like flashcards, textbooks, or hands-on training. For best results, we recommend working through each question, reflecting on the explanation provided, and revisiting the topics that challenge you most.

Remember: successful test preparation isn't about getting every question right the first time, it's about learning from your mistakes and improving over time. Stay focused, trust the process, and know that every page you turn brings you closer to success.

Let's begin.

How to Use This Guide

This guide is designed to help you study more effectively and approach your exam with confidence. Whether you're reviewing for the first time or doing a final refresh, here's how to get the most out of your Examzify study guide:

1. Start with a Diagnostic Review

Skim through the questions to get a sense of what you know and what you need to focus on. Your goal is to identify knowledge gaps early.

2. Study in Short, Focused Sessions

Break your study time into manageable blocks (e.g. 30 – 45 minutes). Review a handful of questions, reflect on the explanations.

3. Learn from the Explanations

After answering a question, always read the explanation, even if you got it right. It reinforces key points, corrects misunderstandings, and teaches subtle distinctions between similar answers.

4. Track Your Progress

Use bookmarks or notes (if reading digitally) to mark difficult questions. Revisit these regularly and track improvements over time.

5. Simulate the Real Exam

Once you're comfortable, try taking a full set of questions without pausing. Set a timer and simulate test-day conditions to build confidence and time management skills.

6. Repeat and Review

Don't just study once, repetition builds retention. Re-attempt questions after a few days and revisit explanations to reinforce learning. Pair this guide with other Examzify tools like flashcards, and digital practice tests to strengthen your preparation across formats.

There's no single right way to study, but consistent, thoughtful effort always wins. Use this guide flexibly, adapt the tips above to fit your pace and learning style. You've got this!

Questions

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- 1. Which regulation outlines the Army Physical Security Program?**
 - A. AR 710-2
 - B. AR 190-11
 - C. AR 190-13
 - D. AR 190-51
- 2. What is the focus of AR 190-11?**
 - A. Physical security of arms, ammunition and explosive
 - B. Security of classified documents
 - C. Management of military correspondence
 - D. Army food program regulations
- 3. How often should supply records and basis-of-issue plans be reviewed?**
 - A. Continuously, with no set schedule
 - B. Regularly, usually annually or when significant changes occur
 - C. Only during audits or inspections
 - D. Every five years or as needed
- 4. Which form is known as the strength and feeder report?**
 - A. DA Form 4697
 - B. DA Form 5913
 - C. DD Form 200
 - D. DD Form 250
- 5. Medical materials in military supply include which of the following?**
 - A. Durable items
 - B. Repair parts for medical equipment
 - C. Food and personal items
 - D. Non-expendable property
- 6. Which facility is referred to as CIF?**
 - A. Central issue facility
 - B. Combat Inventory Fund
 - C. Centralized Inventory Function
 - D. Common Issue Function

- 7. What training is required for ensuring compliance with supply regulations?**
- A. Advanced military leadership training
 - B. Regular training on supply regulation updates
 - C. Physical fitness training
 - D. Strategic planning workshops
- 8. What is the primary responsibility of unit supply sergeants in the AGR program?**
- A. Manage personnel training and development
 - B. Coordinate logistics and supply operations
 - C. Supervise combat operations
 - D. Conduct psychological evaluations
- 9. What does the abbreviation AMO stand for in the context of military supply?**
- A. Ammunition Maintenance Organization
 - B. Authorized Maintenance Officer
 - C. Advanced Military Operations
 - D. Assured Maintenance Objectives
- 10. What type of property is classified as expendable?**
- A. Durable items
 - B. Products that are generally consumed
 - C. Repair parts for vehicles
 - D. Heavy machinery

Answers

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1. C
2. A
3. B
4. B
5. B
6. A
7. B
8. B
9. B
10. B

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Explanations

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1. Which regulation outlines the Army Physical Security Program?

- A. AR 710-2
- B. AR 190-11
- C. AR 190-13**
- D. AR 190-51

The regulation that outlines the Army Physical Security Program is AR 190-13. This regulation provides comprehensive guidance and procedures related to physical security, including the protection of Army personnel, property, and facilities. It emphasizes the need for establishing and maintaining a secure environment through effective physical security measures, which are crucial for ensuring the safety and readiness of Army operations. AR 190-13 covers various aspects of physical security, including the responsibilities of personnel, the implementation of security measures, and the assessment of vulnerabilities. It also addresses the importance of training and awareness programs to ensure that all personnel understand their role in maintaining a secure environment. In contrast, the other options pertain to different aspects of Army regulations. For instance, AR 710-2 deals with supply policy and accounting for Army property. AR 190-11 addresses the security of arms, ammunition, and explosives, while AR 190-51 focuses on the security of Army installations. Each of these regulations plays a critical role in the Army's overall security strategy, but AR 190-13 specifically outlines the framework for the Physical Security Program.

2. What is the focus of AR 190-11?

- A. Physical security of arms, ammunition and explosive**
- B. Security of classified documents
- C. Management of military correspondence
- D. Army food program regulations

The focus of AR 190-11 is the physical security of arms, ammunition, and explosives. This regulation outlines the responsibilities and procedures necessary to safeguard these critical military assets. It provides guidelines and standards for securing these items to prevent theft, loss, or accidental discharge, which could pose significant risks to personnel and operations. The regulation emphasizes the importance of establishing secure storage facilities, access controls, and regular inspections to maintain the integrity of arms and munitions. In contrast, the other options pertain to different areas of military operations that are not the primary focus of AR 190-11. Security of classified documents falls under different regulations concerning information security, management of military correspondence deals with administrative processes, and Army food program regulations address supply chain and quality control for food services rather than the physical security aspect emphasized in AR 190-11.

3. How often should supply records and basis-of-issue plans be reviewed?

- A. Continuously, with no set schedule
- B. Regularly, usually annually or when significant changes occur**
- C. Only during audits or inspections
- D. Every five years or as needed

The correct approach for reviewing supply records and basis-of-issue plans is regular evaluation, typically on an annual basis or whenever significant changes occur. This practice ensures that the information remains accurate and relevant in response to current operations, needs, and regulations. Conducting an annual review allows for a systematic check to identify any discrepancies or outdated information that could affect supply chain effectiveness. Additionally, reviewing these records during significant changes—such as organizational restructuring, updates to mission requirements, or alterations in procurement processes—ensures that the data aligns with current operational requirements and resource allocation. This approach balances the need for ongoing monitoring with the practicality of not overwhelming supply personnel with constant review tasks, which could lead to oversight and burnout. Regular reviews contribute to maintaining readiness and accountability within supply operations, which is crucial for effective management in any military or organizational context.

4. Which form is known as the strength and feeder report?

- A. DA Form 4697
- B. DA Form 5913**
- C. DD Form 200
- D. DD Form 250

The form known as the strength and feeder report is DA Form 5913. This report is used to provide a summary of the personnel strength within a unit, detailing the personnel available and needed to meet the operational requirements. DA Form 5913 is crucial for tracking and managing unit readiness and staffing, ensuring that commanders have the necessary information to make informed decisions regarding personnel allocations and readiness levels. Other forms mentioned do not serve this specific purpose. For example, DA Form 4697 is utilized for reporting casualty information, while DD Form 200 is designed for documenting the investigation of property loss or damage. Similarly, DD Form 250 is primarily associated with shipping or billing for materials and services. Thus, DA Form 5913 stands out as the dedicated form for reporting personnel strength and feeder information within military units.

5. Medical materials in military supply include which of the following?

- A. Durable items
- B. Repair parts for medical equipment**
- C. Food and personal items
- D. Non-expendable property

Medical materials in military supply encompass a variety of items necessary for maintaining and supporting medical operations. Repair parts for medical equipment are crucial because they ensure that essential medical devices function properly. The medical field requires reliable equipment to provide effective treatment and care to personnel, and having access to repair parts facilitates maintenance and reduces downtime for critical devices. Durable items, food and personal items, as well as non-expendable property, while important in military supply, do not specifically fall under the category of medical materials. Durable items typically refer to equipment that can withstand repeated use, while food and personal items serve broader logistical needs beyond the medical context. Non-expendable property describes items that are not intended to be consumed and can be used repeatedly. However, repair parts for medical equipment directly address the operational capability of medical units, making this choice the most relevant to the question.

6. Which facility is referred to as CIF?

- A. Central issue facility**
- B. Combat Inventory Fund
- C. Centralized Inventory Function
- D. Common Issue Function

The correct answer is the Central Issue Facility, commonly abbreviated as CIF. This term refers to a logistical entity within military supply chains responsible for the issuing of equipment and supplies to service members. CIFs are crucial for ensuring that troops have access to necessary gear and maintain operational readiness. They manage the inventory, including uniforms, personal protective equipment, and other essential items. The term reflects the facility's function of centralizing the issue process for military supplies, making it easier for units to receive the resources they need efficiently. Understanding the role of the Central Issue Facility is important for anyone involved in military logistics or supply chain operations, as it underscores the streamlined approach taken to support personnel readiness and operational effectiveness.

7. What training is required for ensuring compliance with supply regulations?

- A. Advanced military leadership training
- B. Regular training on supply regulation updates**
- C. Physical fitness training
- D. Strategic planning workshops

The requirement for regular training on supply regulation updates is crucial for ensuring compliance with supply regulations. This ongoing education helps personnel stay informed about the latest policies, procedures, and any changes that may occur in supply management. It emphasizes the need for understanding both current regulations and practices, which can directly affect operational readiness and efficiency. In the context of supply management, compliance is fundamental as it ensures that all processes adhere to established guidelines, reducing the risk of errors or violations that could lead to administrative issues or supply chain disruptions. Regularly scheduled training on updates equips supply personnel with the necessary knowledge to effectively manage resources, maintain accountability, and fulfill their roles properly within the military supply chain system. This continuous learning process is vital in a field that is often subject to new policies, regulatory updates, and best practices. Keeping personnel well-informed through regular training sessions ensures that they can adapt to changes and uphold the standards required by military operations.

8. What is the primary responsibility of unit supply sergeants in the AGR program?

- A. Manage personnel training and development
- B. Coordinate logistics and supply operations**
- C. Supervise combat operations
- D. Conduct psychological evaluations

The primary responsibility of unit supply sergeants in the AGR program is to coordinate logistics and supply operations. This role is crucial as it ensures that the unit is adequately equipped with the necessary supplies and materials to function effectively. Supply sergeants manage the inventory, requisition supplies, and ensure that the unit meets its operational requirements. In the context of the AGR program, which focuses on maintaining readiness and support for the active-duty forces, the role of the supply sergeant becomes even more centralized. They work to streamline supply chain processes and maintain effective communication with various logistical support channels, contributing to the overall mission readiness of their unit. This emphasis on logistics and supply operations highlights the critical function supply sergeants play in enabling their units to perform efficiently, rather than being involved in other roles such as personnel training, combat supervision, or psychological evaluations, which fall outside the core focus of supply management.

9. What does the abbreviation AMO stand for in the context of military supply?

- A. Ammunition Maintenance Organization
- B. Authorized Maintenance Officer**
- C. Advanced Military Operations
- D. Assured Maintenance Objectives

In the context of military supply, the abbreviation AMO stands for Authorized Maintenance Officer. This term refers to the individual or position tasked with overseeing maintenance operations to ensure that equipment is properly maintained and meets operational readiness standards. An Authorized Maintenance Officer plays a critical role in the supply chain by coordinating maintenance activities, managing resources, and ensuring compliance with regulations and procedures related to military assets. This position is vital for maintaining the effectiveness and reliability of equipment in the field, which is essential for mission success. While the other options present plausible terms relevant to military operations, they do not accurately reflect the established meaning of the abbreviation AMO in this context. For instance, Ammunition Maintenance Organization refers to a unit responsible for handling and maintaining munitions; however, it doesn't capture the essence of the AMO as it pertains to maintenance oversight. Similarly, Advanced Military Operations and Assured Maintenance Objectives could relate to military functions, but they do not represent the specific role of an Authorized Maintenance Officer in military supply operations.

10. What type of property is classified as expendable?

- A. Durable items
- B. Products that are generally consumed**
- C. Repair parts for vehicles
- D. Heavy machinery

Expendable property refers to items that are typically consumed or used up during use and are not intended for prolonged life or repeated use. This includes items such as food, office supplies, and certain maintenance products that are used until they are depleted. The classification of property into categories like expendable or non-expendable helps organizations manage inventory efficiently. Items that fall under the expendable category are disposed of or consumed after a single use or a limited number of uses, which is a critical aspect in logistics and supply chain management. In contrast, durable items, repair parts for vehicles, and heavy machinery are considered non-expendable because they are designed for repeated use over time and can generally be repaired or maintained rather than consumed completely in one transaction. This distinction is vital for tracking and management within supply chain logistics, as it influences procurement, storage, and maintenance practices.

Next Steps

Congratulations on reaching the final section of this guide. You've taken a meaningful step toward passing your certification exam and advancing your career.

As you continue preparing, remember that consistent practice, review, and self-reflection are key to success. Make time to revisit difficult topics, simulate exam conditions, and track your progress along the way.

If you need help, have suggestions, or want to share feedback, we'd love to hear from you. Reach out to our team at hello@examzify.com.

Or visit your dedicated course page for more study tools and resources:

<https://92ysupplyagr.examzify.com>

We wish you the very best on your exam journey. You've got this!

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